

Attachment 1 – Region 1

REGION 1

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A. General Information

HIV/AIDS Status

Figure 1A.1: HIV/AIDS Status of Respondents (N=580)

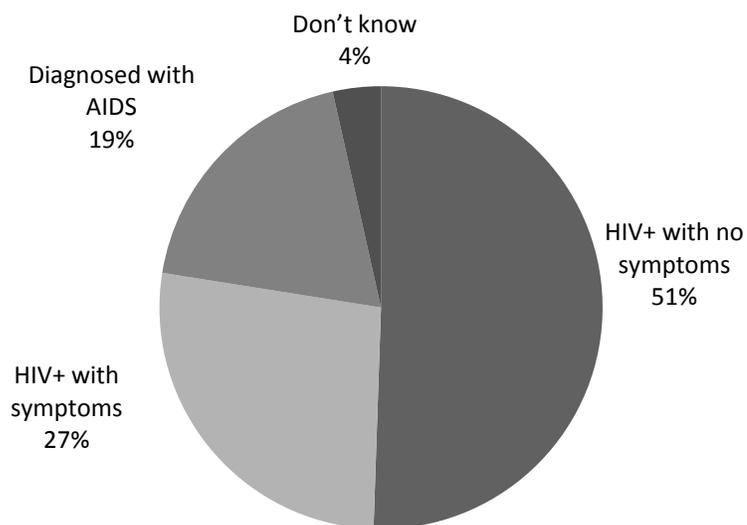


Table 1A.1: Length of Time Since HIV/AIDS Diagnosis

Years	HIV Infection (N=566)	AIDS Diagnosis (N=96)
0-1	11%	18%
2-4	15%	18%
5-9	27%	34%
10-14	20%	10%
15-19	17%	15%
20+	11%	5%
Total	100%	100%

Figure 1A.2: Respondents Living in Louisiana At Time of HIV Diagnosis (N=589)

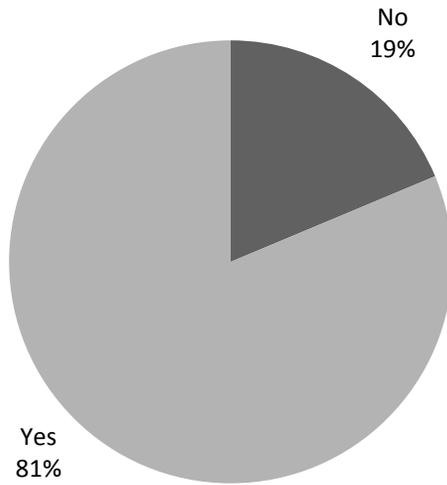


Table 1A.2: Place Where Respondents Were Told of HIV Diagnosis

Location	Number	Percent
HIV/AIDS CBO	103	18%
Hospital/ER	167	29%
Local health center	125	22%
Doctor's office	109	19%
Organization that provides other services	19	3%
Other	47	8%
Total	570	100

Background Characteristics

Figure 1A.3: Gender of Respondents (N=572)

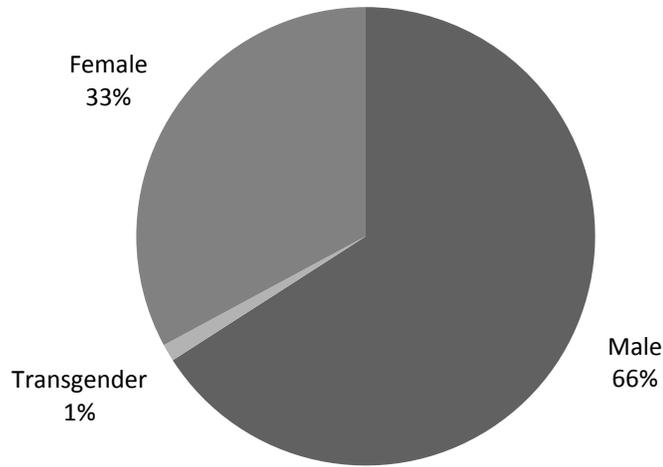
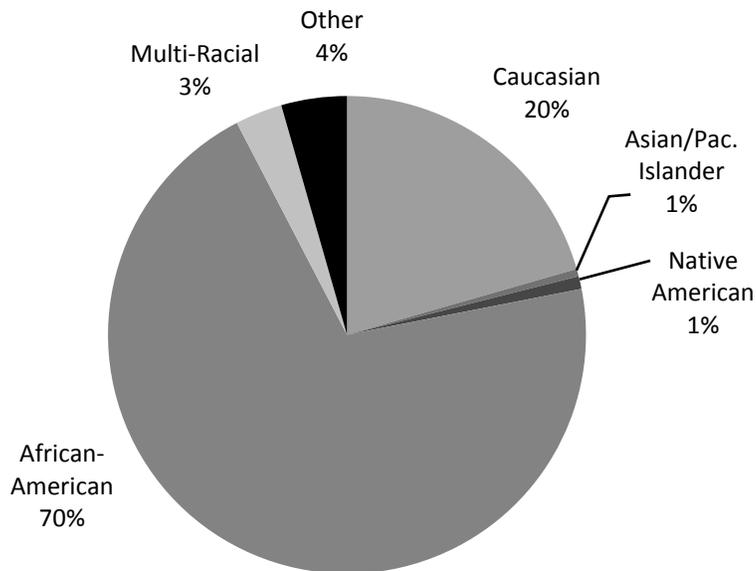


Figure 1A.4: Race of Respondents (N=566)



- 60 out of 466 (11%) respondents consider themselves to be Latino/a/Hispanic

Figure 1A.5: Age of Respondents (N=578)

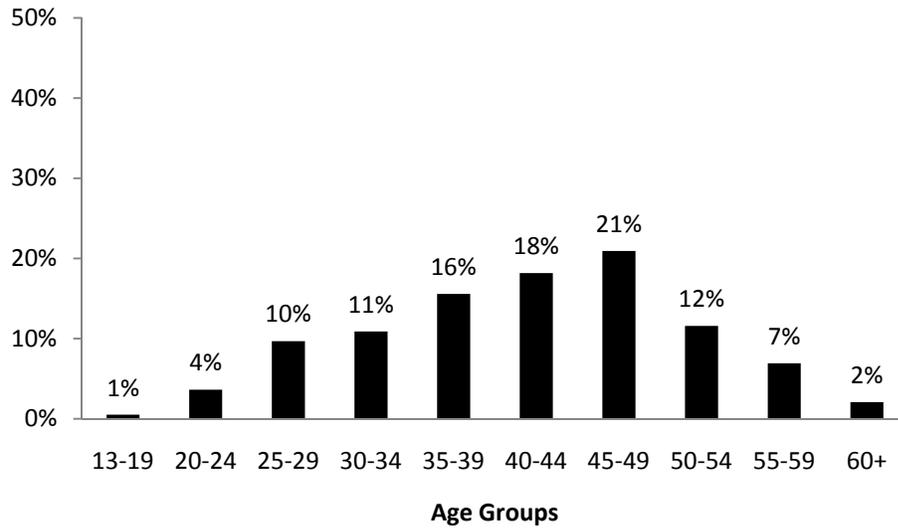


Figure 1A.6: Highest Level of Education Completed by Respondents (N=577)

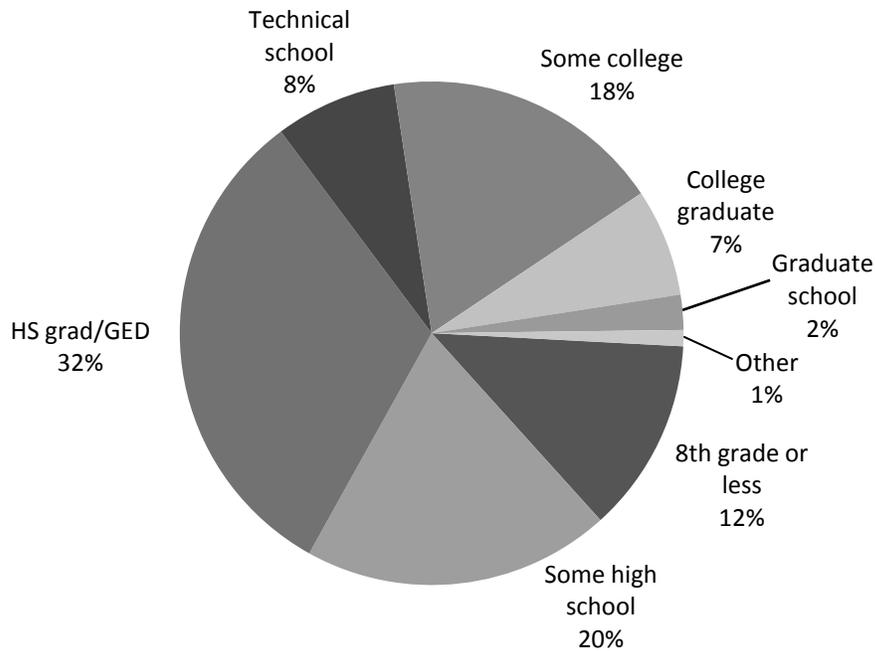


Figure 1A.7: Current Marital Status of Respondents (N=579)

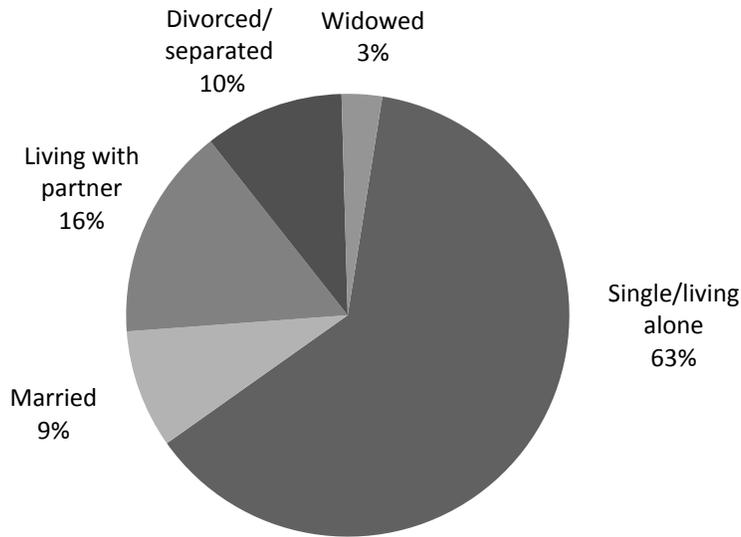
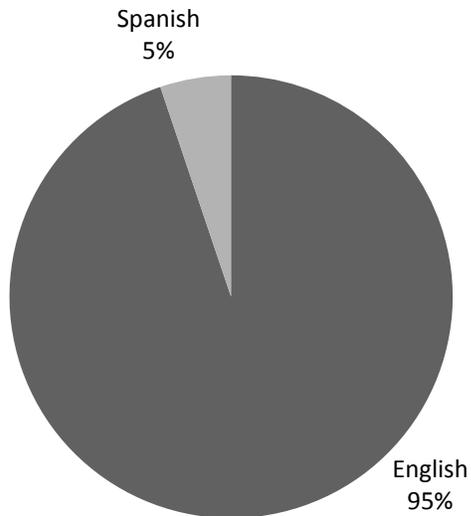


Figure 1A.8: Language Preference for Respondents (N=545)



- Less than half a percent reported preferring French or another language

Citizenship of Respondents

- 558 out of 586 (95%) are United States citizens.
- 16 out of the 25 (64%) respondents who reported not being United States citizens are living in the United States illegally.

B. Health Insurance, Employment, and Income

Health Insurance

Figure 1B.1: Health Insurance Needs and Services Used

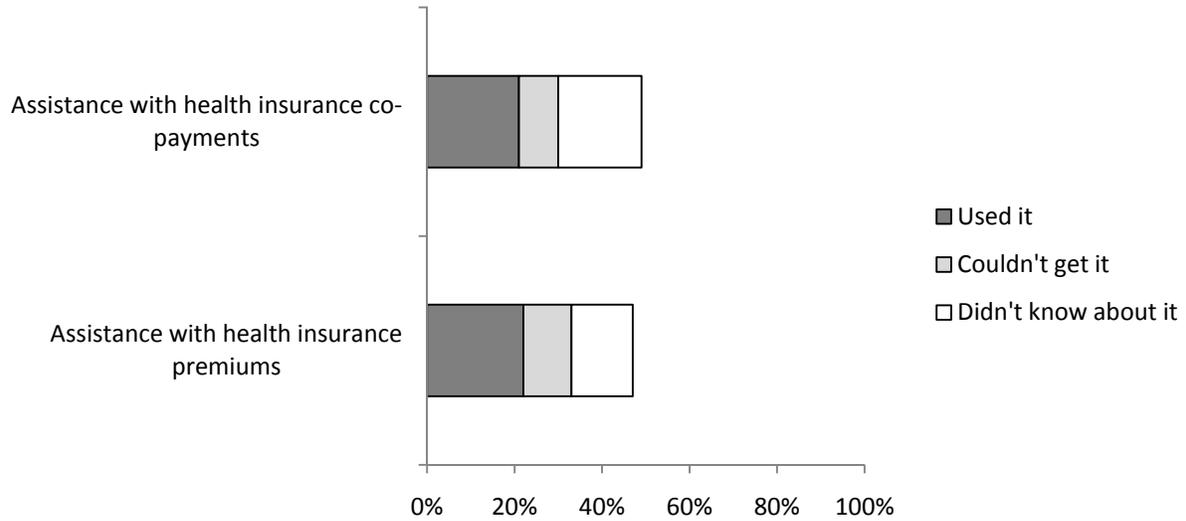


Table 1B.1: Health Insurance Needs and Services Used

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Assistance with health insurance co-payments	21%	9%	19%	51%	327
Assistance with health insurance premiums	22%	11%	14%	52%	396

Figure 1B.1a: Health Insurance Needs and Services Used, African-American Males

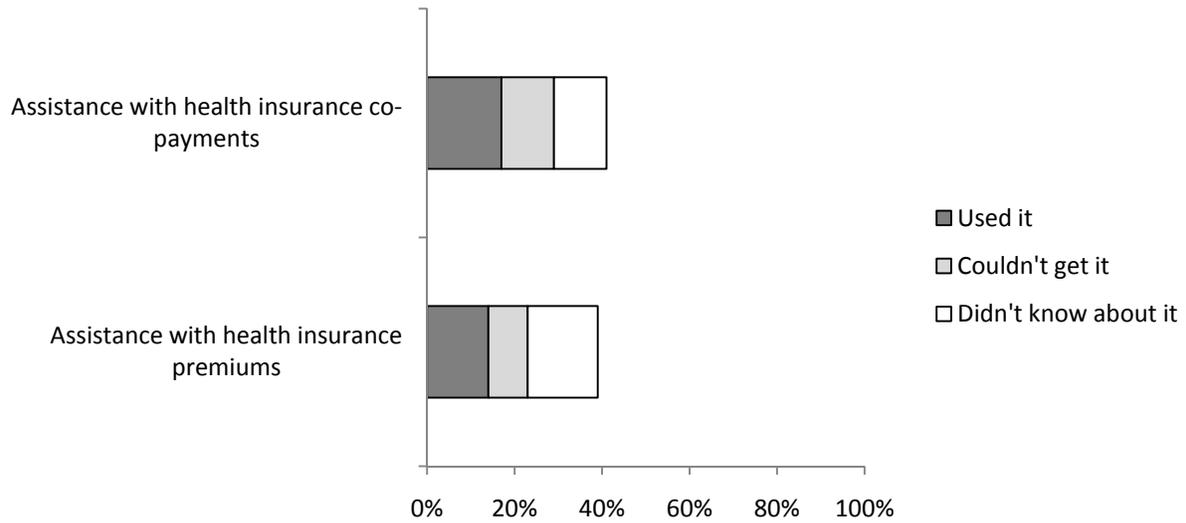


Table 1B.1a: Health Insurance Needs and Services Used, African-American Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Assistance with health insurance co-payments	14%	9%	16%	60%	123
Assistance with health insurance premiums	17%	12%	12%	59%	145

Figure 1B.1b: Health Insurance Needs and Services Used, African-American Females

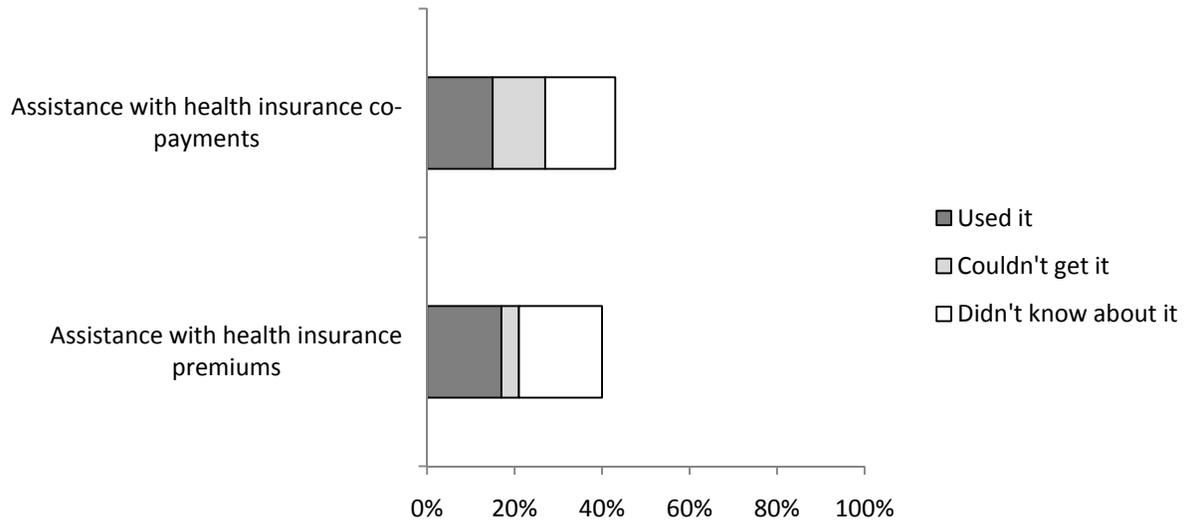


Table 1B.1b: Health Insurance Needs and Services Used, African-American Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Assistance with health insurance co-payments	17%	4%	19%	60%	70
Assistance with health insurance premiums	15%	12%	16%	58%	95

Figure 1B.1c: Health Insurance Needs and Services Used, White Males

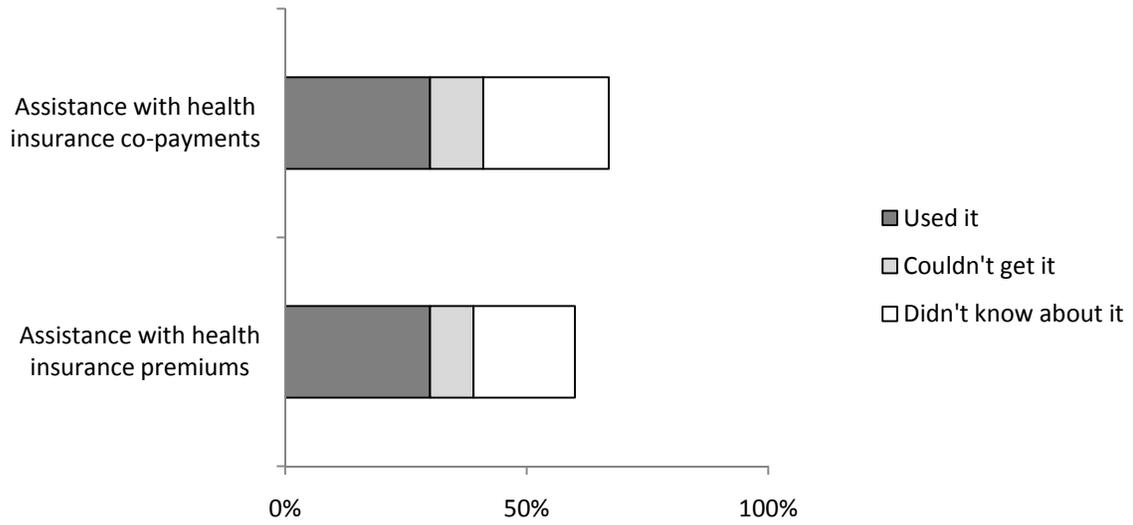


Table 1B.1c: Health Insurance Needs and Services Used, White Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Assistance with health insurance co-payments	30%	11%	26%	33%	66
Assistance with health insurance premiums	30%	9%	21%	39%	76

Figure 1B.1d: Health Insurance Needs and Services Used, White Females

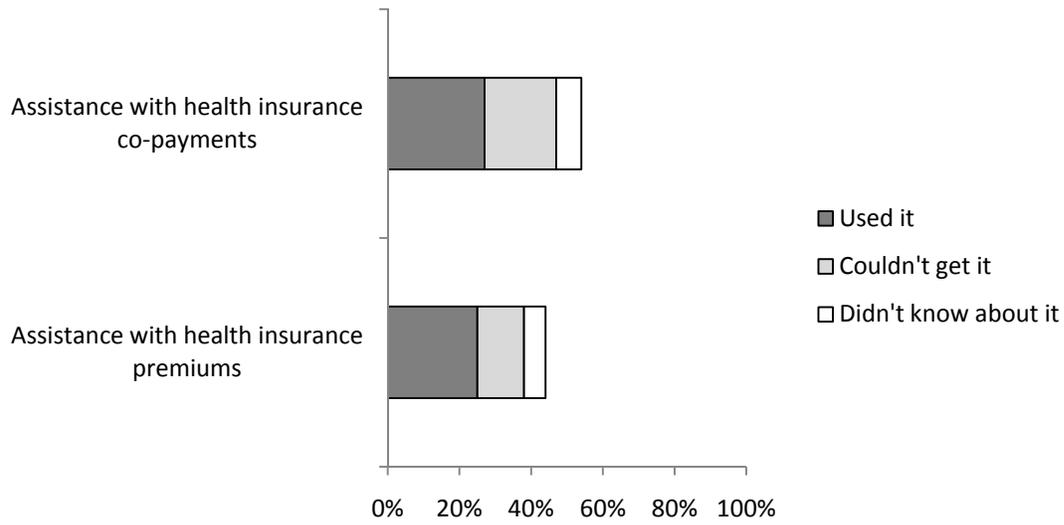


Table 1B.1d: Health Insurance Needs and Services Used, White Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Assistance with health insurance co-payments	27%	20%	7%	47%	15
Assistance with health insurance premiums	25%	13%	6%	56%	16

Figure 1B.2: Health Insurance Covers HIV/AIDS Related Medical Care (N=554)

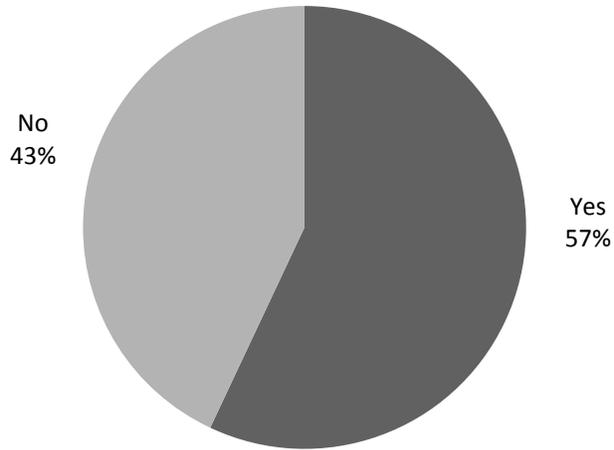
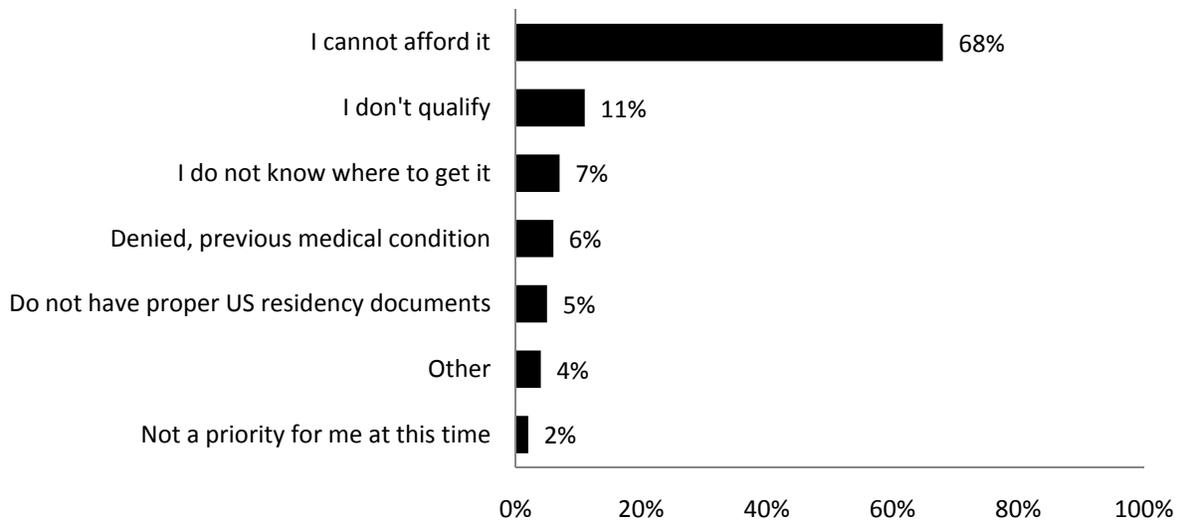
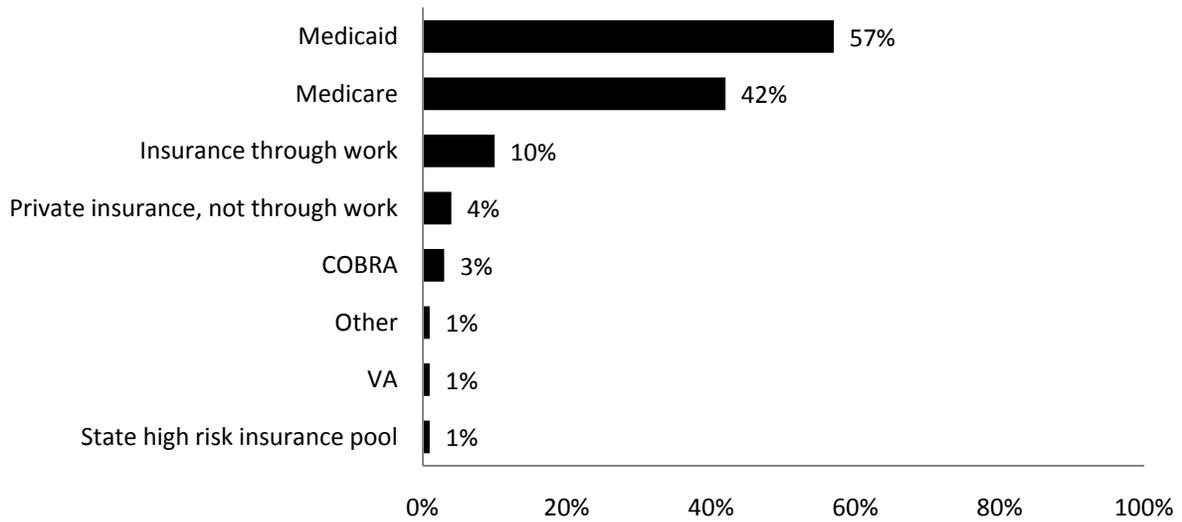


Figure 1B.3: Barriers to Obtaining Health Insurance Coverage (N=231)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1B.4: Sources of Health Insurance for Respondents With Insurance (N=315)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Employment and Income

Figure 1B.5: Employment Situation in the Last Six Months (N=566)

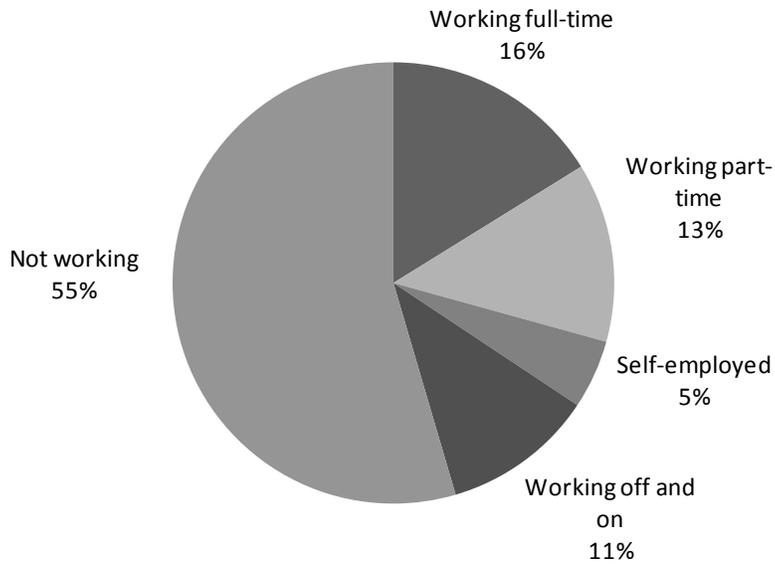


Figure 1B.6: Reasons for Not Being Employed in the Last Six Months (N=270)

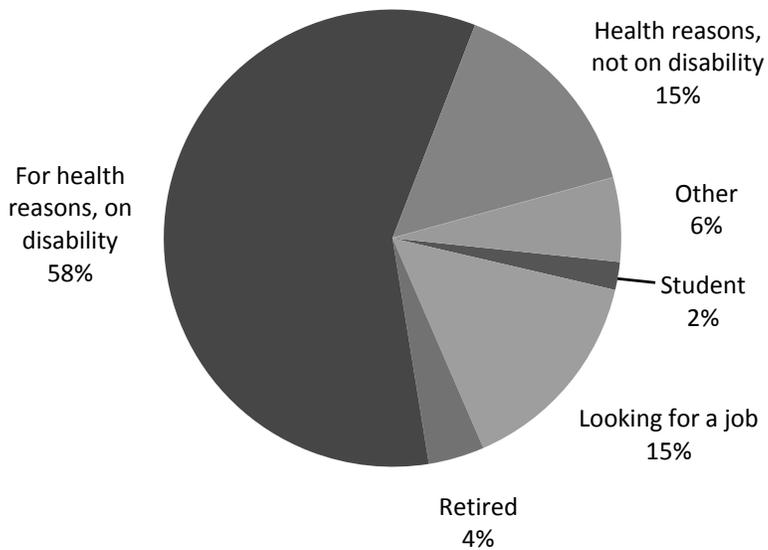


Figure 1B.7: Reported Monthly Income of Respondents (N=581)

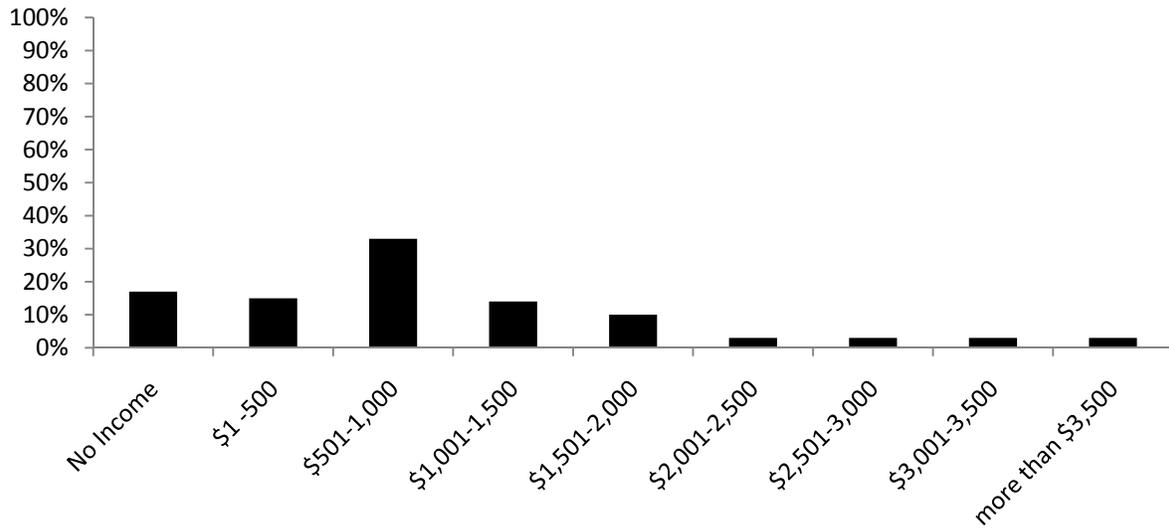
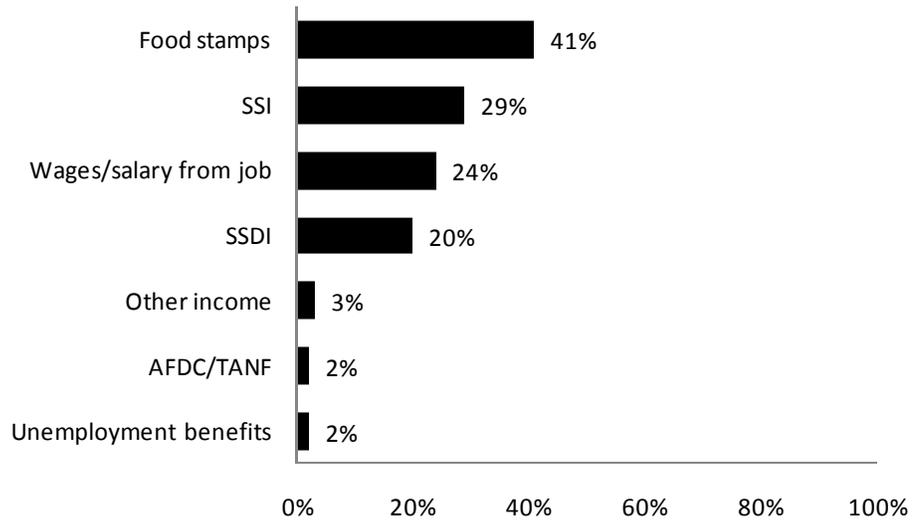


Table 1B.2: Mean Number of People per Household by Income (N=586)

Monthly Income	Mean Number of People
No monthly income	.9
\$1- \$500	1.7
\$501- \$1,000	1.4
\$1,001- \$1,500	1.6
\$1,501- \$2,000	1.8
\$2,001- \$2,500	2.3
\$2,501- \$3,000	2.5
\$3,001- \$3,500	1.5
More than \$3,500	1.1

Figure 1B.8: Sources of Household Income (N=601)



C. Primary Medical Care

Figure 1C.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months

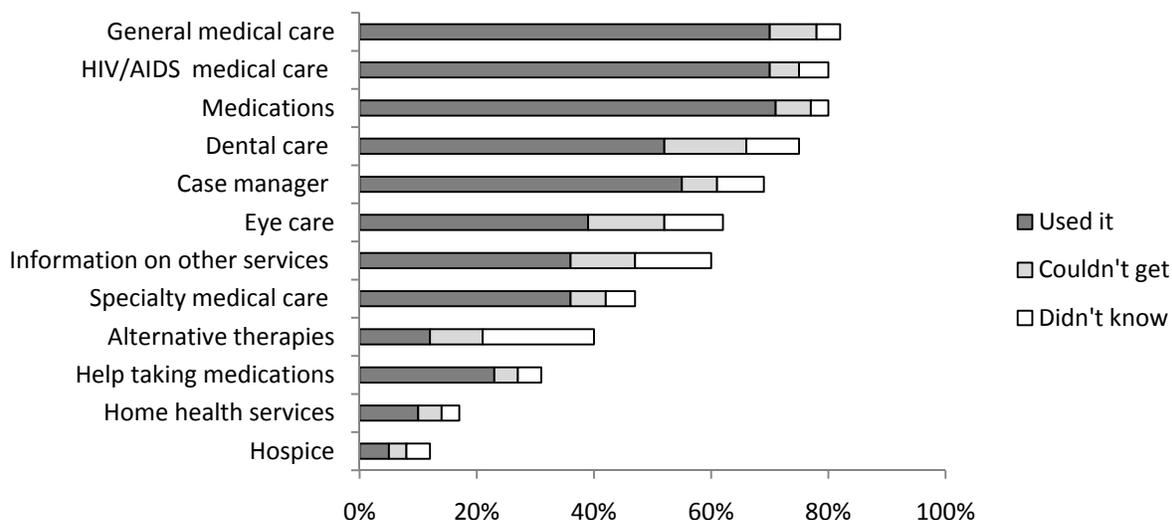


Table 1C.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
General medical care	70%	8%	4%	18%	410
HIV/AIDS medical care	70%	5%	5%	19%	476
Medications	71%	6%	3%	21%	413
Dental care	52%	14%	9%	25%	429
Case manager	55%	6%	8%	31%	365
Eye care	39%	13%	10%	37%	407
Information on other services	36%	11%	13%	40%	354
Specialty medical care	36%	6%	5%	53%	338
Alternative therapies	12%	9%	19%	60%	336
Help taking medications	23%	4%	4%	69%	347
Home health services	10%	4%	3%	83%	333
Hospice	5%	3%	4%	89%	314

Figure 1C.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

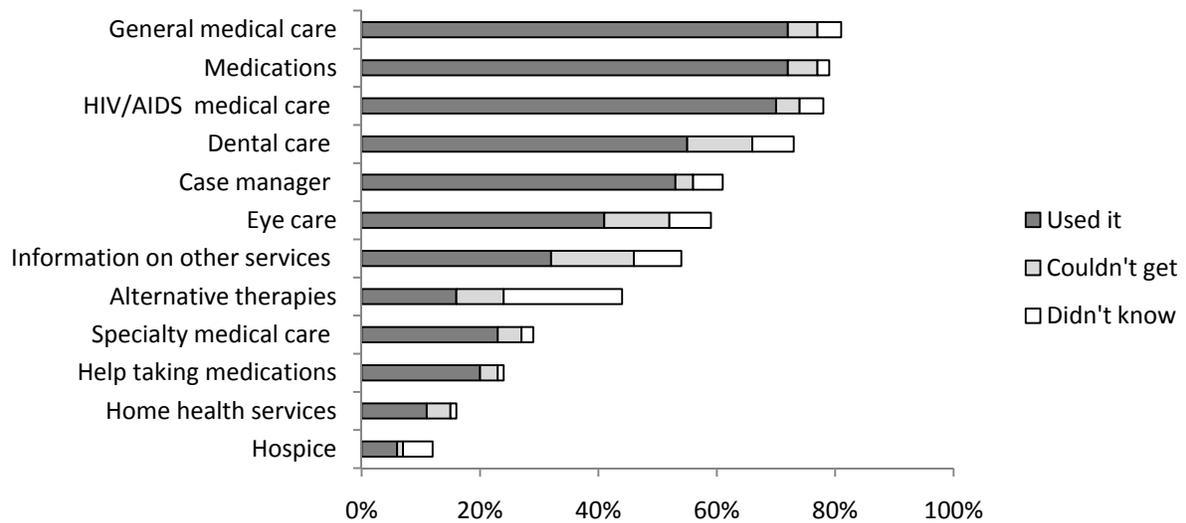


Table 1C.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
General medical care	72%	5%	4%	19%	151
HIV/AIDS medical care	70%	4%	4%	22%	187
Medications	72%	5%	2%	22%	162
Dental care	55%	11%	7%	27%	164
Case manager	53%	3%	5%	39%	132
Eye care	41%	11%	7%	41%	158
Information on other services	32%	14%	8%	45%	130
Alternative therapies	16%	8%	20%	56%	124
Specialty medical care	23%	4%	2%	72%	120
Help taking medications	20%	3%	1%	76%	124
Home health services	11%	4%	1%	84%	120
Hospice	6%	1%	5%	88%	113

Figure 1C.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

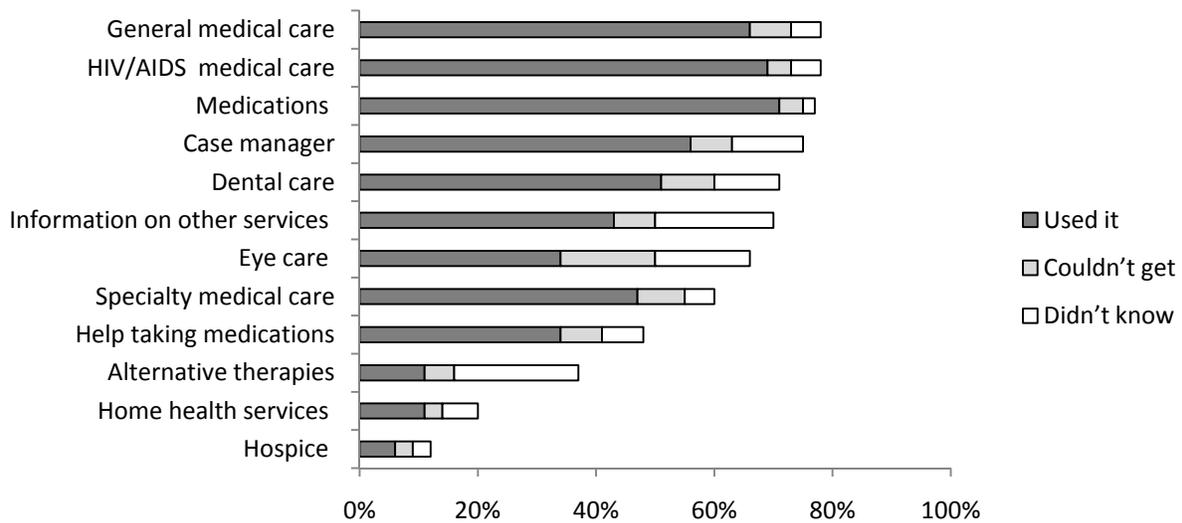


Table 1C.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
HIV/AIDS medical care	69%	4%	5%	22%	114
General medical care	66%	7%	5%	22%	96
Medications	71%	4%	2%	23%	93
Case manager	56%	7%	12%	26%	90
Dental care	51%	9%	11%	29%	101
Information on other services	43%	7%	20%	30%	82
Eye care	34%	16%	16%	33%	97
Specialty medical care	47%	8%	5%	40%	83
Help taking medications	34%	7%	7%	52%	85
Alternative therapies	11%	5%	21%	63%	75
Home health services	11%	3%	6%	80%	79
Hospice	6%	3%	3%	89%	70

Figure 1C.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

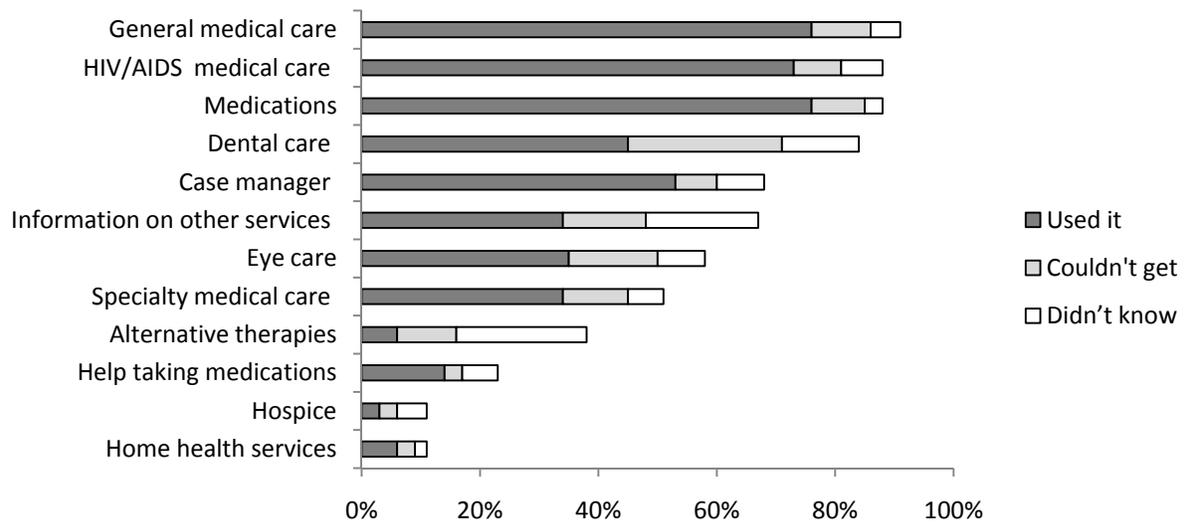


Table 1C.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
General medical care	76%	10%	5%	9%	78
HIV/AIDS medical care	73%	8%	7%	11%	82
Medications	76%	9%	3%	12%	75
Dental care	45%	26%	13%	16%	76
Case manager	53%	7%	8%	32%	73
Information on other services	34%	14%	19%	33%	70
Eye care	35%	15%	8%	41%	71
Specialty medical care	34%	11%	6%	48%	62
Alternative therapies	6%	10%	22%	62%	68
Help taking medications	14%	3%	6%	77%	66
Home health services	6%	3%	2%	89%	65
Hospice	3%	3%	5%	89%	65

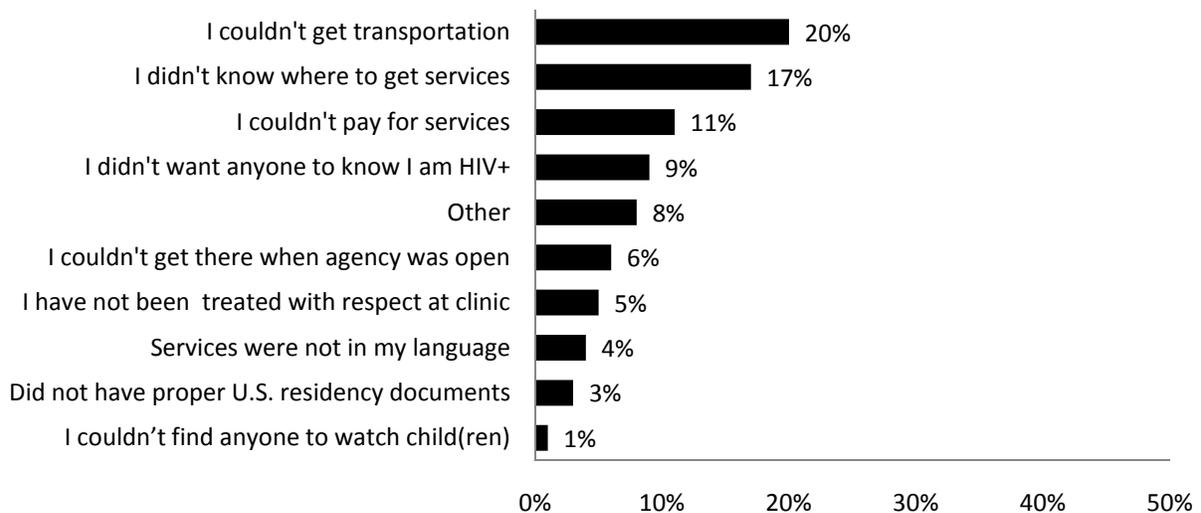
Figure 1C.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

[Too few responses to this question.]

Table 1C.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

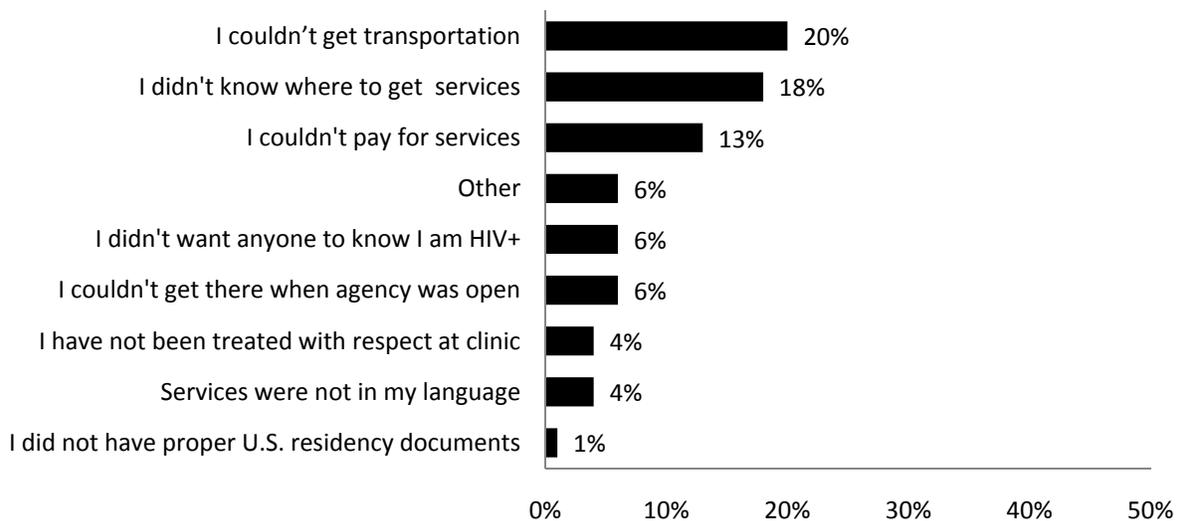
[Too few responses to this question.]

Figure 1C.2: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months (N=326)



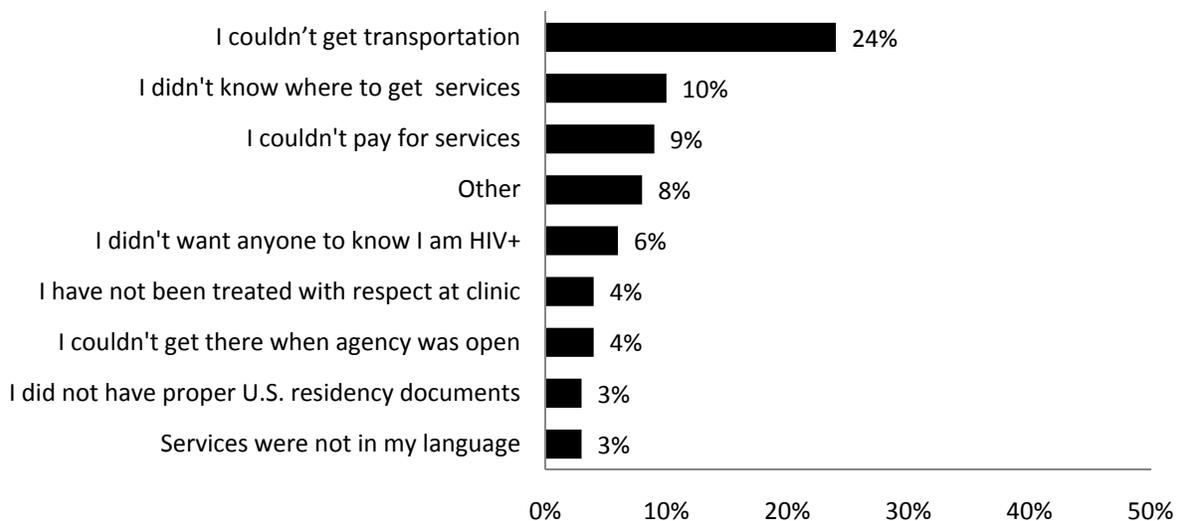
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1C.2a: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males (N=114)



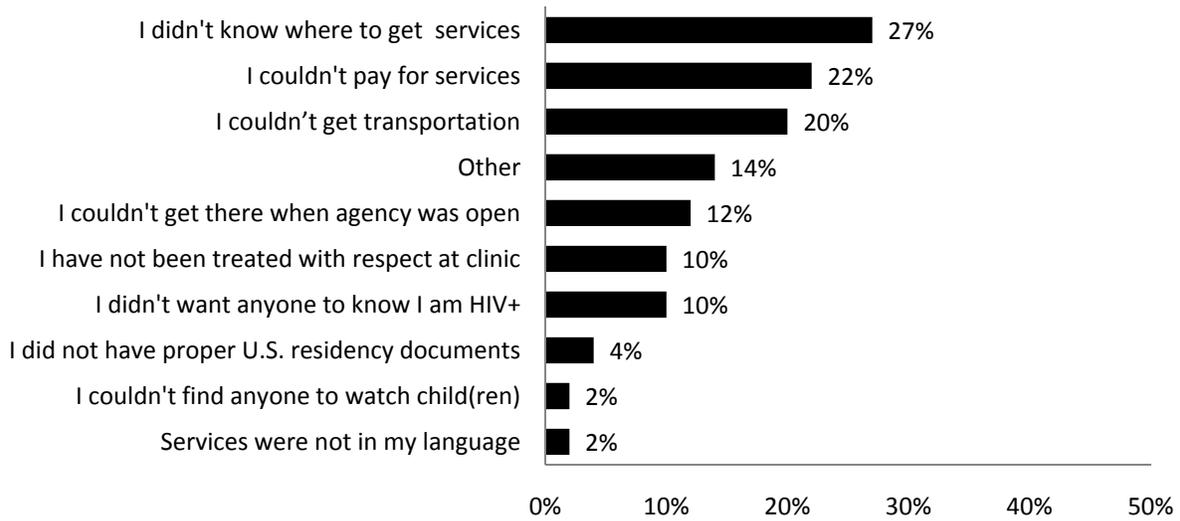
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 1C.2b: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females (N=78)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 1C.2c: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, White Males (N=51)



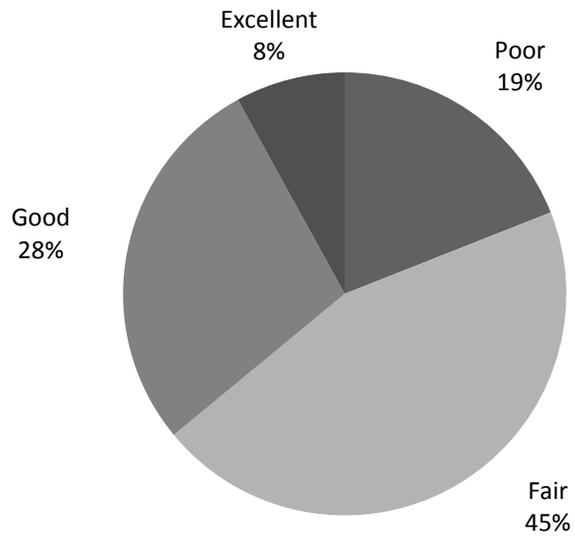
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1C.2d: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

[Too few responses to this question.]

Overall Health

Figure 1C.3: Self-reported Overall Health Status (N=591)



Health-Seeking Behavior

Figure 1C.4: Time From HIV Diagnosis to HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Care (N=535)

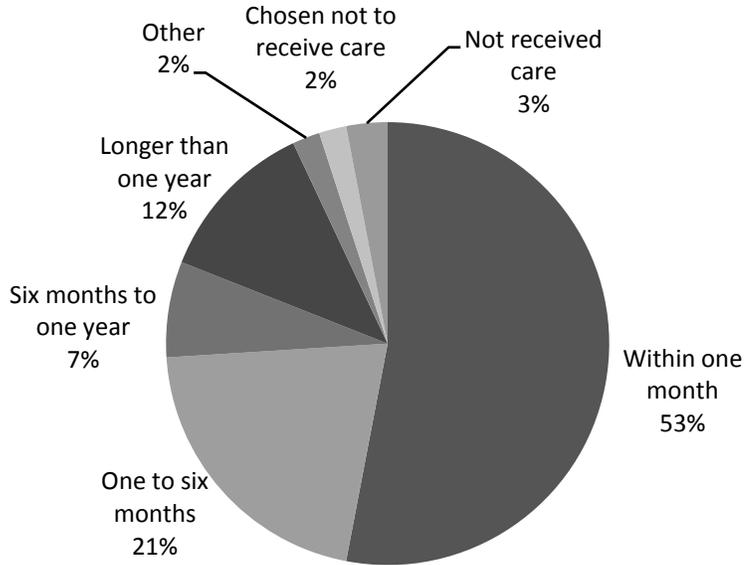


Figure 1C.5: Have Sought HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Care in Last Six Months (N=564)

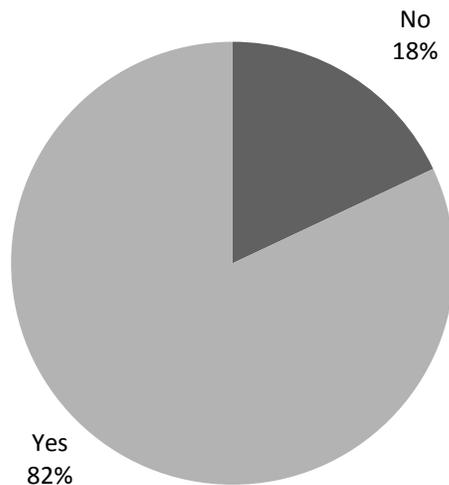


Figure 1C.6: Level of Medical Care Received by Respondents (N=436)

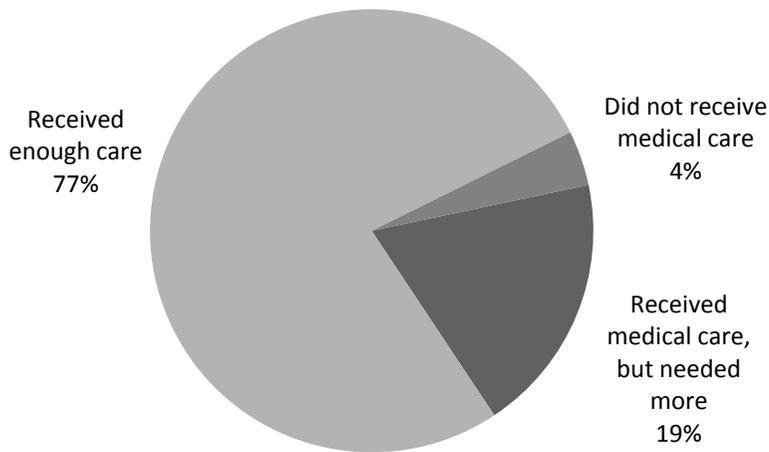
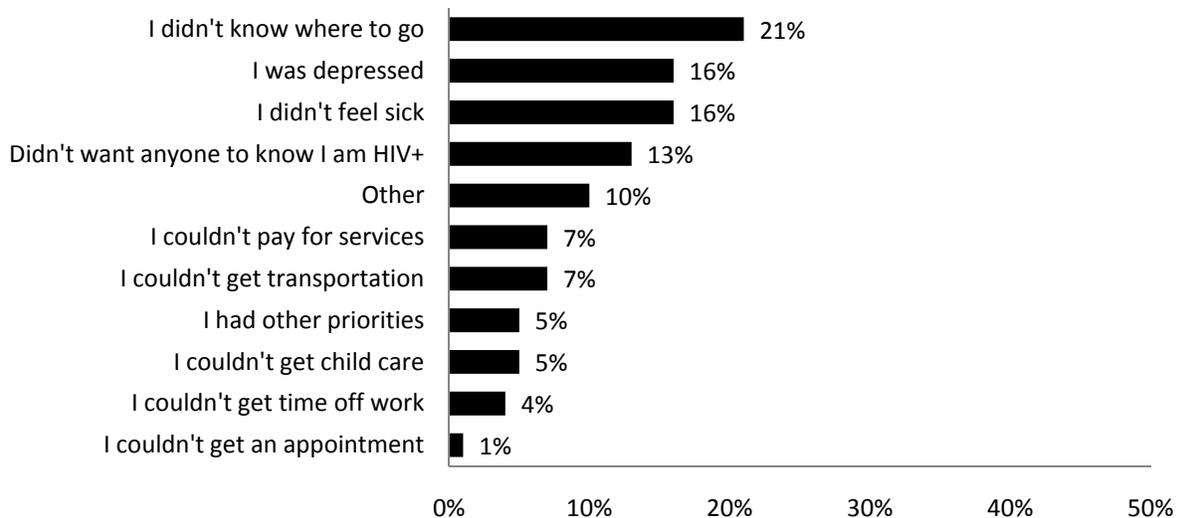
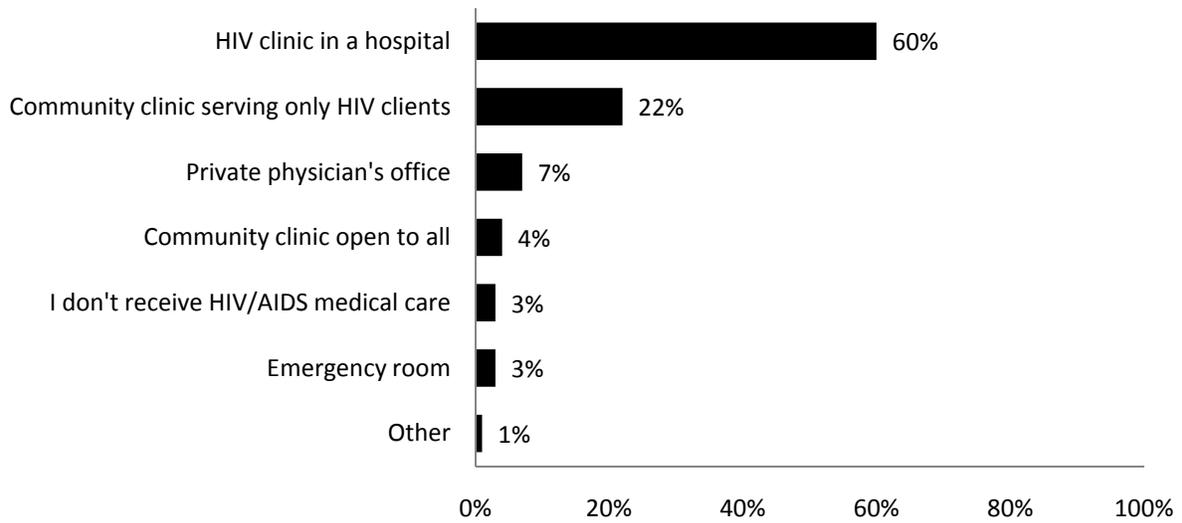


Figure 1C.7: Reasons for Not Seeking HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Care in the Last Six Months (N=82)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

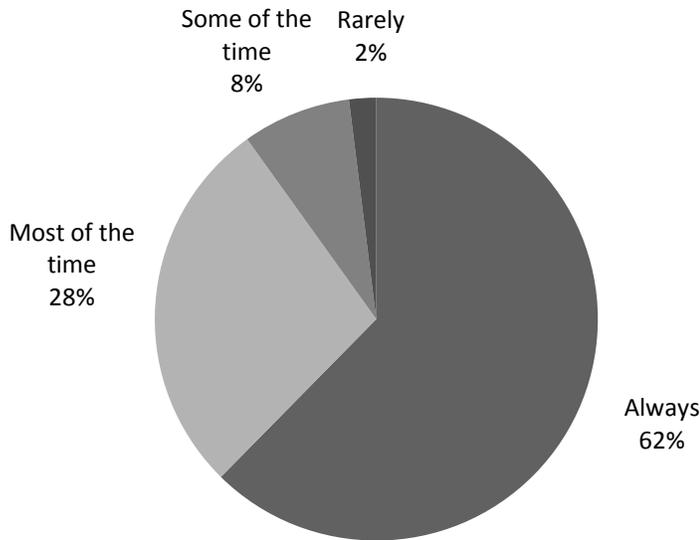
Figure 1C.8: Places Where Respondent Regularly Receives HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Care (N=509)



Note: Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

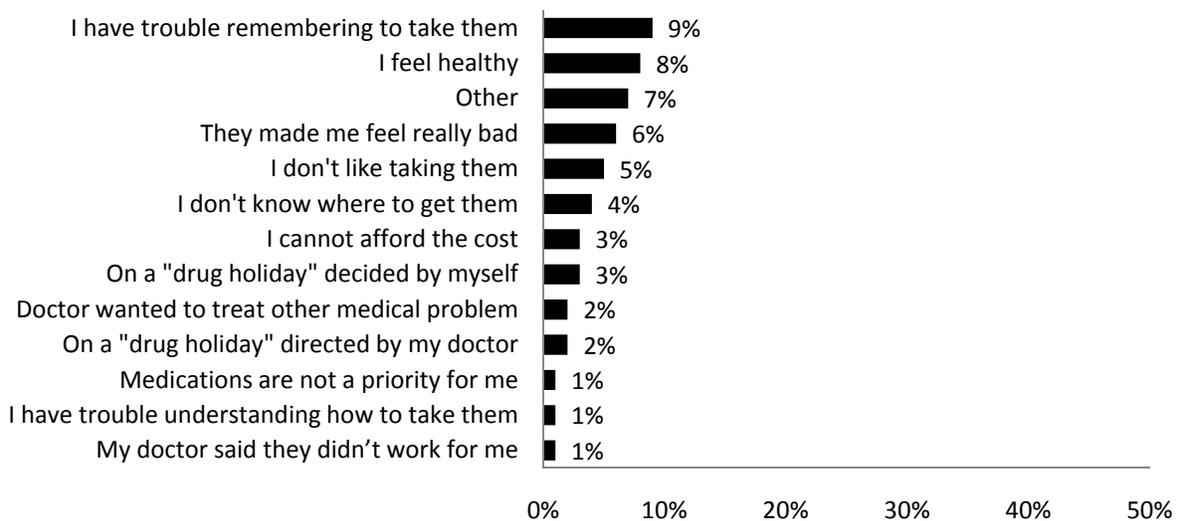
Medication Adherence

Figure 1C.9: Adherence to Medications Prescribed by Doctor (N=536)



- 48 out of 584 (8.2%) of respondents reported they have not been prescribed medications.

Figure 1C.10: Reasons for Not Taking HIV/AIDS Medications (N=201)



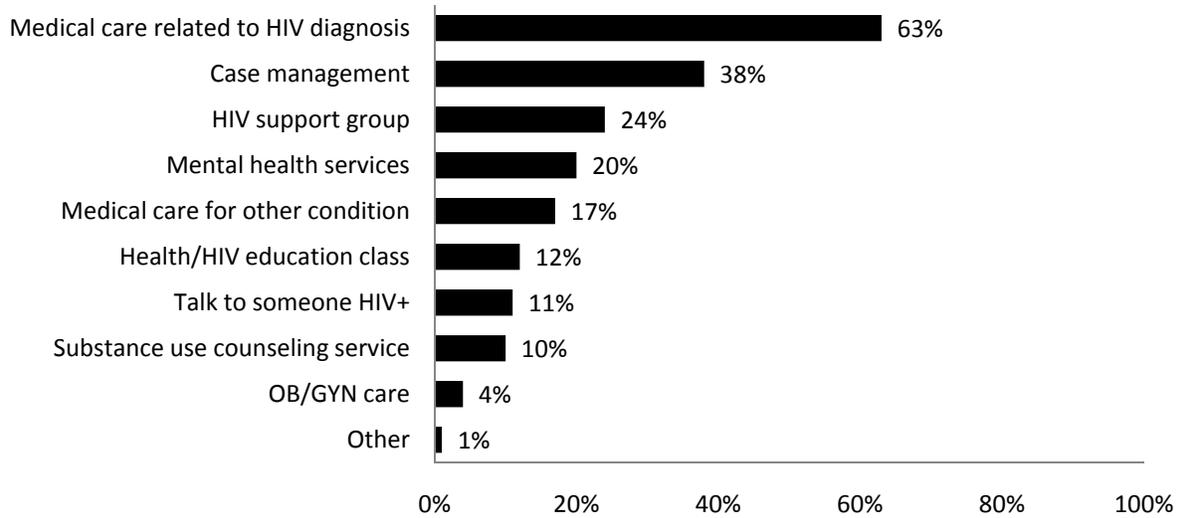
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

The percentages in this figure exclude those respondents who indicate in survey question 22 and 23 that they have not been prescribed medications and those who indicate in question 22 that they always take their medications as prescribed.

Referrals to Other Medical Services

Figure 1C.11: Service Referrals at the Time of HIV Diagnosis (N=545)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Out of Care

Figure 1C.12: HIV Positive for Five Years or More (N=570)

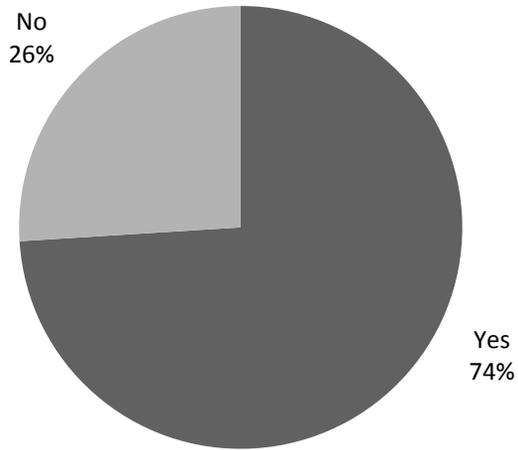


Figure 1C.13: Percentage of Respondents HIV Positive for at Least Five Years Who Have Been Out of Treatment for at Least 12 Months (N=389)

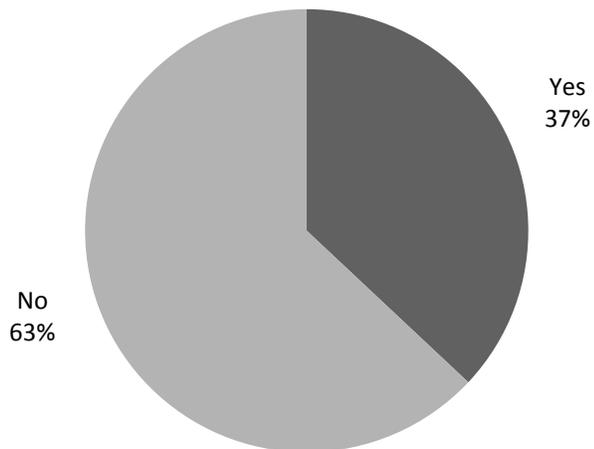


Figure 1C.14: Reason for Being Out of Care (N=131)

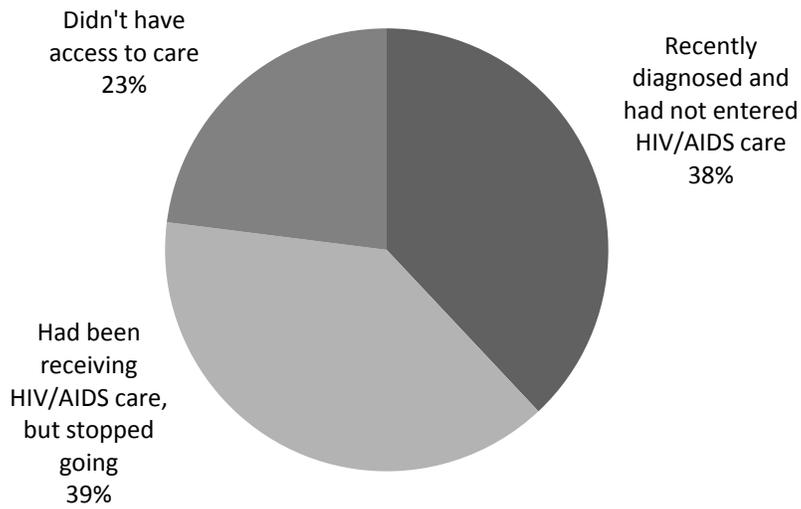
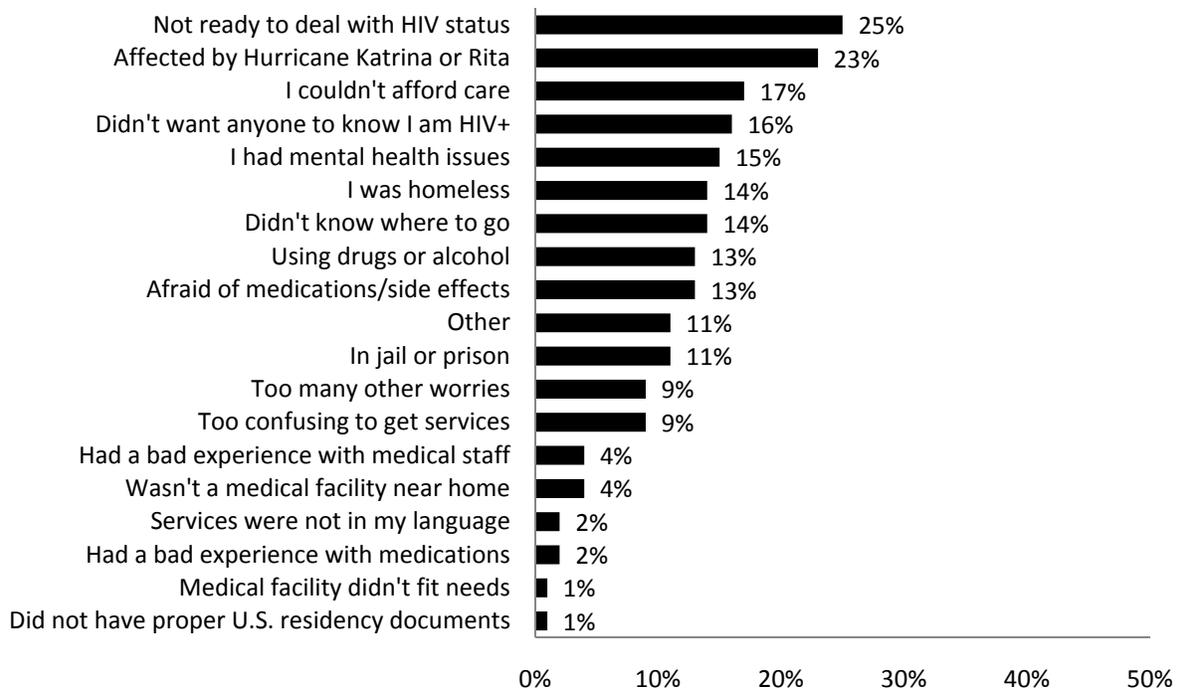
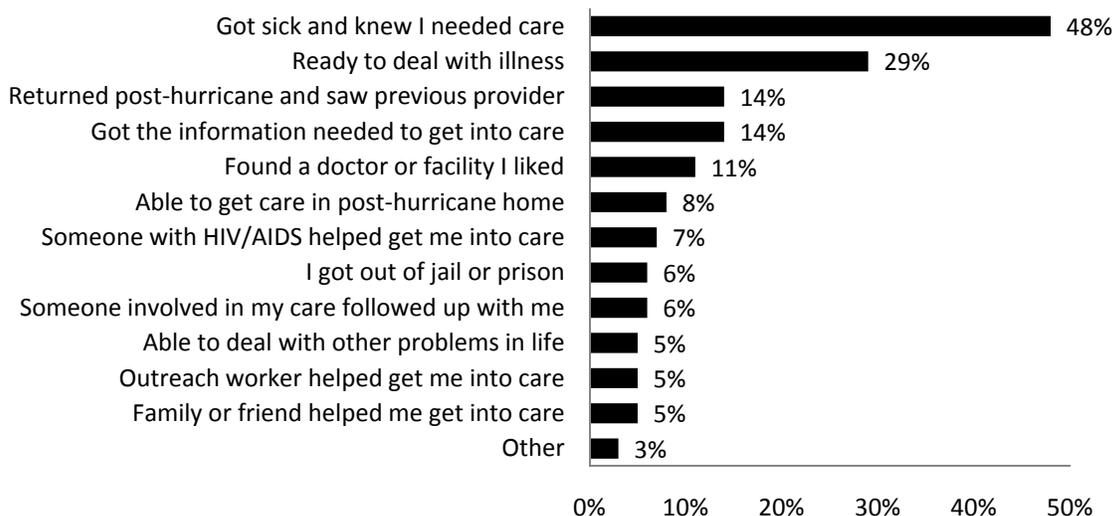


Figure 1C.15: Barriers to Receiving HIV/AIDS-Related Medical Care When Out of Care (N=157)



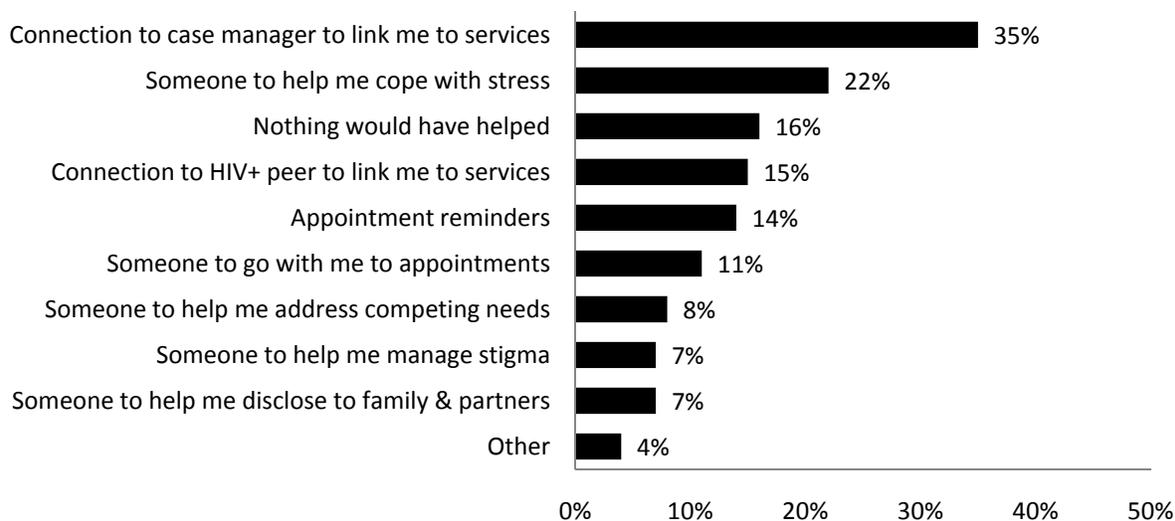
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1C.16: Reasons for Getting Back Into Care (N=147)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

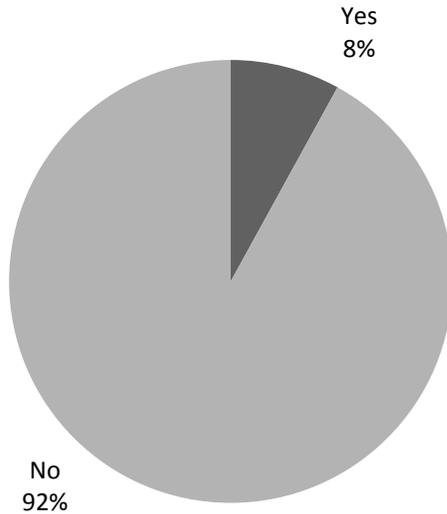
Figure 1C.17: Assistance That Would Have Helped Respondent Get Back Into Care (N=394)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

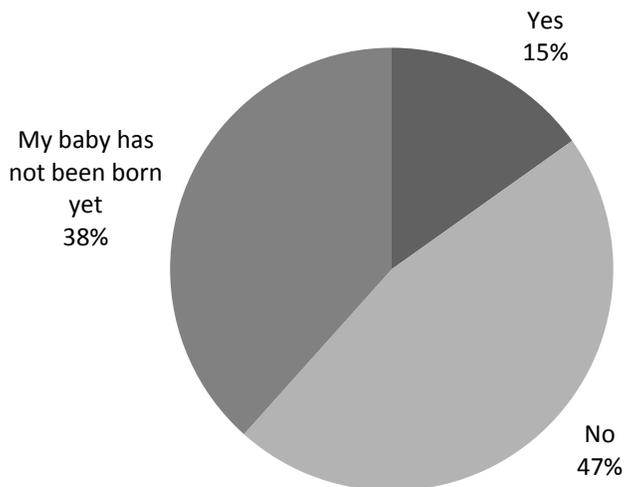
Pre- and Post-Natal Care

Figure 1C.18: Females Who Are Pregnant or Have Been Pregnant in the Last 12 Months (N=170)



- 7 of the 12 (58%) females who have been pregnant received medication to prevent transmission of HIV to their child.

Figure 1C.19: Medical Care for Newborn Child (N=13)



Other Medical Conditions

Table 1C.2: Percentage of Respondents Who Have Been Diagnosed With and Are Receiving Treatment for Other Medical Conditions in the Last Six Months

Condition	Percent diagnosed (N=601)	Percent treated	N
Sexually transmitted disease	11%	94%	48
Hepatitis A or B	6%	95%	21
Hepatitis C	12%	83%	41
Tuberculosis	3%	91%	11
Mental health disorder	9%	94%	35
Heart disease	2%	100%	12
High blood pressure	10%	98%	44
Diabetes	4%	94%	16
Pneumonia	6%	100%	32
Other	4%	88%	17

D. Housing

Figure 1D.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months

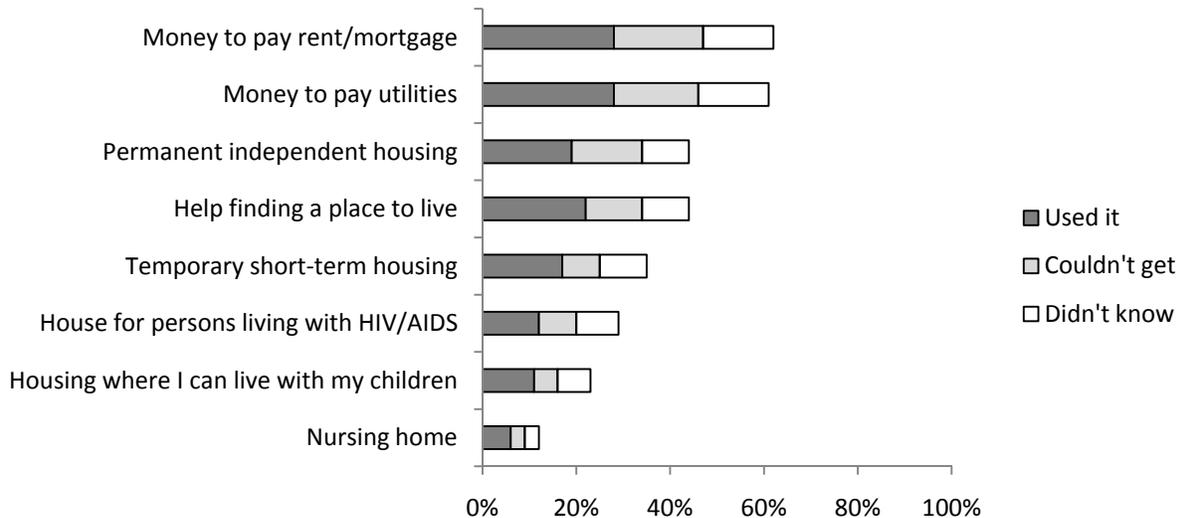


Table 1D.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months

Services	Used Service	Couldn't get Service	Didn't know About Service	Didn't need Service	N
Money to pay utilities	28%	18%	15%	39%	375
Money to pay rent/mortgage	28%	19%	15%	38%	355
Help finding a place to live	22%	12%	10%	56%	408
Permanent independent housing	19%	15%	10%	56%	338
Temporary short-term housing	17%	8%	10%	66%	304
House for persons living with HIV/AIDS	12%	8%	9%	71%	312
Housing where my children can live with me	11%	5%	7%	78%	289
Nursing home	6%	3%	3%	89%	286

Figure 1D.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

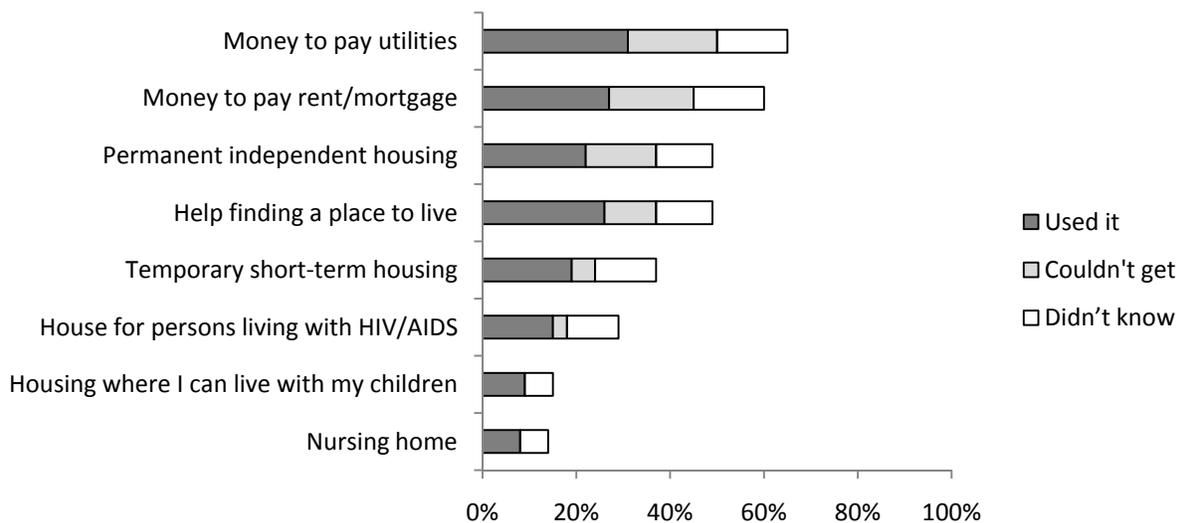


Table 1D.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Money to pay utilities	31%	19%	15%	35%	140
Money to pay rent/mortgage	27%	18%	15%	39%	132
Help finding a place to live	26%	11%	12%	51%	152
Permanent independent housing	22%	15%	12%	50%	121
Temporary short-term housing	19%	5%	13%	63%	111
House for persons living with HIV/AIDS	15%	3%	11%	71%	114
Housing where my children can live with me	9%	0%	6%	85%	99
Nursing home	8%	0%	6%	87%	104

Figure 1D.1.b Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

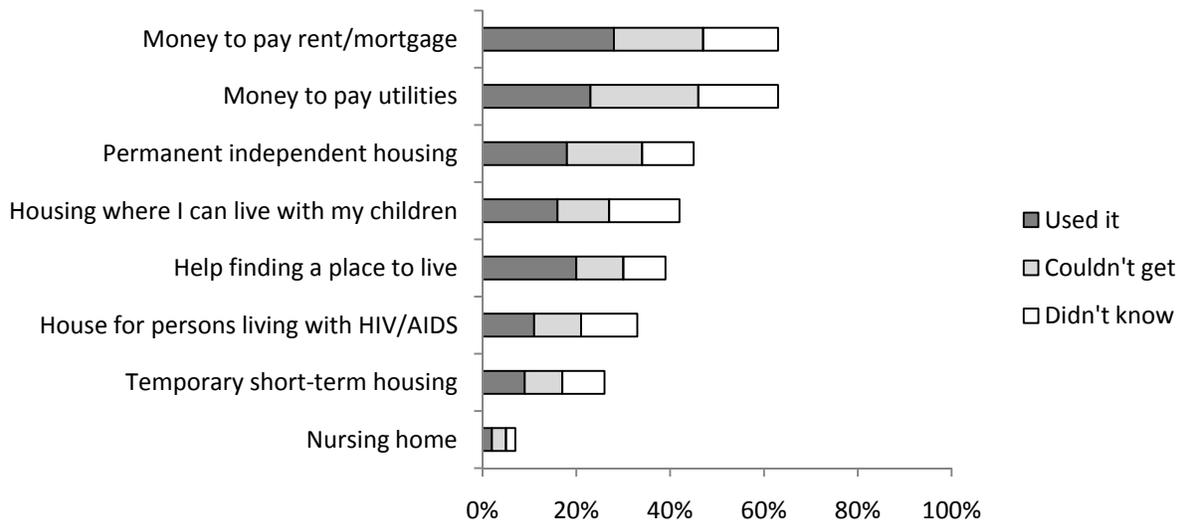


Table 1D.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Money to pay rent/mortgage	28%	19%	16%	37%	83
Money to pay utilities	23%	23%	17%	38%	89
Help finding a place to live	20%	10%	9%	61%	97
Permanent independent housing	18%	16%	11%	55%	83
Housing where my children can live with me	16%	11%	15%	58%	74
House for persons living with HIV/AIDS	11%	10%	12%	67%	73
Temporary short-term housing	9%	8%	9%	75%	67
Nursing home	2%	3%	2%	94%	63

Figure 1D.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

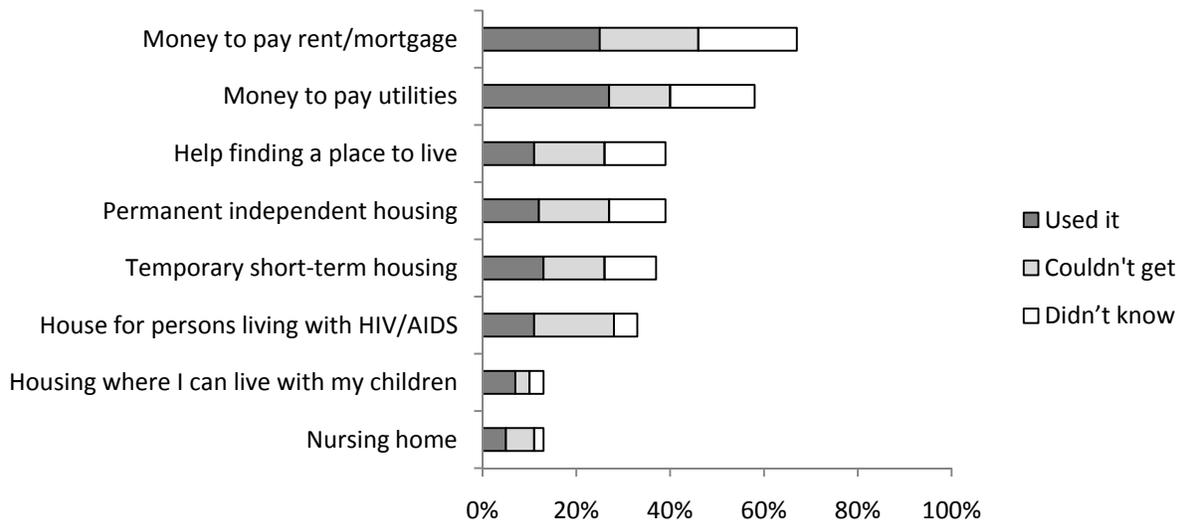


Table 1D.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Money to pay utilities	27%	13%	18%	42%	77
Money to pay rent/mortgage	25%	21%	21%	33%	76
Temporary short-term housing	13%	13%	11%	63%	67
Permanent independent housing	12%	15%	12%	62%	68
Help finding a place to live	11%	15%	13%	61%	79
House for persons living with HIV/AIDS	11%	17%	5%	68%	65
Housing where my children can live with me	7%	3%	3%	87%	61
Nursing home	5%	6%	2%	88%	64

Figure 1D.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

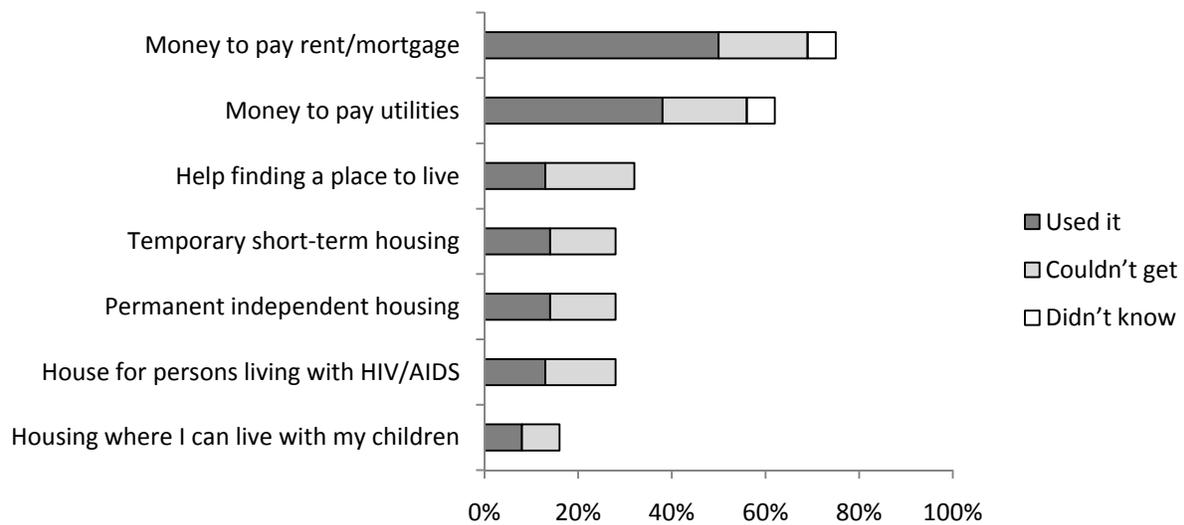
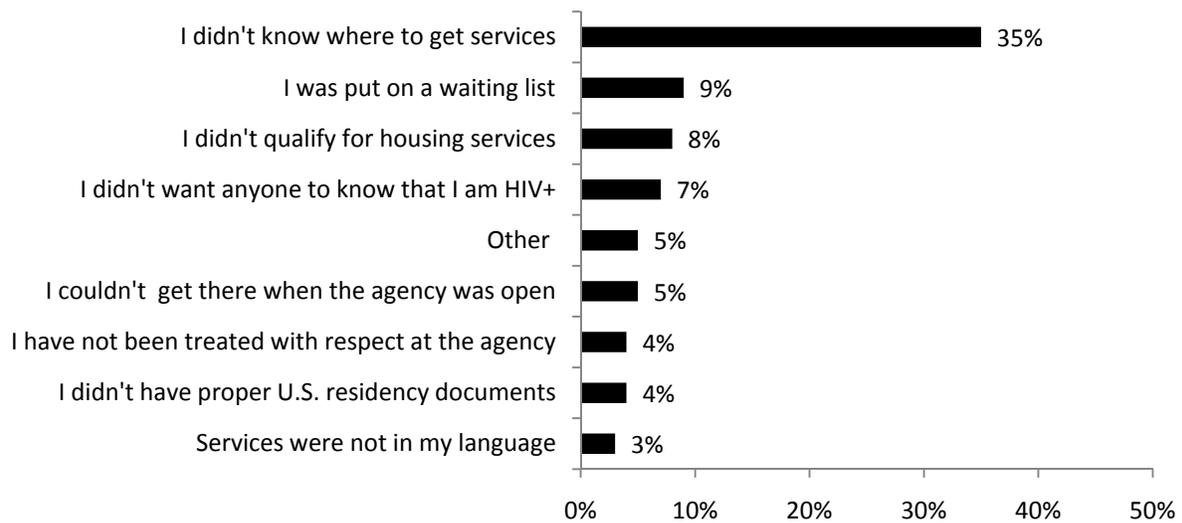


Table 1D.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

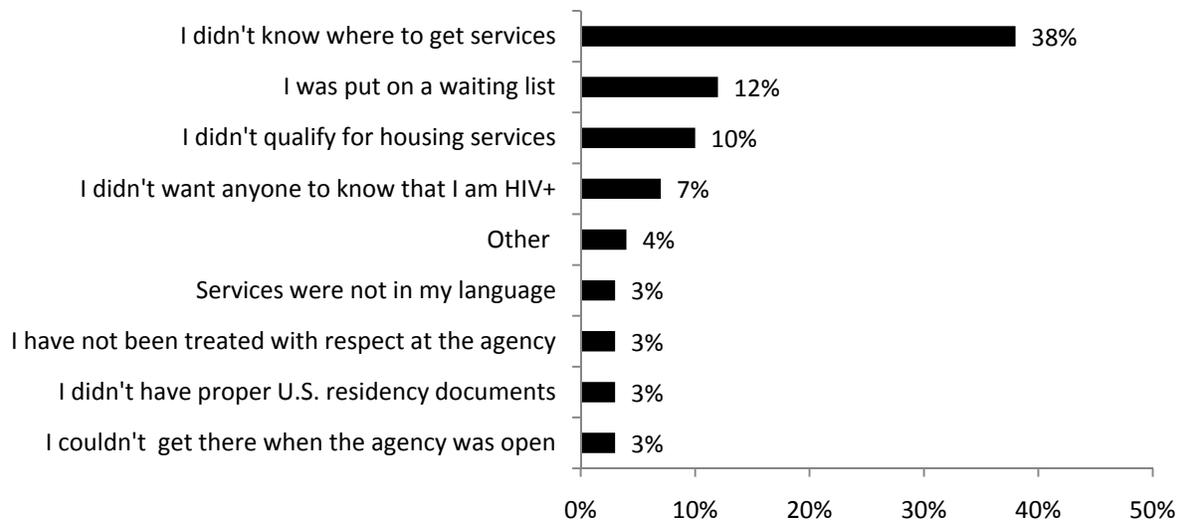
Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Money to pay rent/mortgage	50%	19%	6%	25%	16
Money to pay utilities	38%	18%	6%	38%	16
Permanent independent housing	14%	14%	0%	71%	14
Temporary short-term housing	14%	14%	0%	71%	14
Help finding a place to live	13%	19%	0%	69%	16
House for persons living with HIV/AIDS	13%	15%	0%	75%	16
Housing where my children can live with me	8%	8%	0%	85%	13
Nursing home	0%	0%	0%	100%	13

Figure 1D.2: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months (N=425)



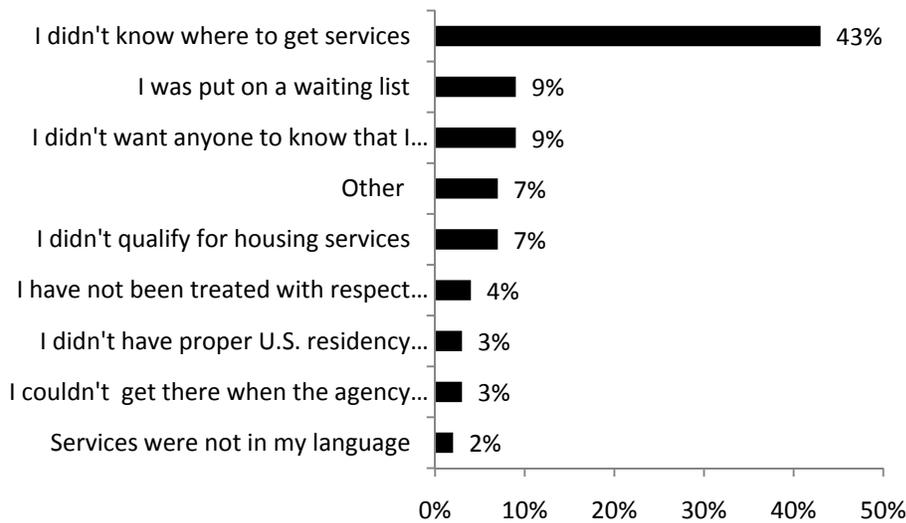
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1D.2a: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males (N=154)



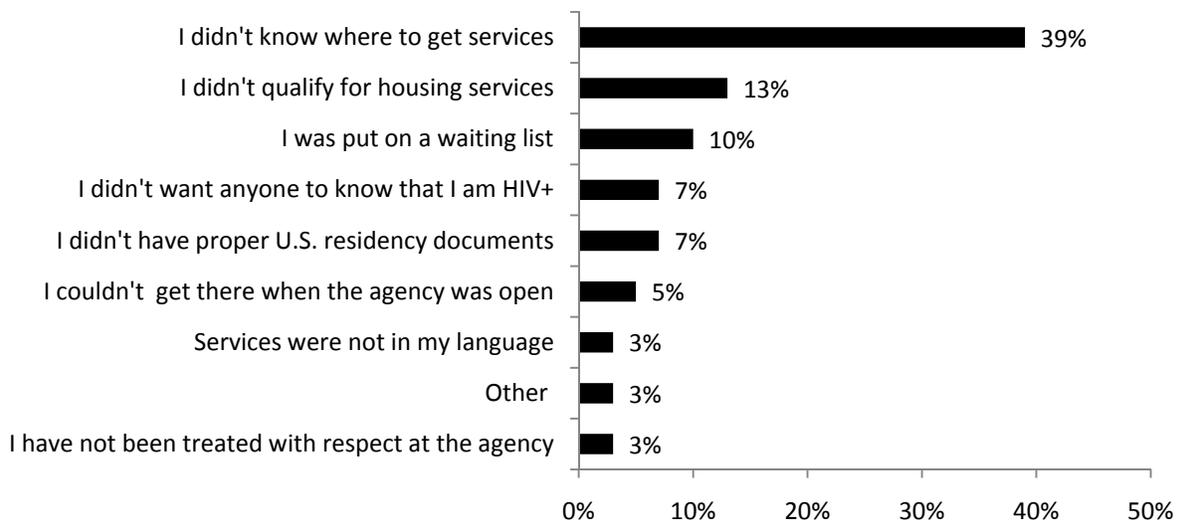
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1D.2b Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females (N=105)



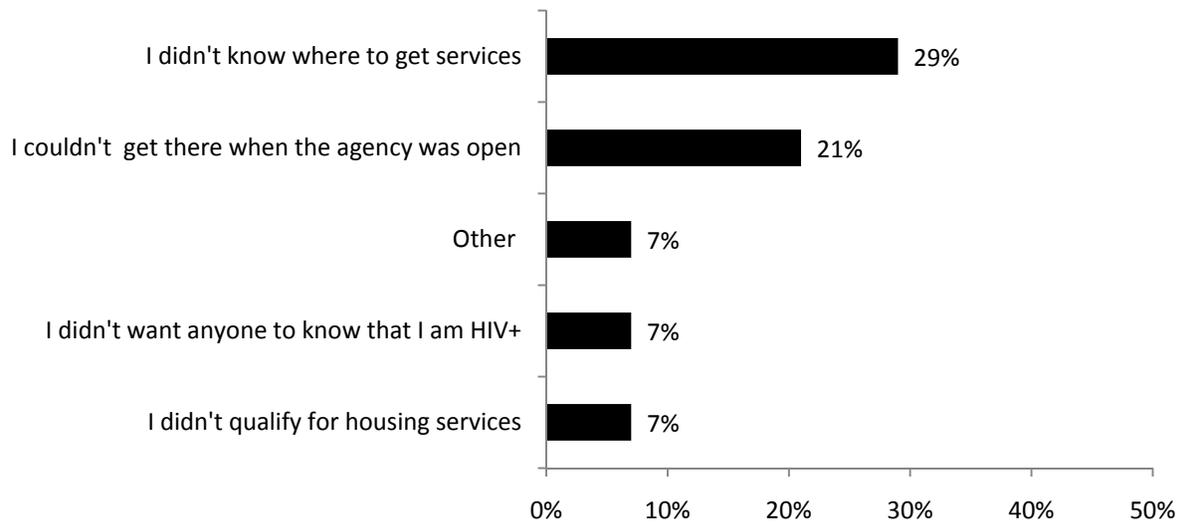
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1D.2c: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, White Males (N=61)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1D.2d: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Housing Services in the Last Six Months, White Females (N=14)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Table 1D.2: Places Where Respondents Live Now and 6 Months Ago

Housing	Current		6 Months Ago	
	Percent	N	Percent	N
Owens: apartment/house/trailer	22%	97	22%	64
Rents: apartment/house/trailer	40%	179	38%	110
Parents/relatives	63%	14	14%	42
Someone else's place	32%	7	8%	23
Rooming/boarding house	4%	16	4%	11
Assisted living	4%	19	5%	14
Half-way house	2%	8	2%	6
Nursing home	1%	3	-	-
Homeless	2%	8	2%	6
Homeless shelter	4%	16	1%	2
Domestic violence shelter	0%	1	0%	1
Other housing provided by the city	2%	8	1%	4
Hospice	0%	1	0%	1
Jail/prison	-	-	2%	7
Other	0%	1	1%	2
Total	100%	452	100%	293

Figure 1D.3: Length of Time at Current Residence (N=568)

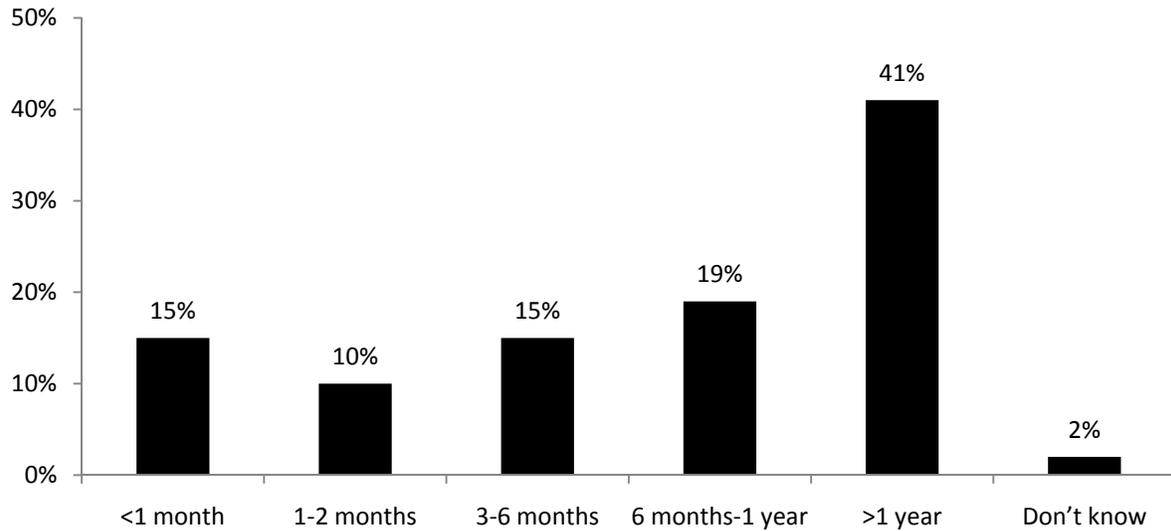
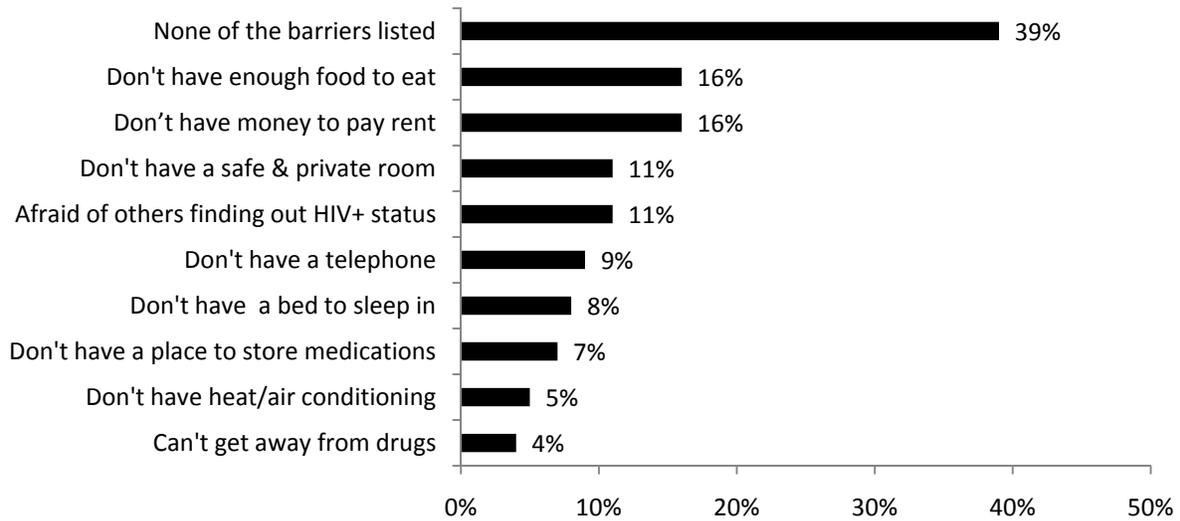


Figure 1D.4: Housing Related Barriers That Stop Respondent From Taking Care of Their HIV/AIDS (N=601)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1D.5: Problems Obtaining Housing in Last Six Months (N=524)

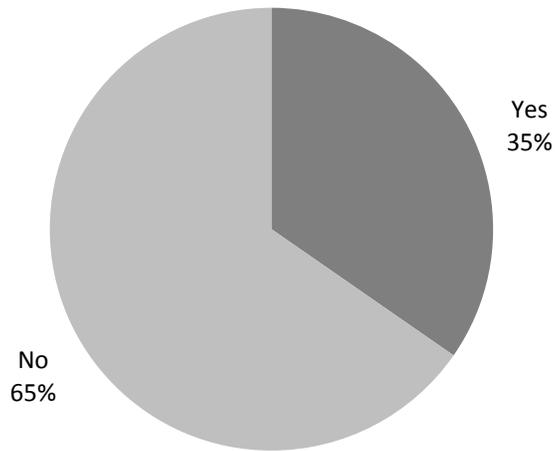
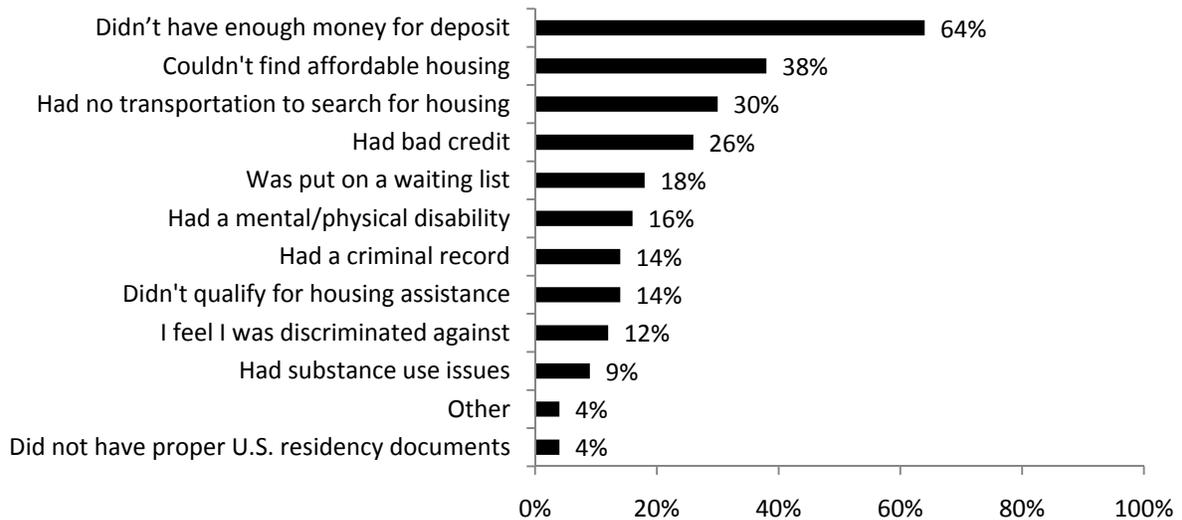
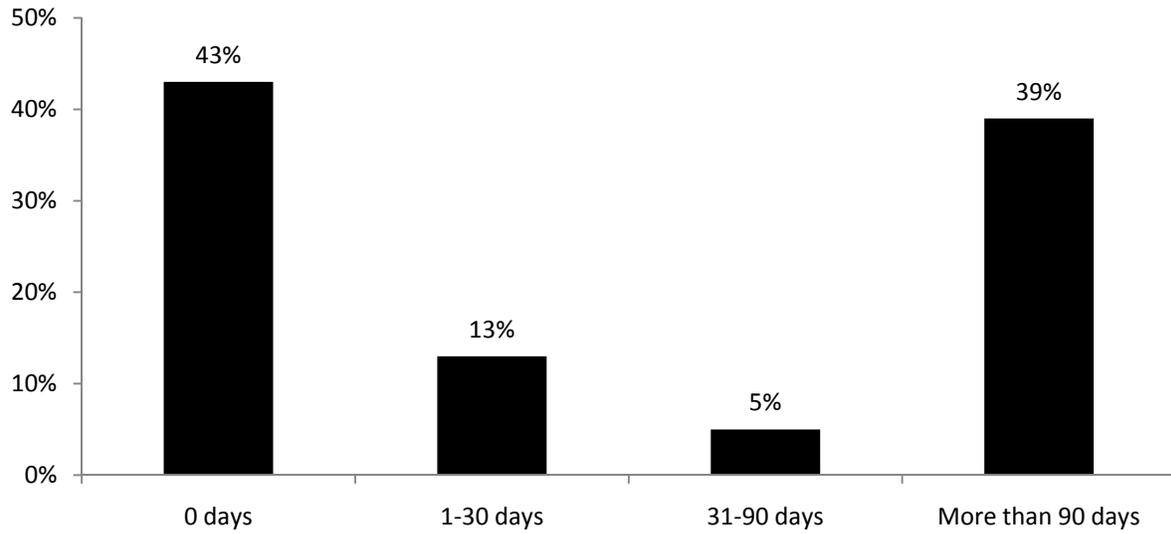


Figure 1D.6: Barriers to Obtaining Housing (N=181)



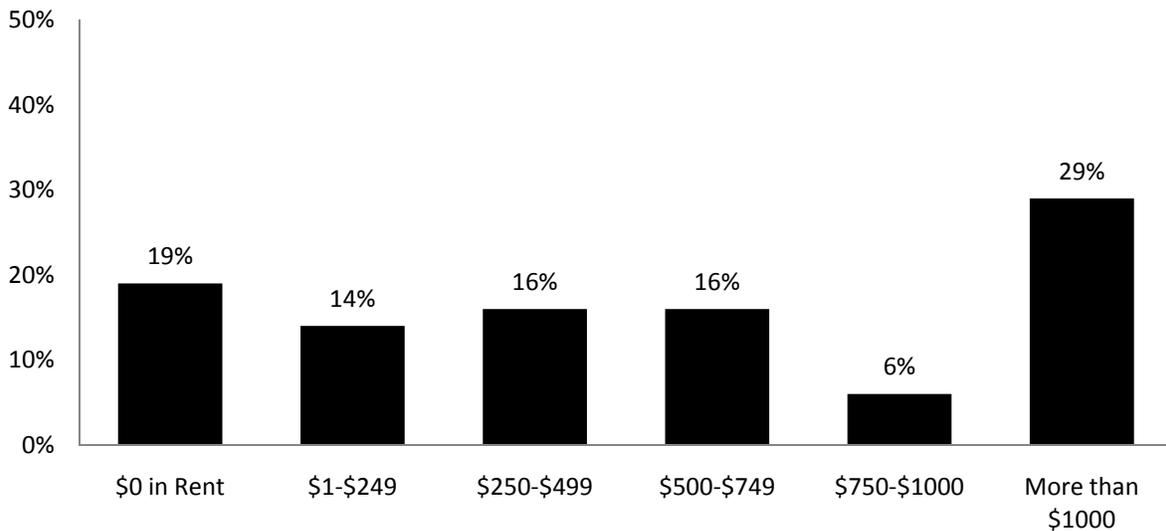
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1D.7: Nights Spent Homeless or Without a Place to Sleep (N=442)



- Mean number of nights spent homeless or without a place to sleep: 45 (s.d. = 93)

Figure 1D.8: Monthly Rent/Mortgage Contributions (N=460)



- Respondents reported an average contribution of \$424.20 (s.d. = \$443.74) to their monthly rent or mortgage. Range = \$0.00 to \$3650.

Figure 1D.9: Receiving Monthly Housing Subsidy (N=555)

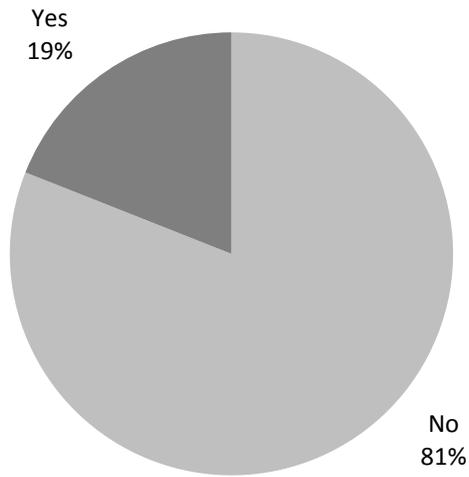


Figure 1D.10: Increase Per Month in Rent/Mortgage That Would Cause Respondents to Move (N=402)

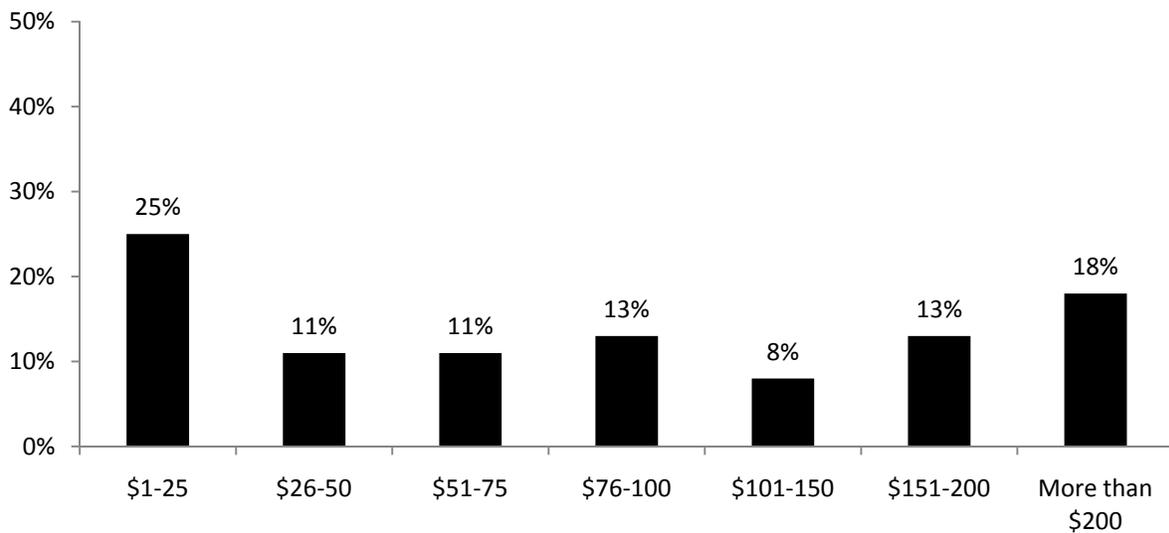
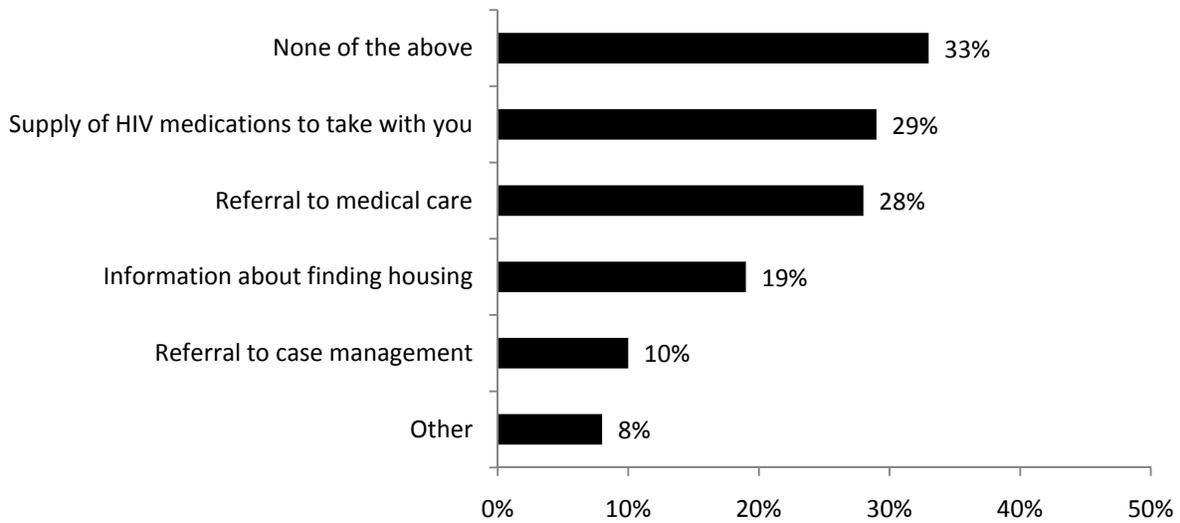


Table 1D.3: Incarcerated in the Past 12 Months

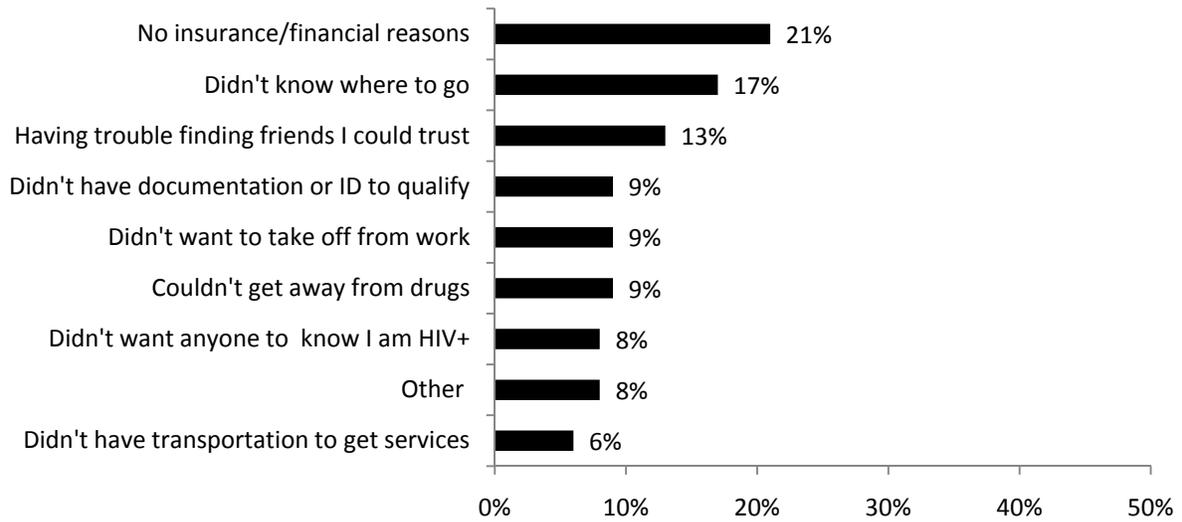
Incarceration	Percent	N
Percentage of respondents in prison/jail in the past 12 months	15%	552
Percentage of incarcerated respondents who reported prison nursing staff knew their HIV status	73%	78
Percentage of incarcerated respondents who reported receiving HIV/AIDS medical care while in prison/jail	86%	79

Figure 1D.11: Type of Assistance Received When Released from Jail/Prison (N=80)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1D.12: Barriers to Accessing HIV/AIDS Services after Release from Jail/Prison (N=53)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

E. Childcare

Figure 1E.1: Respondents Living with Children Under the Age of 18 (N=515)

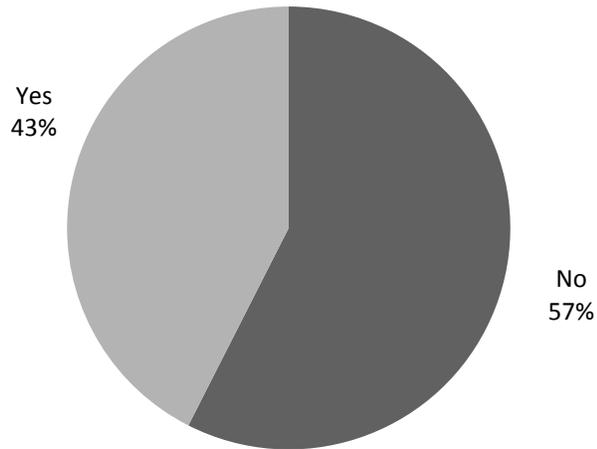


Figure 1E.2: Percentage of Respondents with HIV Positive Child (N=91)

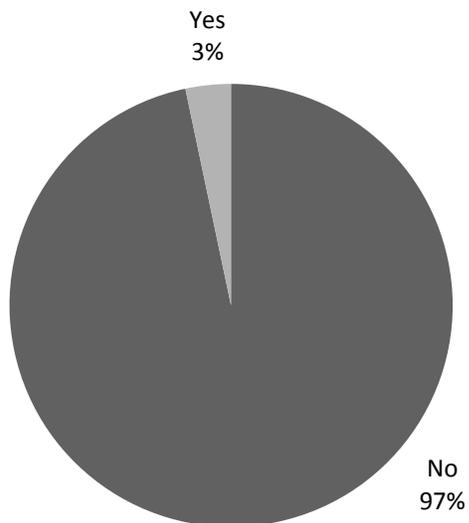
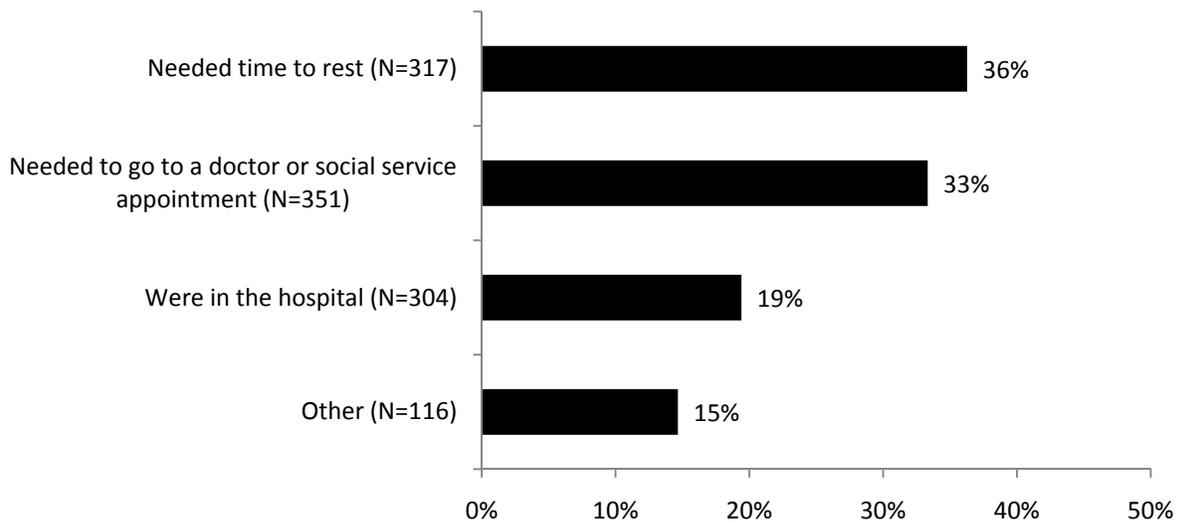
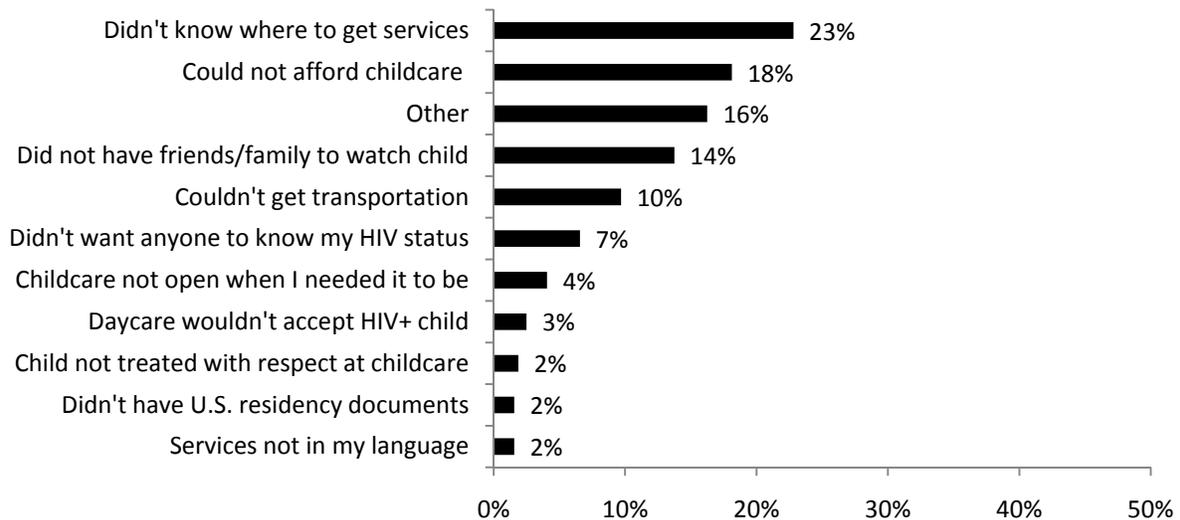


Figure 1E.3: Reasons for Needing Help Caring for Children During Past Six Months



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1E.4: Barrier to Accessing Childcare Services (N=320)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

F. Transportation

Figure 1F.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months

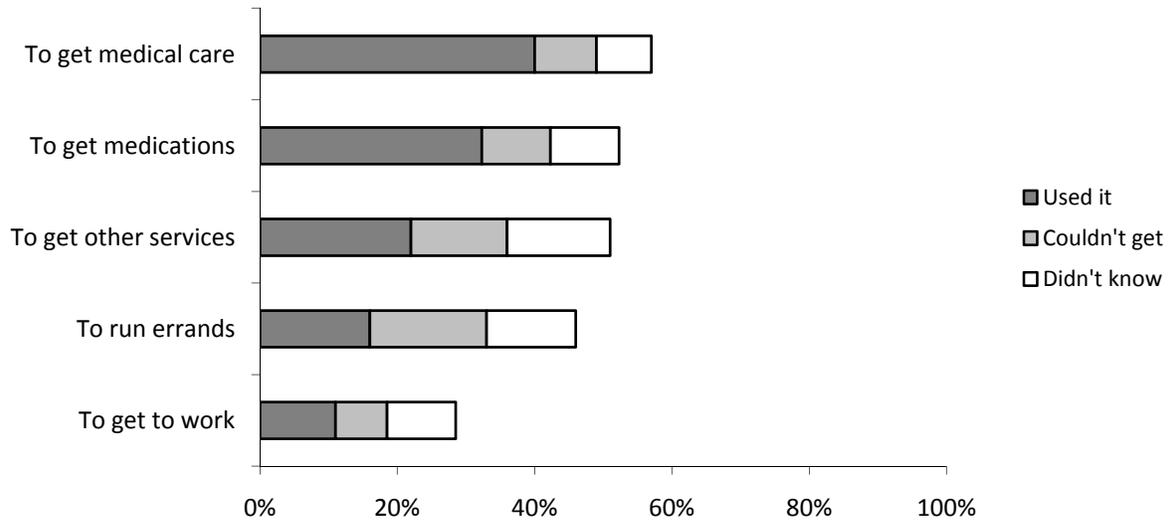


Table 1F.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
To get medical care	40%	9%	8%	42%	434
To get medications	32%	10%	10%	48%	387
To get other services	22%	14%	15%	49%	381
To run errands	16%	17%	13%	53%	354
To get to work	11%	8%	10%	71%	336

Figure 1F.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

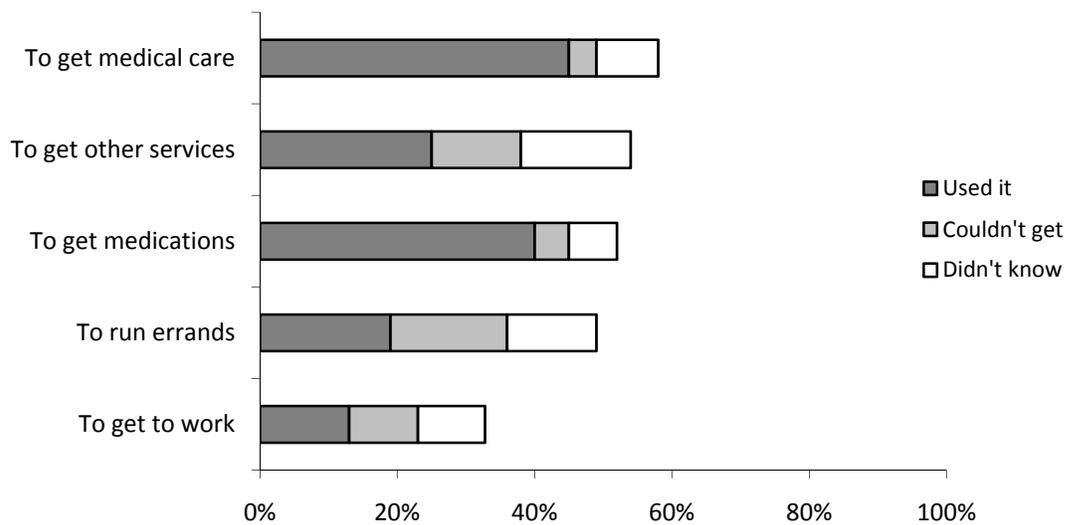


Table 1F.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
To get medical care	45%	4%	9%	42%	159
To get other services	25%	13%	16%	46%	136
To get medications	40%	5%	7%	48%	136
To run errands	19%	17%	13%	50%	126
To get to work	13%	10%	10%	66%	125

Figure F.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

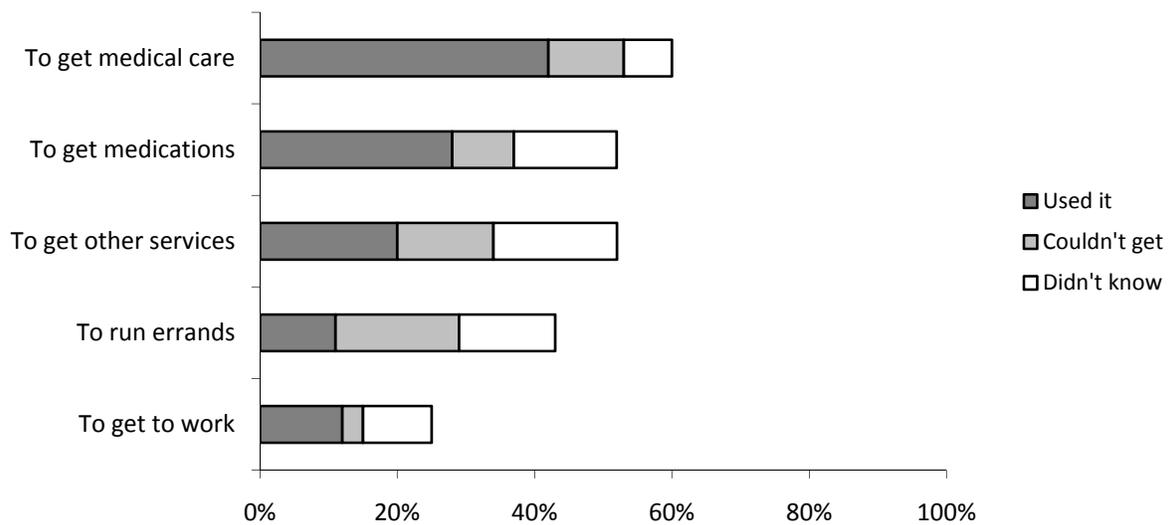


Table 1F.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know service	Didn't need service	N
To get medical care	42%	11%	7%	40%	105
To get medications	28%	9%	15%	48%	87
To get other services	20%	14%	18%	48%	85
To run errands	11%	18%	14%	57%	76
To get to work	12%	3%	10%	75%	69

Figure 1F.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

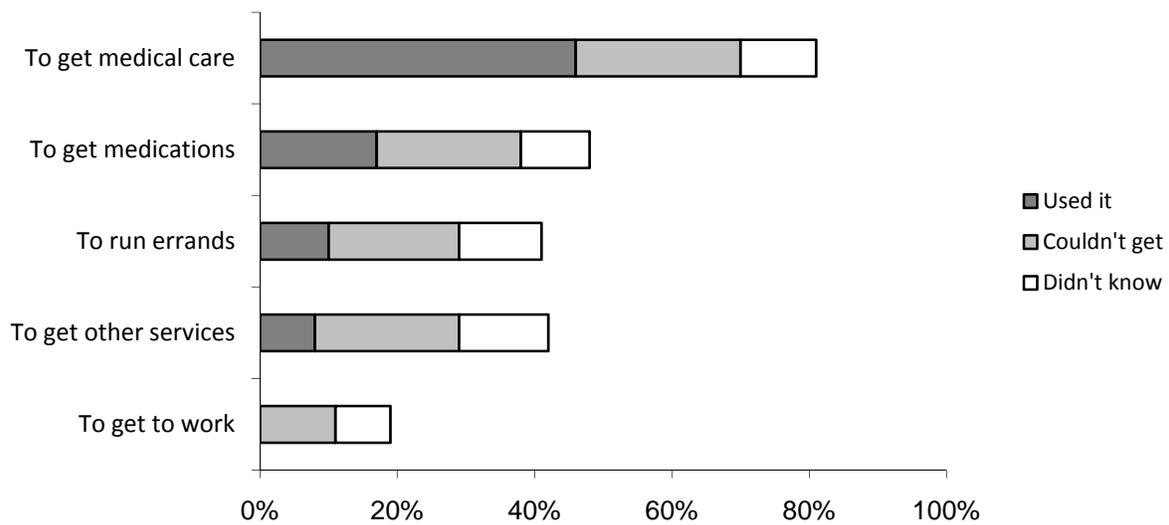


Table 1F.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
To get medical care	46%	24%	11%	46%	79
To get medications	17%	21%	10%	52%	77
To run errands	10%	19%	12%	58%	77
To get other services	8%	21%	13%	59%	78
To get to work	0%	11%	8%	80%	71

Figure 1F.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

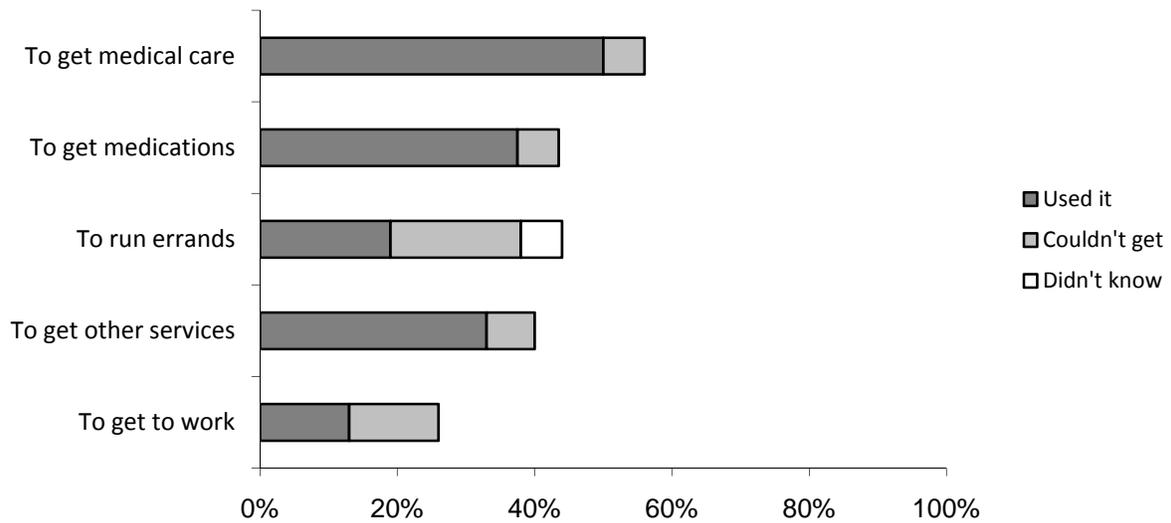
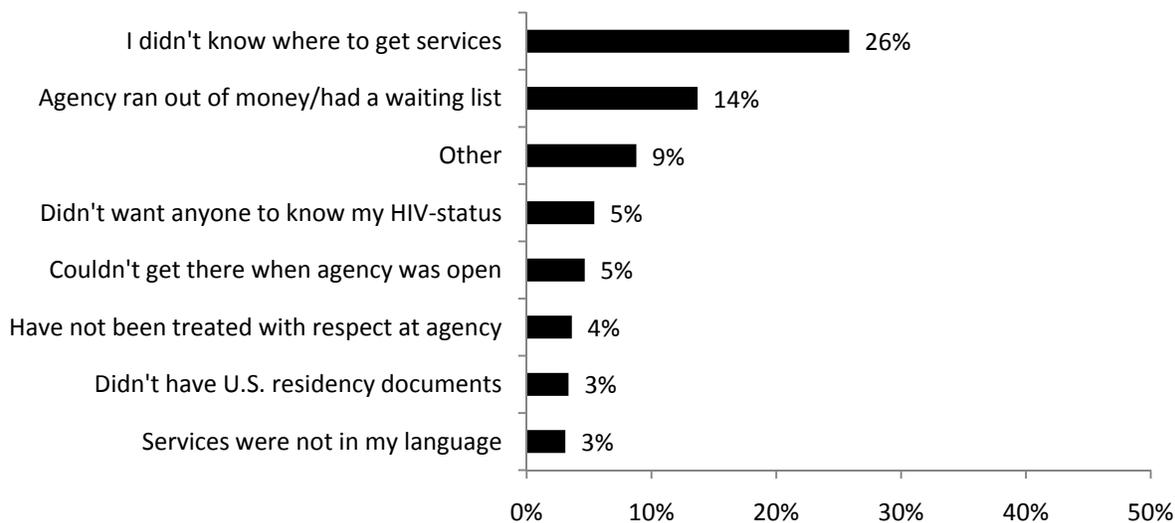


Table 1F.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

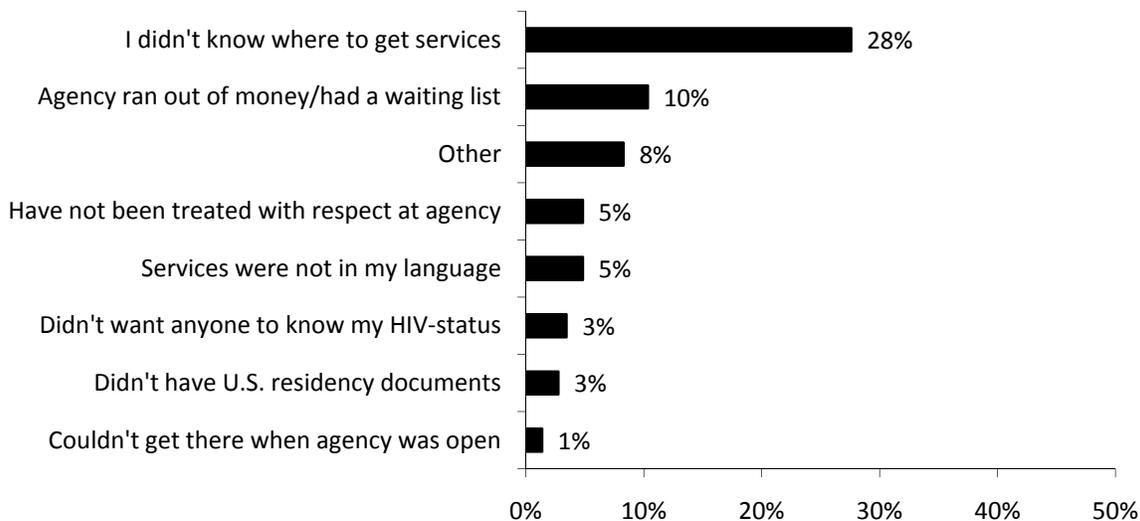
Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
To get medical care	50%	6%	0%	44%	18
To get medications	38%	6%	0%	56%	16
To run errands	19%	19%	6%	56%	16
To get other services	33%	7%	0%	60%	15
To get to work	13%	13%	0%	73%	15

Figure 1F.2: Barriers to Accessing HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months (N=387)



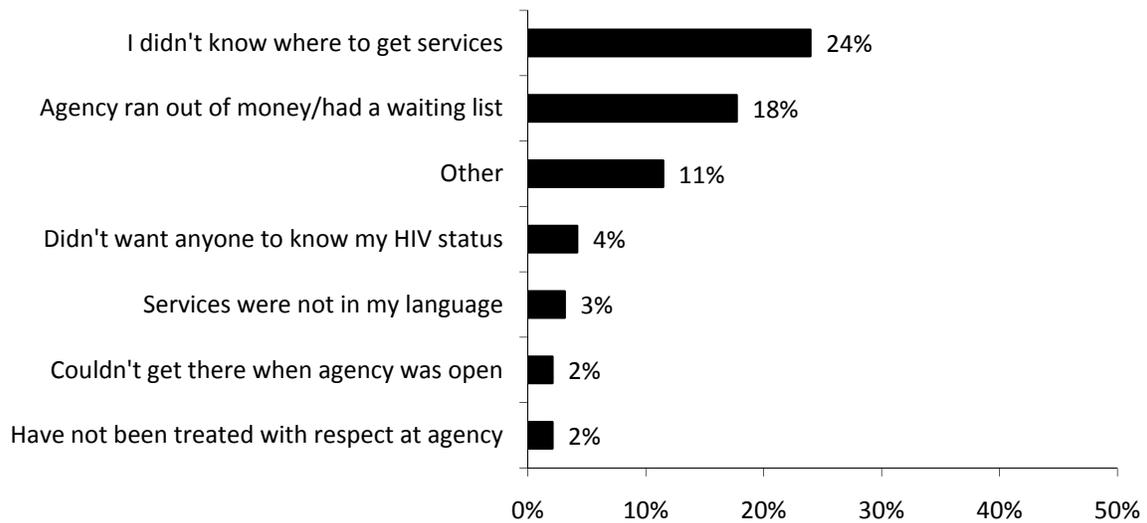
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1F.2a: Barriers to Accessing HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males (N=145)



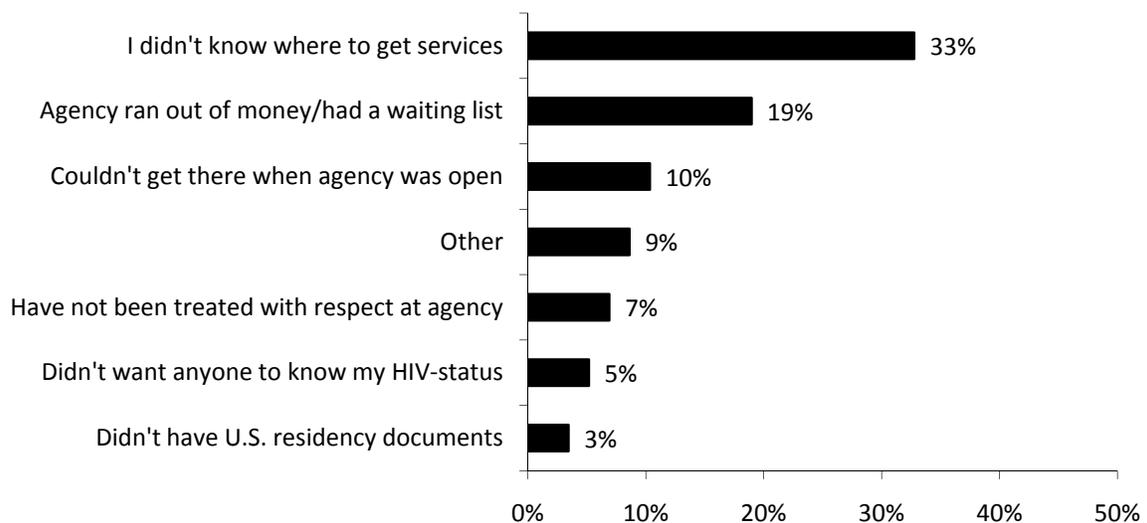
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1F.2b: Barriers to Accessing HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females (N=96)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 1F.2c: Barriers to Accessing HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, White Males (N=58)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 1F.2d: Barriers to Accessing HIV/AIDS-Related Transportation Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

[Too few responses to this question.]

Figure 1F.3: Usual Means of Transportation to HIV/AIDS Services (N=460)

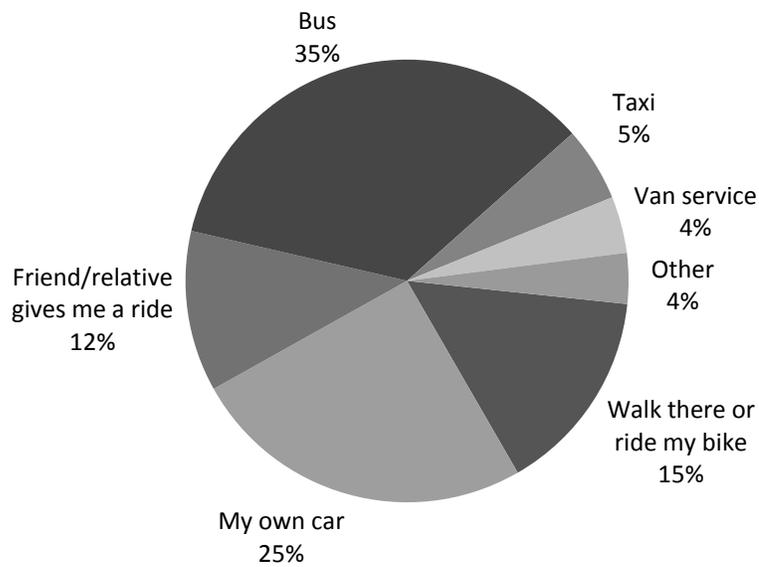


Figure 1F.4: Who Pays for Transportation Services (N=403)

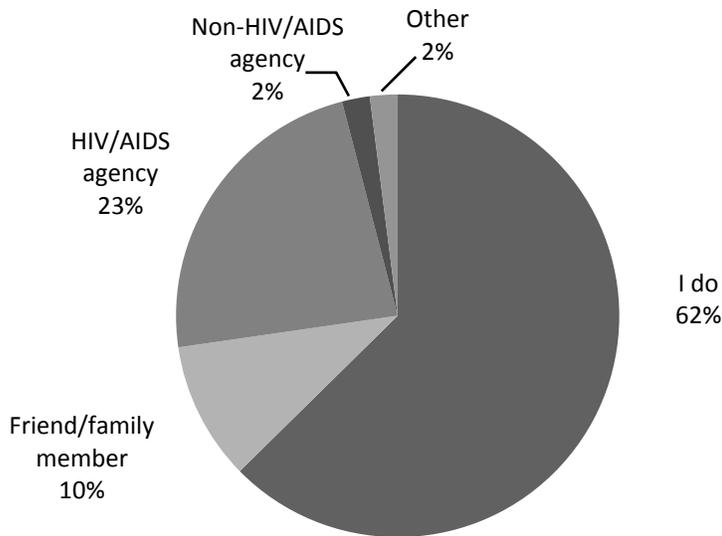
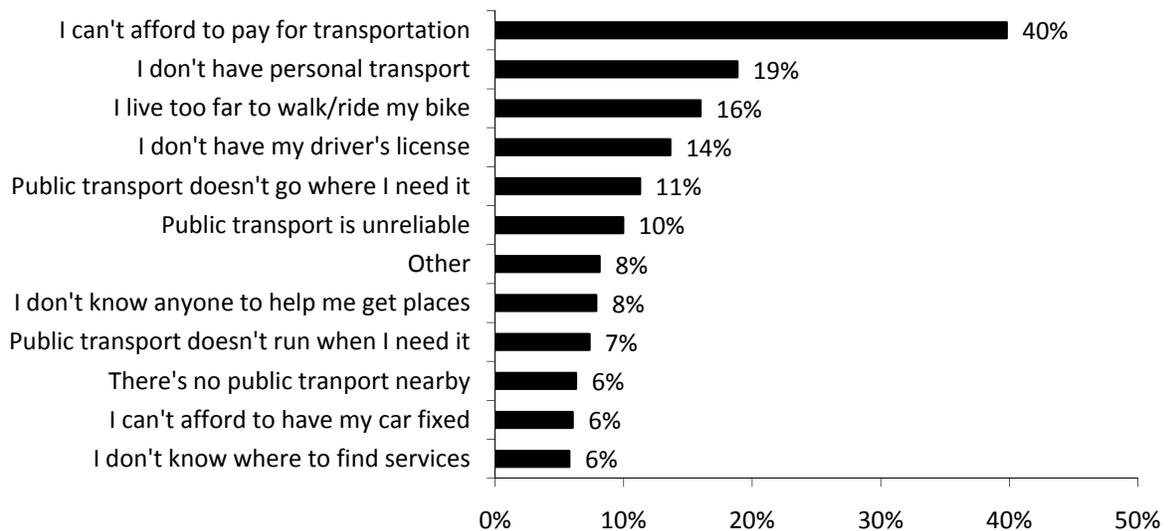


Figure 1F.5: Barriers to Getting Places in General (N=382)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

G. Mental Health and Substance Use

Figure 1G.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health/Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months

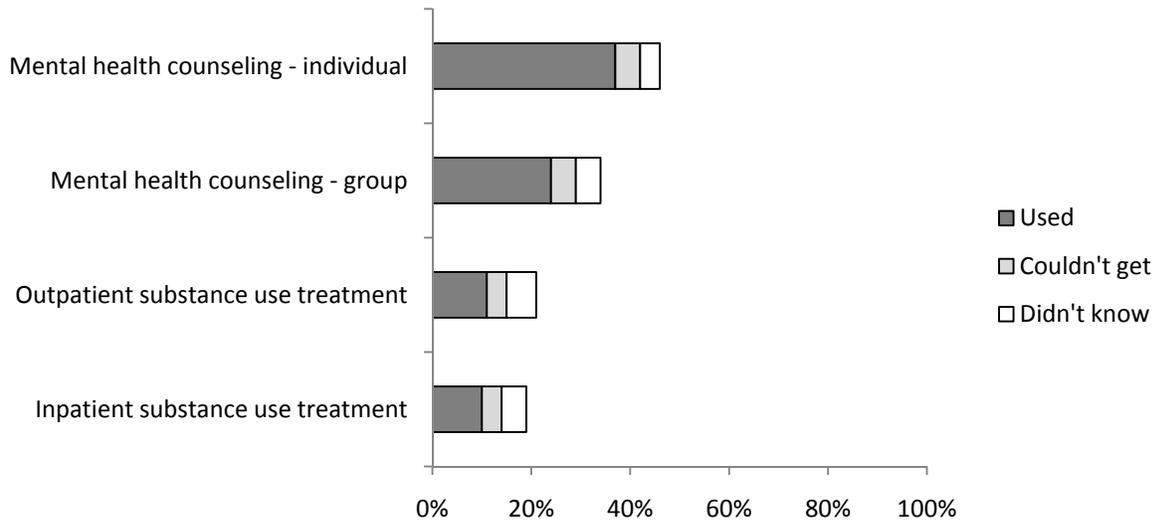


Table 1G.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health/Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Mental health counseling - individual	37%	5%	4%	53%	361
Mental health counseling - group	24%	5%	5%	66%	368
Outpatient substance use treatment	11%	4%	6%	78%	317
Inpatient substance use treatment	10%	4%	5%	80%	319

Figure 1G.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health/Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

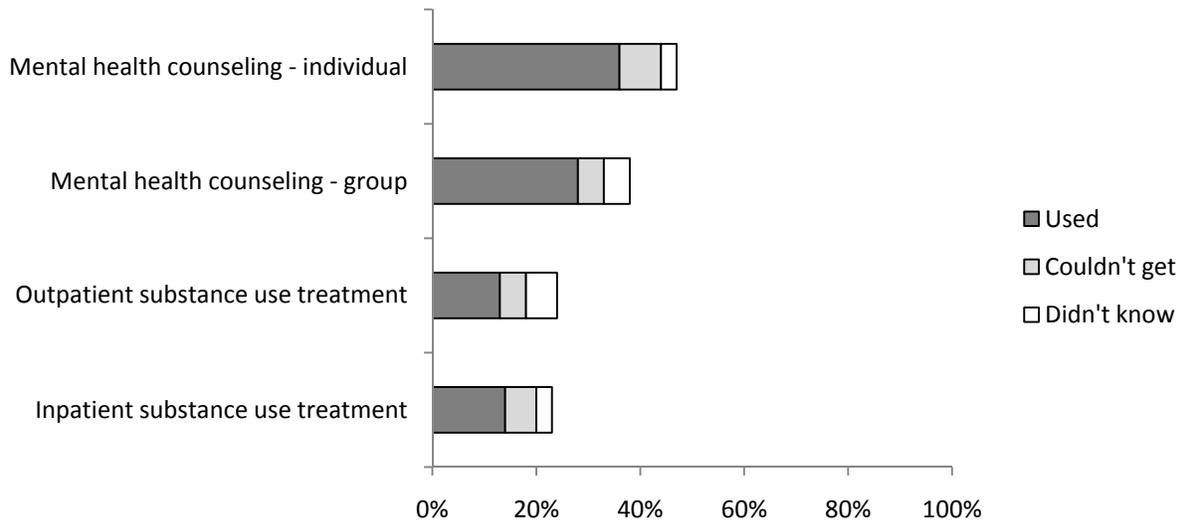


Table 1G.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health/Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Mental health counseling - individual	36%	8%	3%	52%	132
Mental health counseling - group	28%	5%	5%	63%	147
Inpatient substance use treatment	14%	6%	3%	76%	126
Outpatient substance use treatment	13%	5%	6%	76%	122

Figure 1G.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health/Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

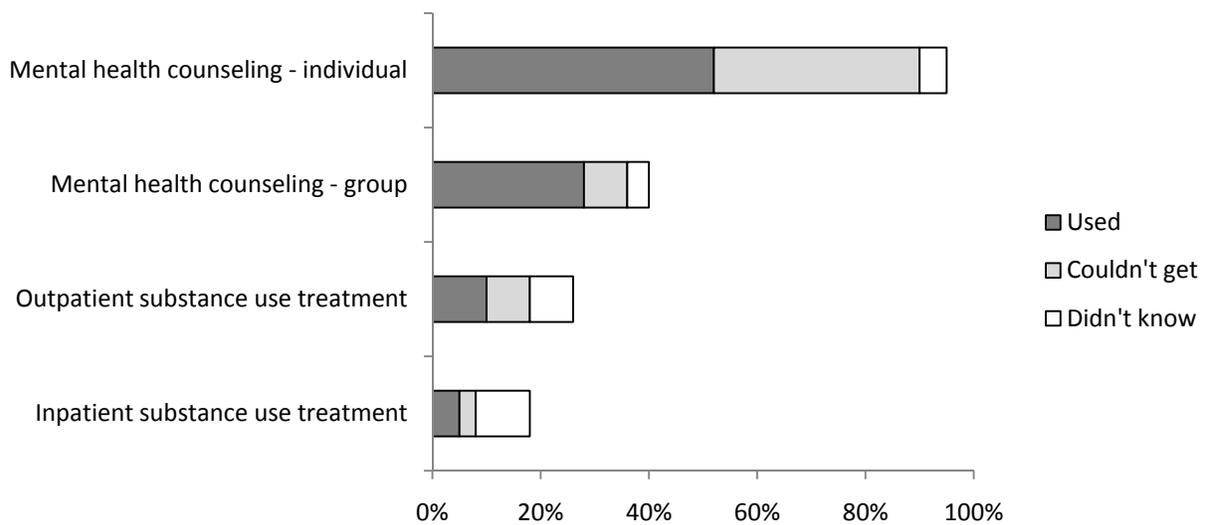


Table 1G.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health/Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Mental health counseling - individual	52%	38%	5%	4%	73
Mental health counseling - group	28%	8%	4%	62%	79
Outpatient substance use treatment	10%	8%	8%	74%	62
Inpatient substance use treatment	5%	3%	10%	82%	63

Figure 1G.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health/Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

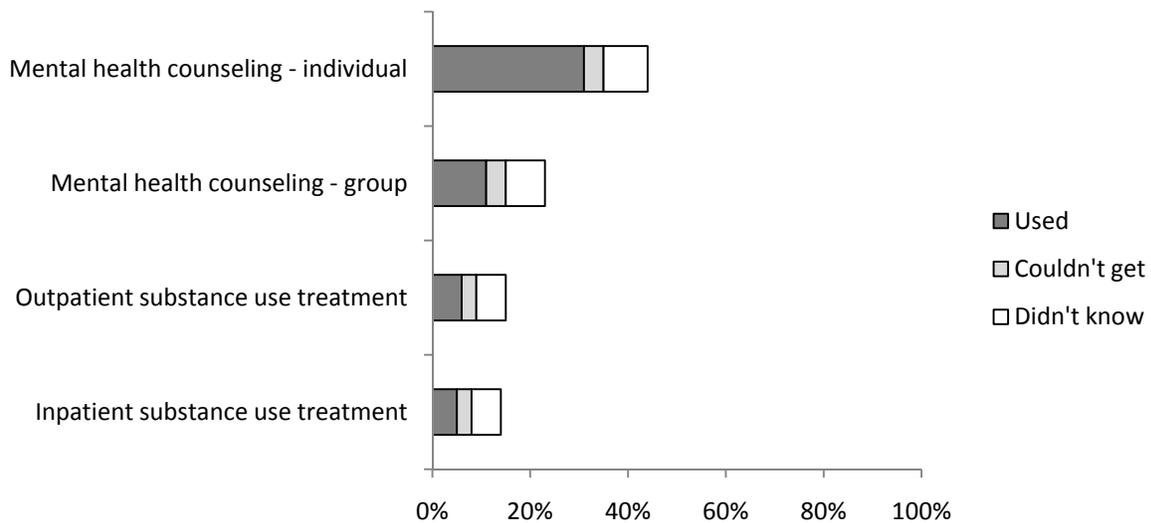


Table 1G.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health/Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Mental health counseling - individual	31%	4%	9%	55%	74
Mental health counseling - group	11%	4%	8%	76%	72
Inpatient substance use treatment	5%	3%	6%	86%	66
Outpatient substance use treatment	6%	3%	6%	86%	69

Figure 1G.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health/Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

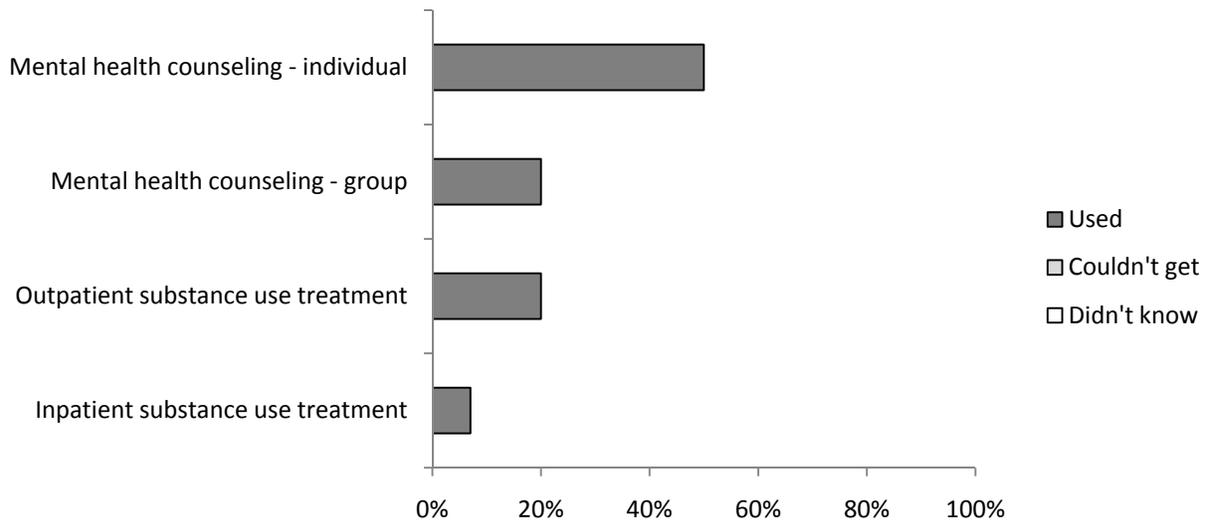
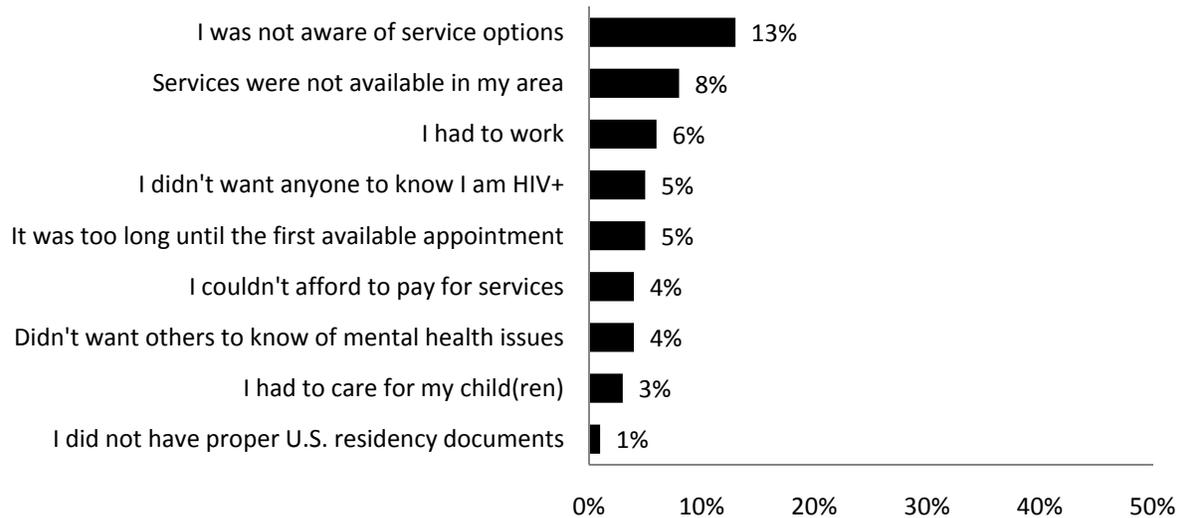


Table 1G.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health/Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

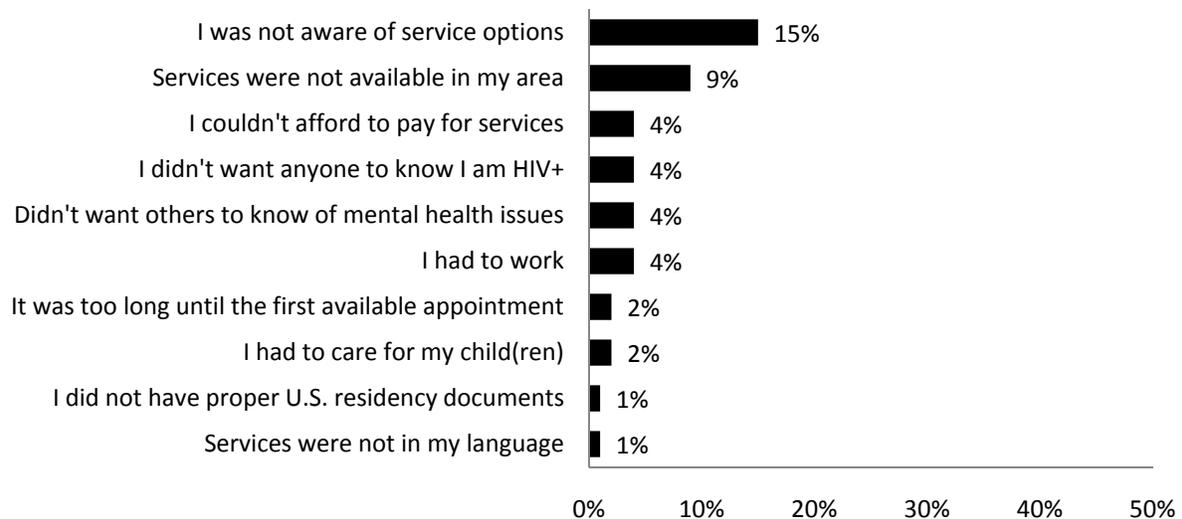
Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Mental health counseling - individual	50%	0%	0%	50%	16
Outpatient substance use treatment	20%	0%	0%	80%	15
Mental health counseling - group	20%	0%	0%	80%	15
Inpatient substance use treatment	7%	0%	0%	93%	15

Figure 1G.2: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health Services in the Last Six Months (N=409)



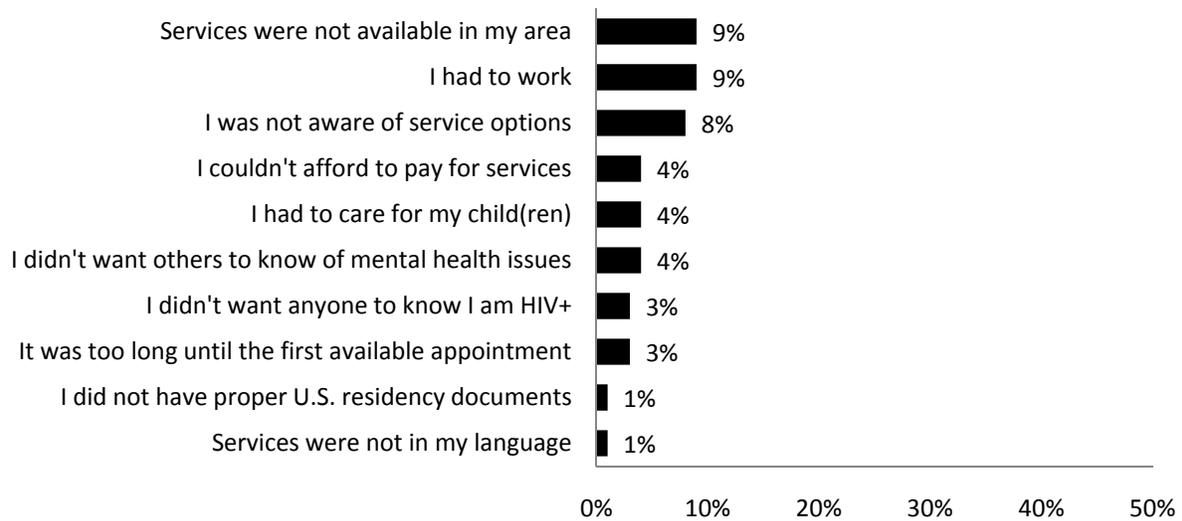
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 1G.2a: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males (N=163)



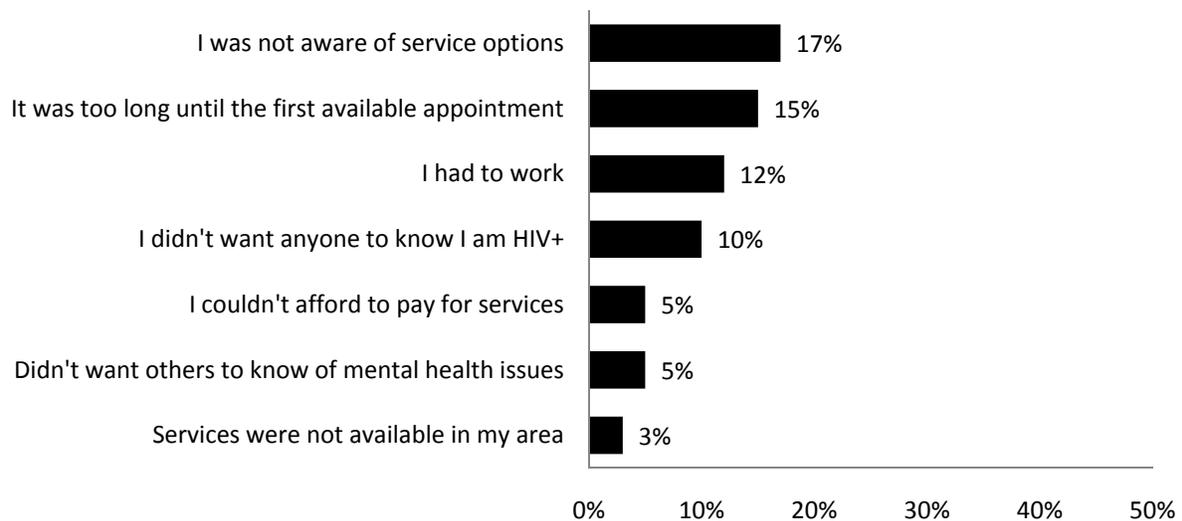
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1G.2b: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females (N=93)



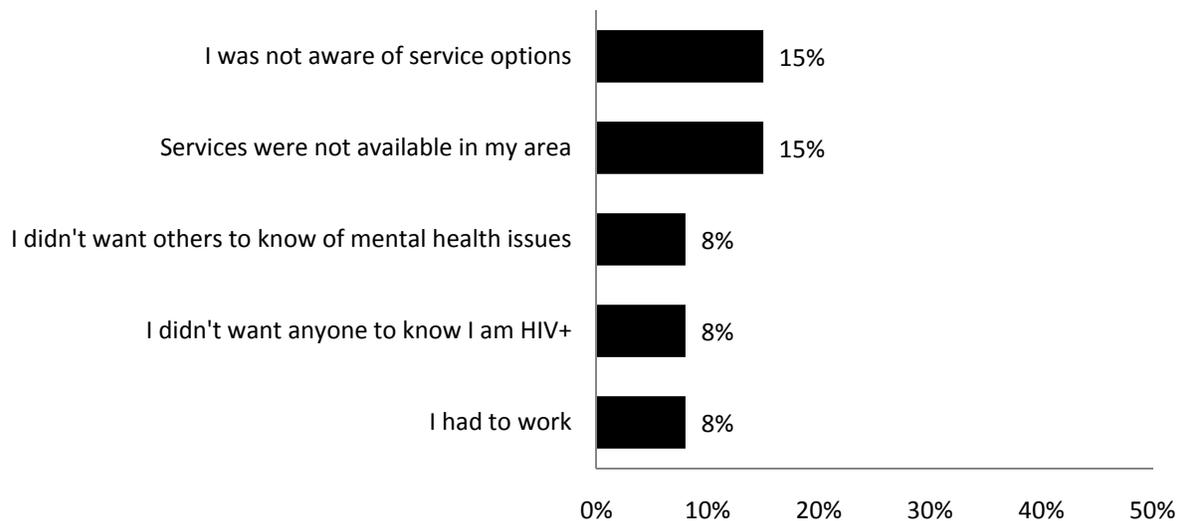
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1G.2c: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health Services in the Last Six Months, White Males (N=60)



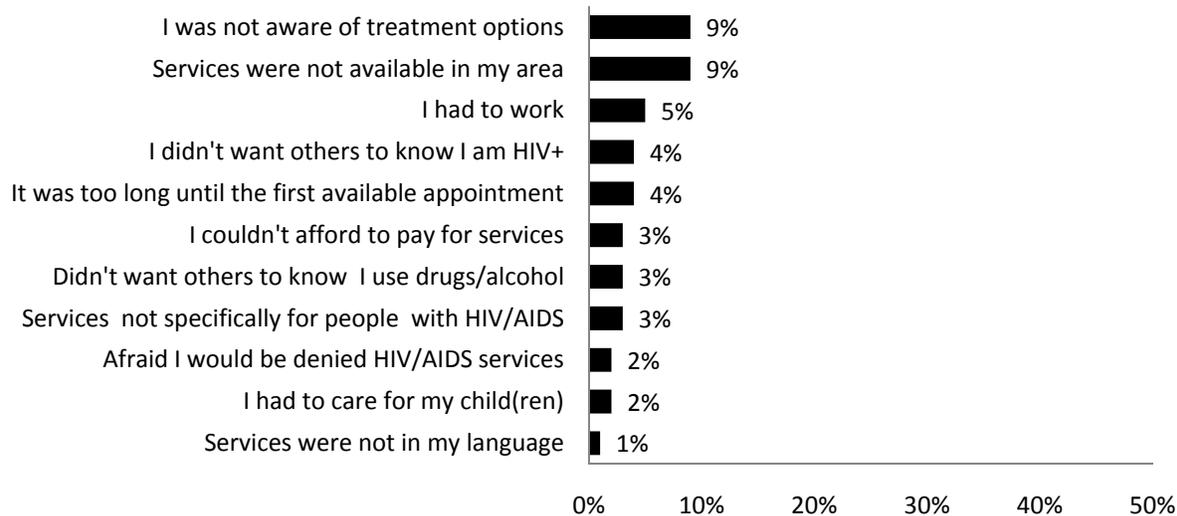
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 1G.2d: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Mental Health Services in the Last Six Months, White Females (N=13)



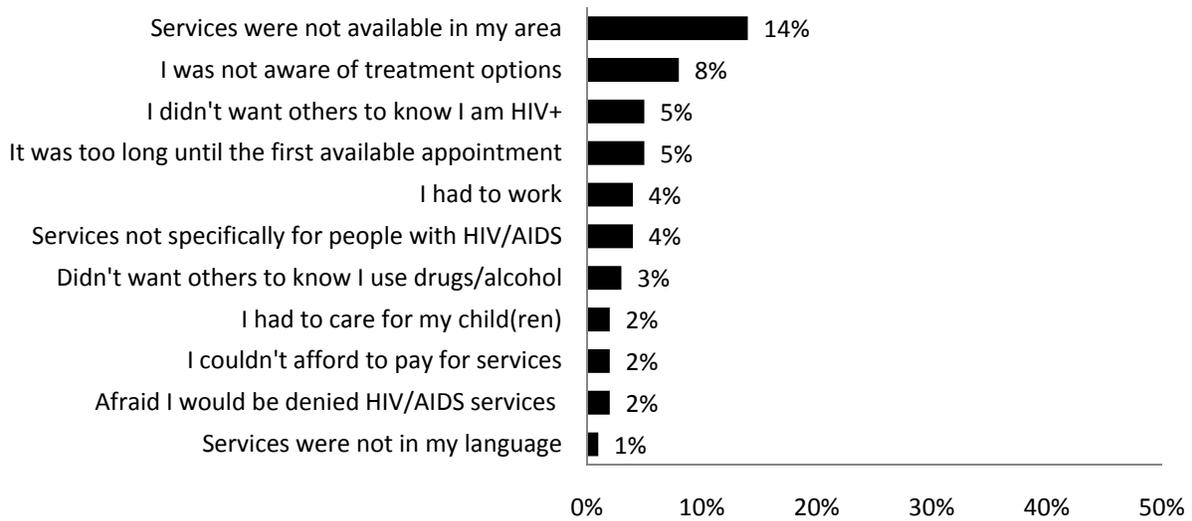
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 1G.3: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months (N=433)



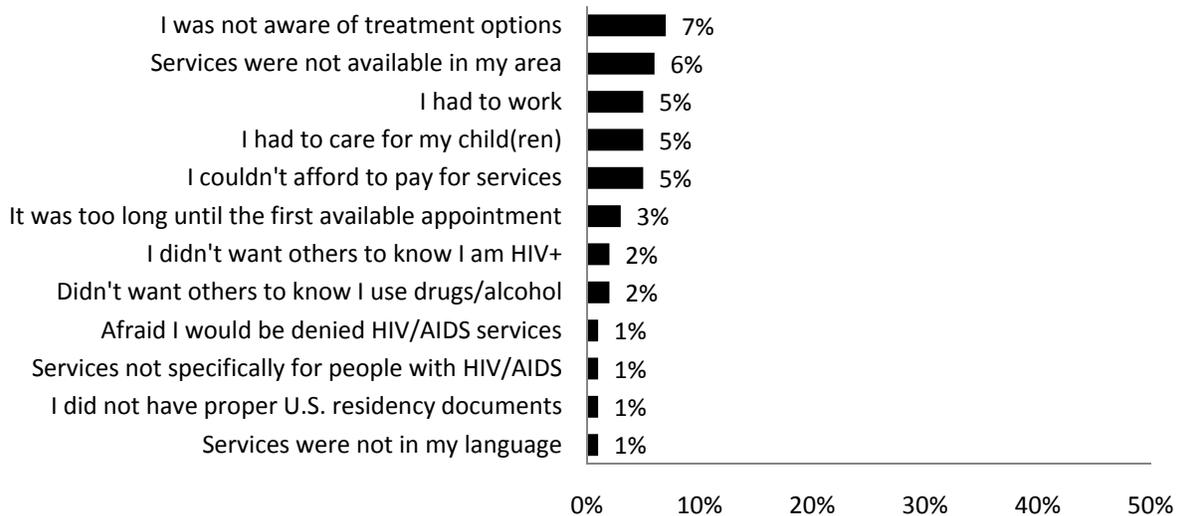
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1G.3a: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males (N=168)



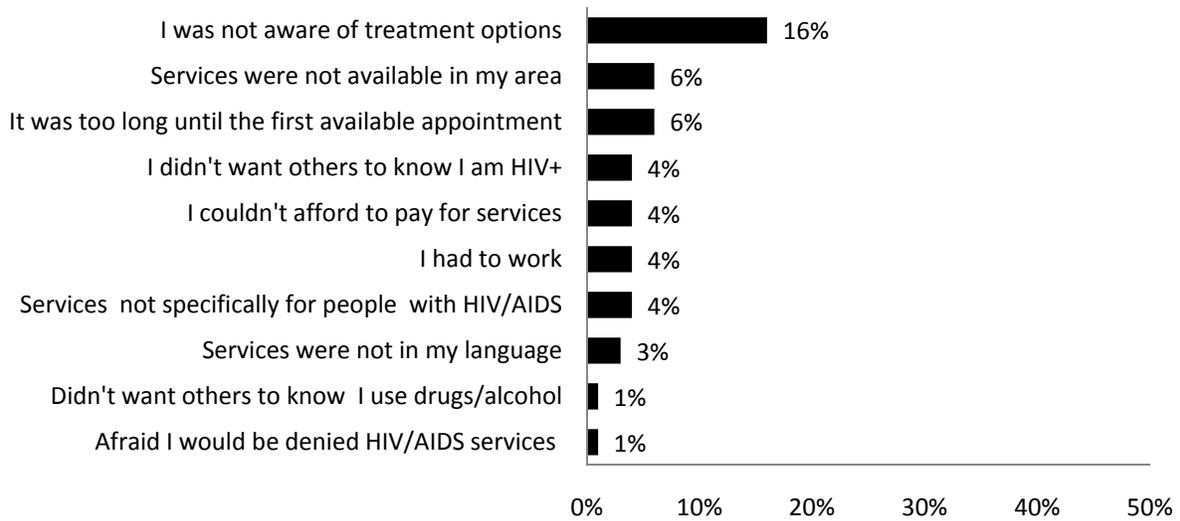
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1G.3b: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females (N=97)



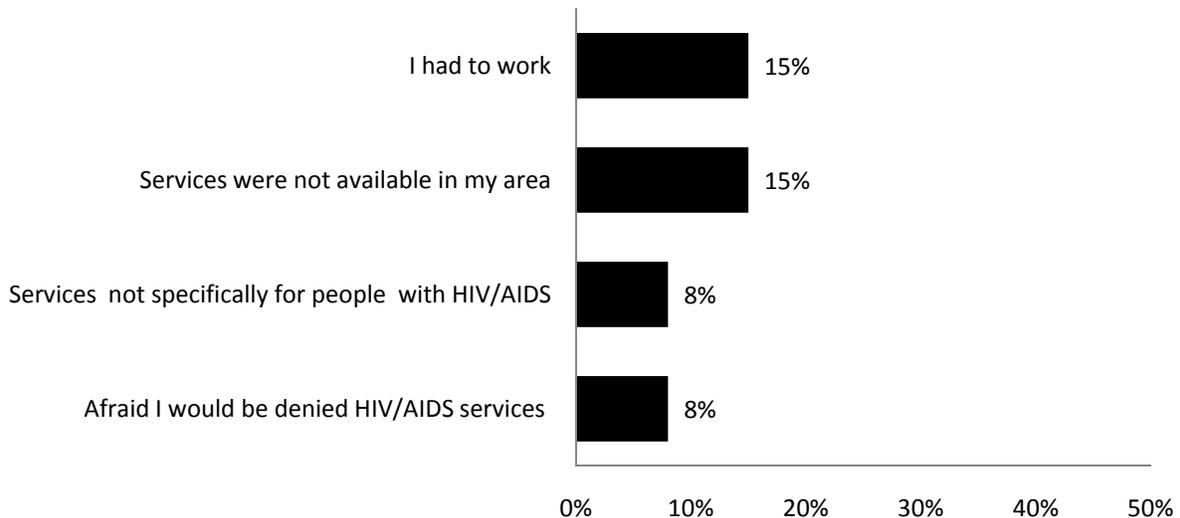
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1G.3c: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, White Males (N=70)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 1G.3d: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Substance Use Services in the Last Six Months, White Females (N=13)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 1G.4: Report Feeling These Emotions Over the Last Two Weeks

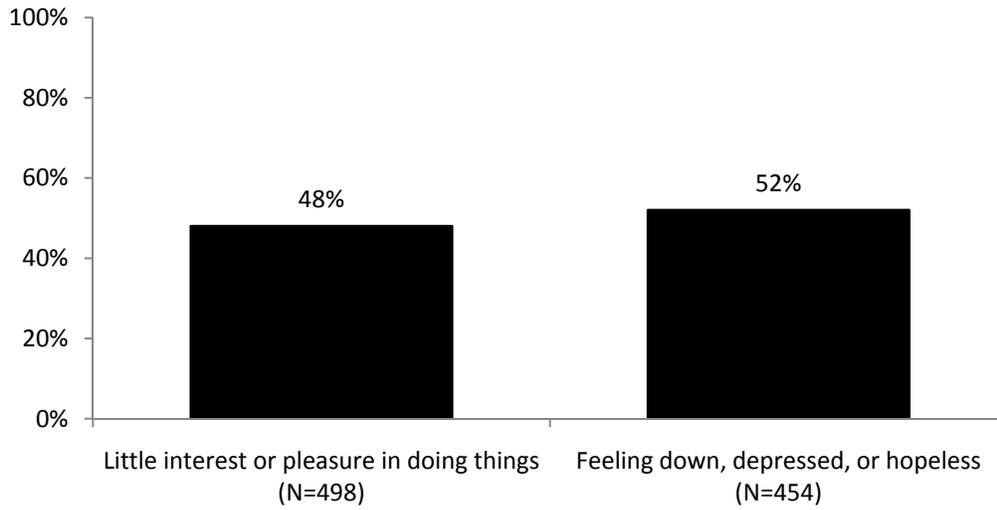


Figure 1G.5: Received Mental Health Services in Last Six Months (N=540)

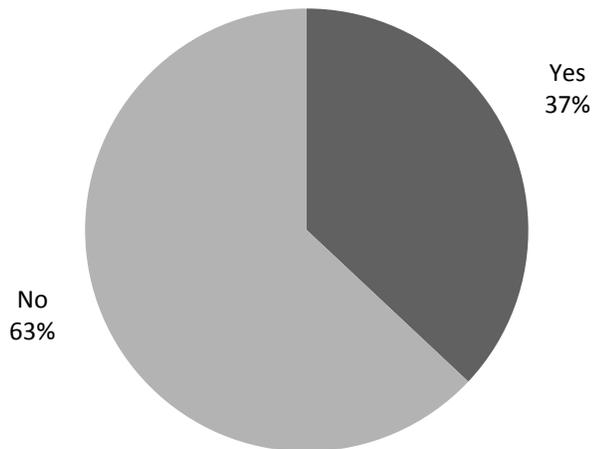


Figure 1G.6: Types of Mental Health Counseling Received (N=192)

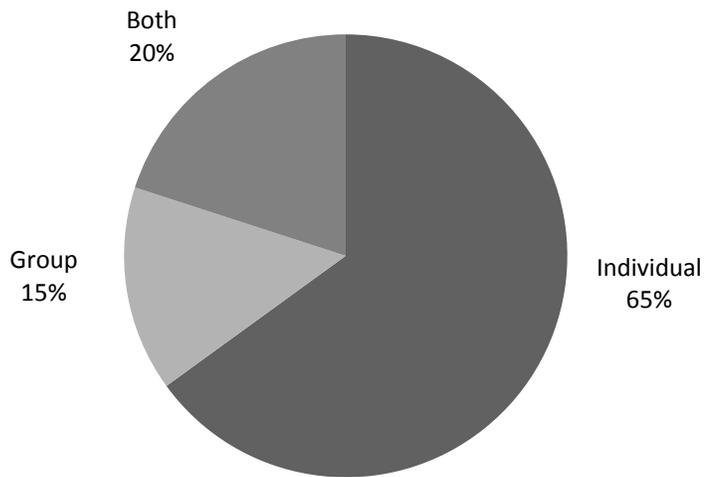


Figure 1G.7: Received Prescriptions for Mental Health Reasons (N=523)

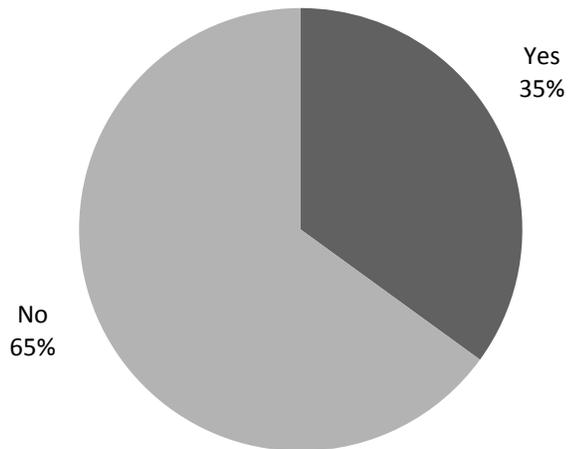


Figure 1G.8: Received Mental Health Medications Needed (N=178)

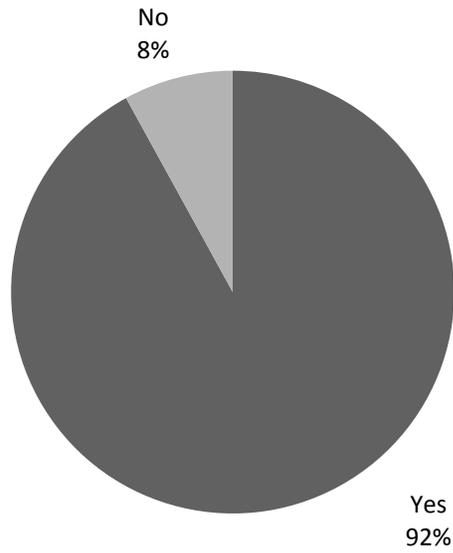


Figure 1G.9: Hospitalized for Mental Health Reasons in Last Six Months (N=541)

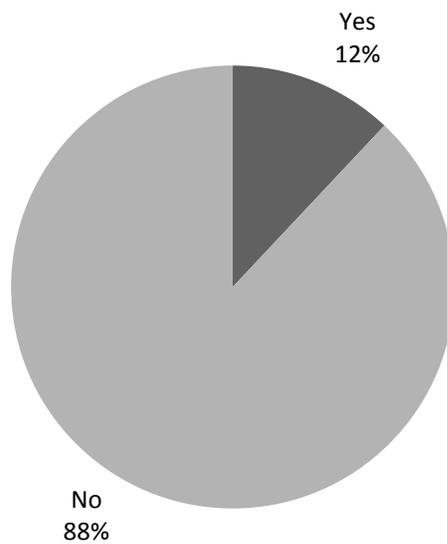


Figure 1G.10: In Treatment for Substance Use in Last Six Months (N=535)

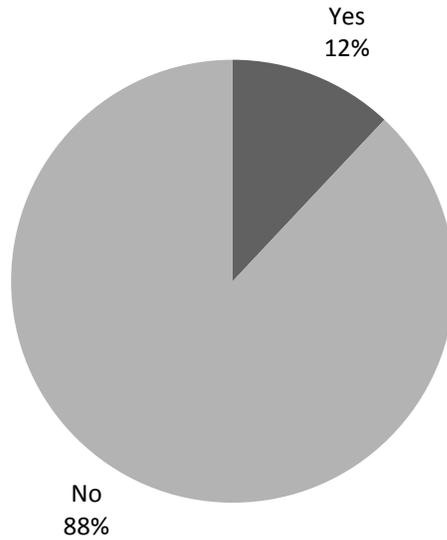
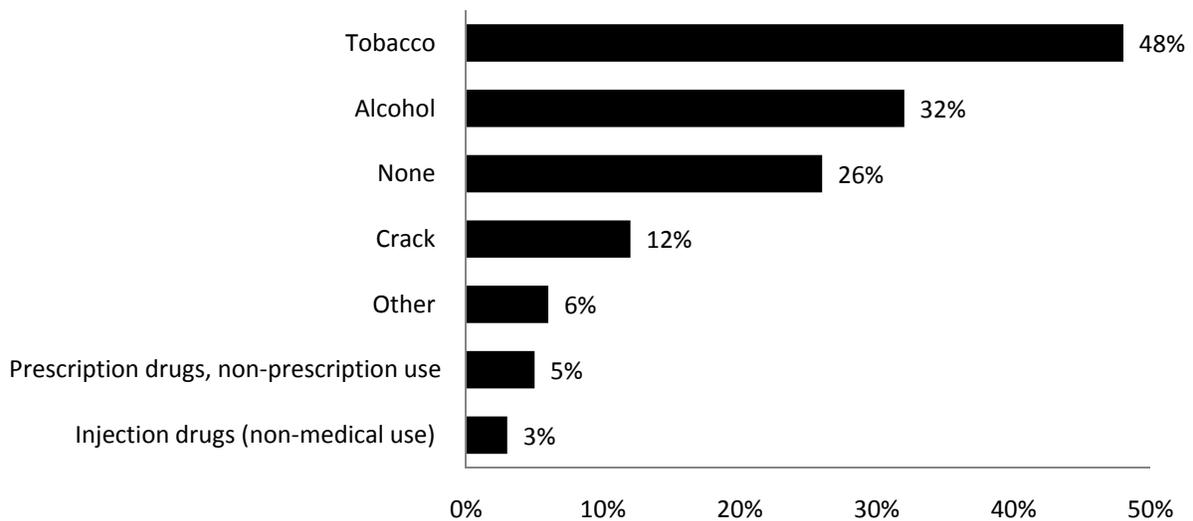


Figure 1G.11: Type of Substances Used in the Past Six Months (N=601)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1G.12: Used Injection Drugs in the Past Three Months (N=523)

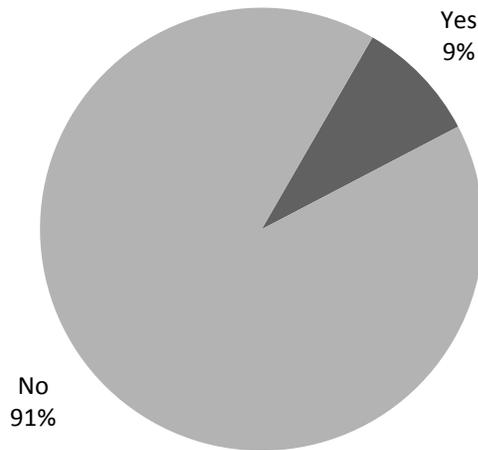


Figure 1G.13: Shared Needle With Others in Last Three Months (N=34)

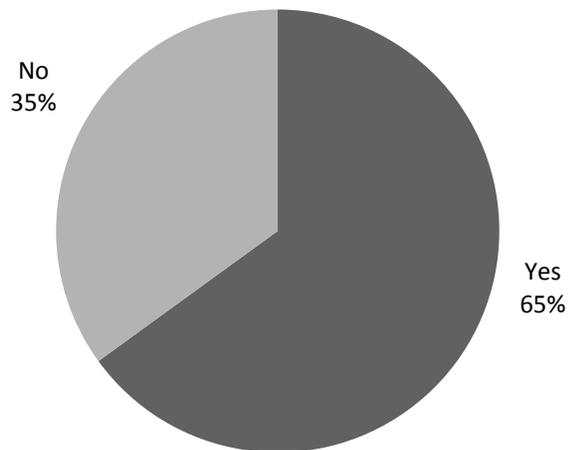


Figure 1G.14: Used a Clean Needle Last Time (N=42)

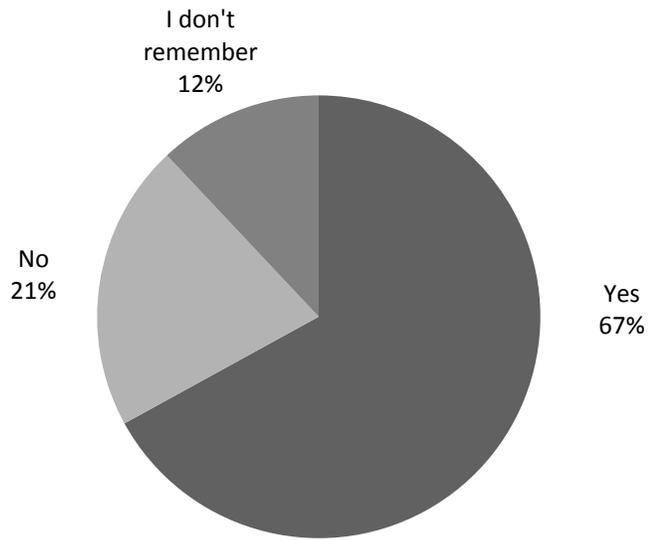


Figure 1G.15: Knows Where to Get Clean Needles (N=40)

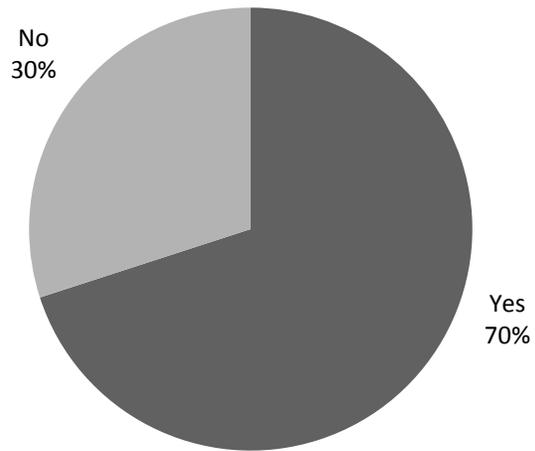


Figure 1G.16: If Using Substances, Expresses a Desire to Stop (N=311)

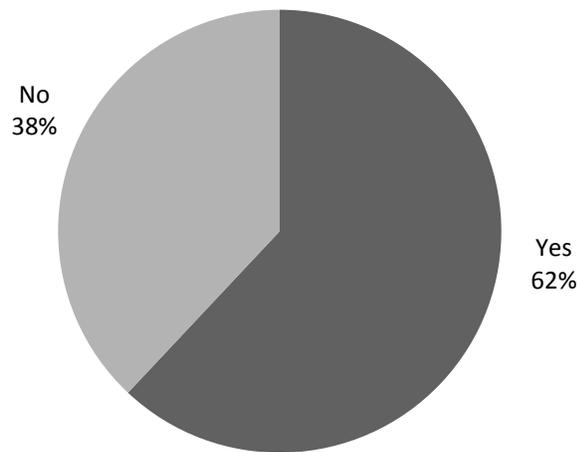
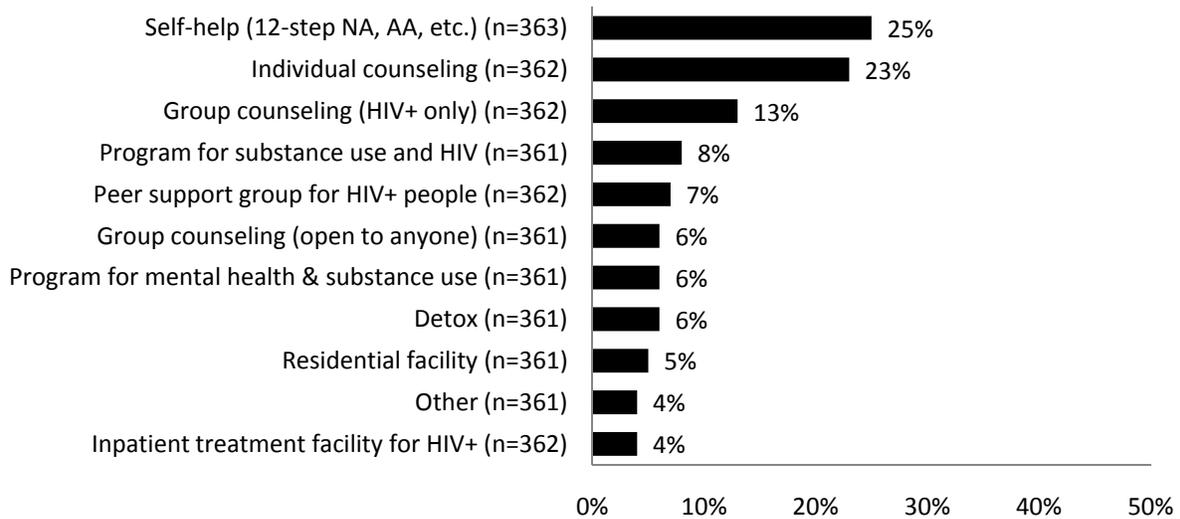


Figure 1G.17: Services Would Most Likely Use to Help With Substance Use



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

H: Other Services

Figure 1H.1: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services in the Last Six Months

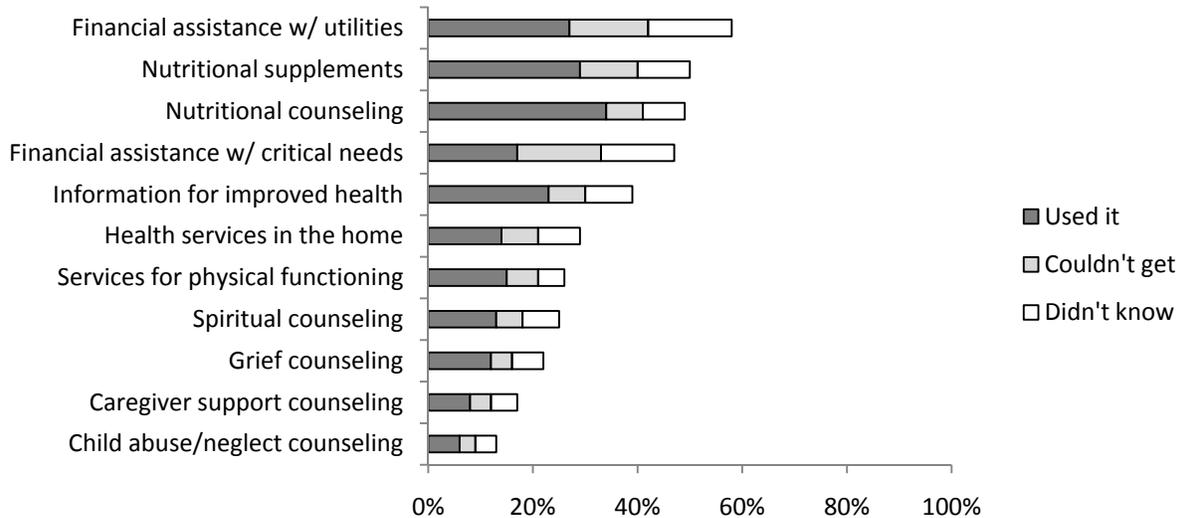


Table 1H.1: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services in the Last Six Months

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Financial assistance w/ utilities	27%	15%	16%	42%	388
Nutritional supplements	29%	11%	10%	50%	397
Nutritional counseling	34%	7%	8%	51%	423
Financial assistance w/ critical needs	17%	16%	14%	52%	385
Information for improved health	23%	7%	9%	61%	380
Health services in the home	14%	7%	8%	70%	374
Services for physical functioning	15%	6%	5%	73%	366
Spiritual counseling	13%	5%	7%	75%	359
Grief counseling	12%	4%	6%	78%	331
Caregiver support counseling	8%	4%	5%	82%	355
Child abuse/neglect counseling	6%	3%	4%	87%	349

Figure 1H.1a: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

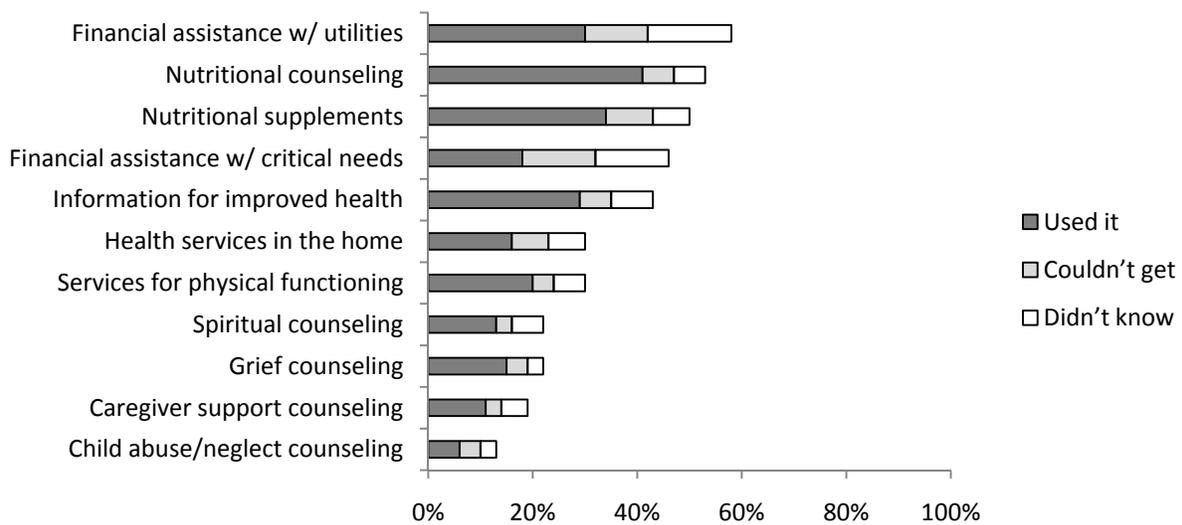


Table 1H.1a: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Financial assistance w/ utilities	30%	12%	16%	42%	141
Nutritional counseling	41%	6%	6%	47%	160
Nutritional supplements	34%	9%	7%	51%	150
Financial assistance w/ critical needs	18%	14%	14%	54%	140
Information for improved health	29%	6%	8%	58%	146
Health services in the home	16%	7%	7%	69%	136
Services for physical functioning	20%	4%	6%	70%	140
Spiritual counseling	13%	3%	6%	78%	129
Grief counseling	15%	4%	3%	79%	113
Caregiver support counseling	11%	3%	5%	80%	131
Child abuse/neglect counseling	6%	4%	3%	87%	129

Figure 1H.1b: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

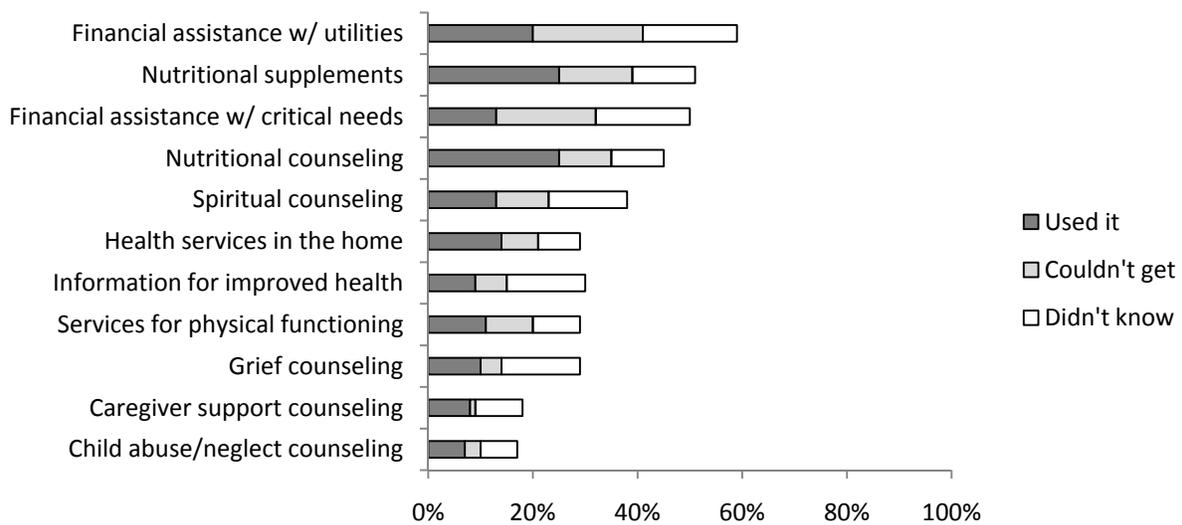


Table 1H.1b: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Financial assistance w/ utilities	20%	21%	18%	41%	90
Nutritional supplements	25%	14%	12%	48%	91
Financial assistance w/ critical needs	13%	19%	18%	50%	90
Nutritional counseling	25%	10%	10%	55%	97
Spiritual counseling	13%	10%	15%	62%	86
Health services in the home	14%	7%	8%	70%	84
Grief counseling	10%	4%	15%	71%	79
Services for physical functioning	11%	9%	9%	71%	79
Information for improved health	9%	6%	15%	71%	82
Caregiver support counseling	8%	1%	9%	82%	77
Child abuse/neglect counseling	7%	3%	7%	84%	76

Figure 1H.1c: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

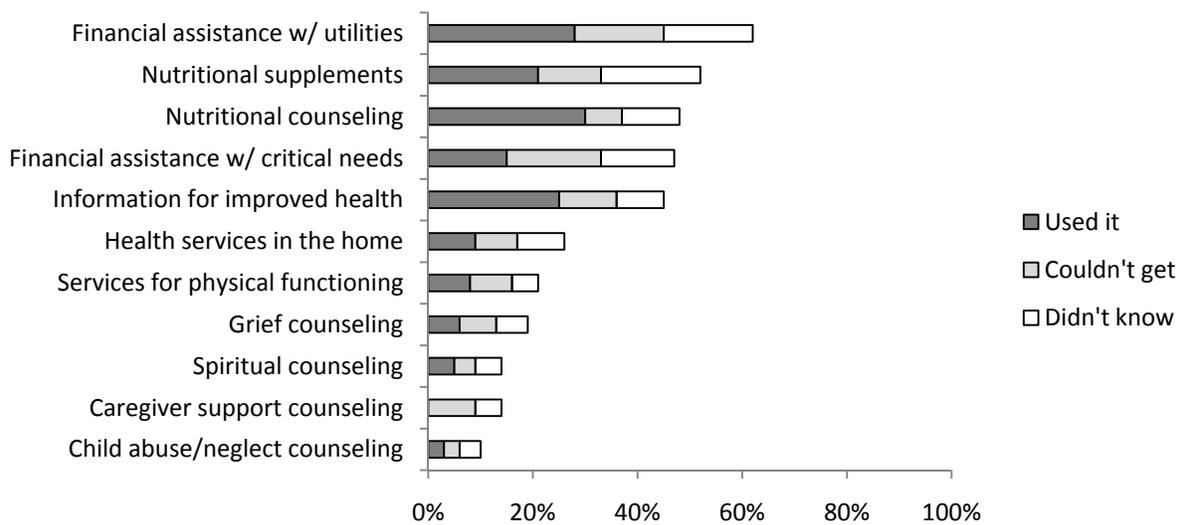


Table 1H.1c: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Financial assistance w/ utilities	28%	17%	17%	38%	78
Nutritional supplements	21%	12%	19%	48%	81
Nutritional counseling	30%	7%	11%	52%	84
Financial assistance w/ critical needs	15%	18%	14%	53%	80
Information for improved health	25%	11%	9%	55%	76
Health services in the home	9%	8%	9%	74%	78
Services for physical functioning	8%	8%	5%	79%	75
Grief counseling	6%	7%	6%	81%	68
Spiritual counseling	5%	4%	5%	85%	73
Caregiver support counseling	0%	9%	5%	86%	76
Child abuse/neglect counseling	3%	3%	4%	91%	74

Figure 1H.1d: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

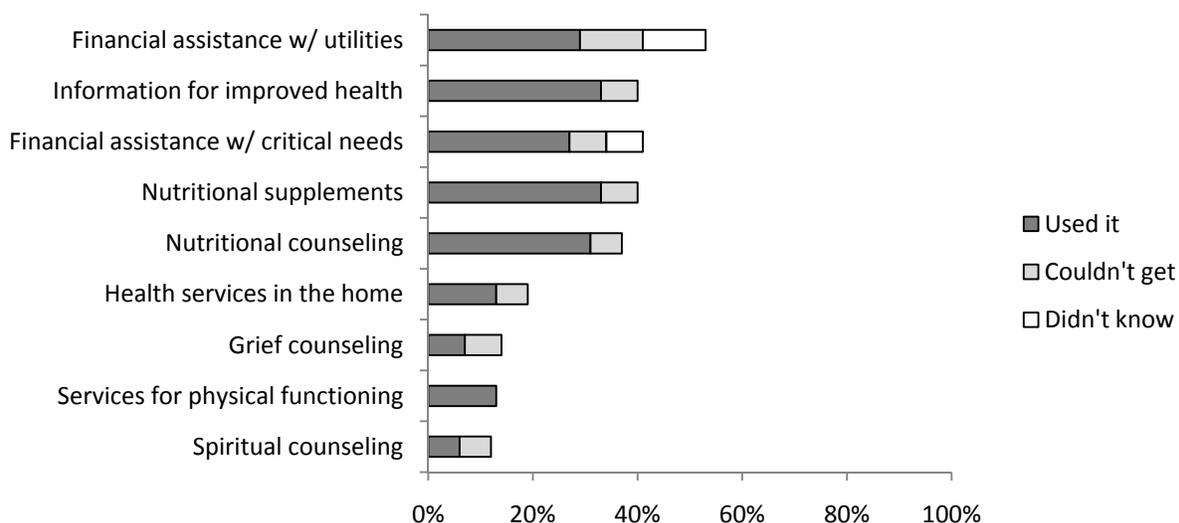


Table 1H.1d: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Financial assistance w/ utilities	29%	12%	12%	47%	17
Nutritional supplements	33%	7%	0%	60%	15
Financial assistance w/ critical needs	27%	7%	7%	60%	15
Information for improved health	33%	7%	0%	60%	15
Nutritional counseling	31%	6%	0%	63%	16
Health services in the home	13%	6%	0%	81%	16
Grief counseling	7%	7%	0%	87%	15
Spiritual counseling	6%	6%	0%	88%	16
Services for physical functioning	13%	0%	0%	88%	16

Figure 1H.2: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis

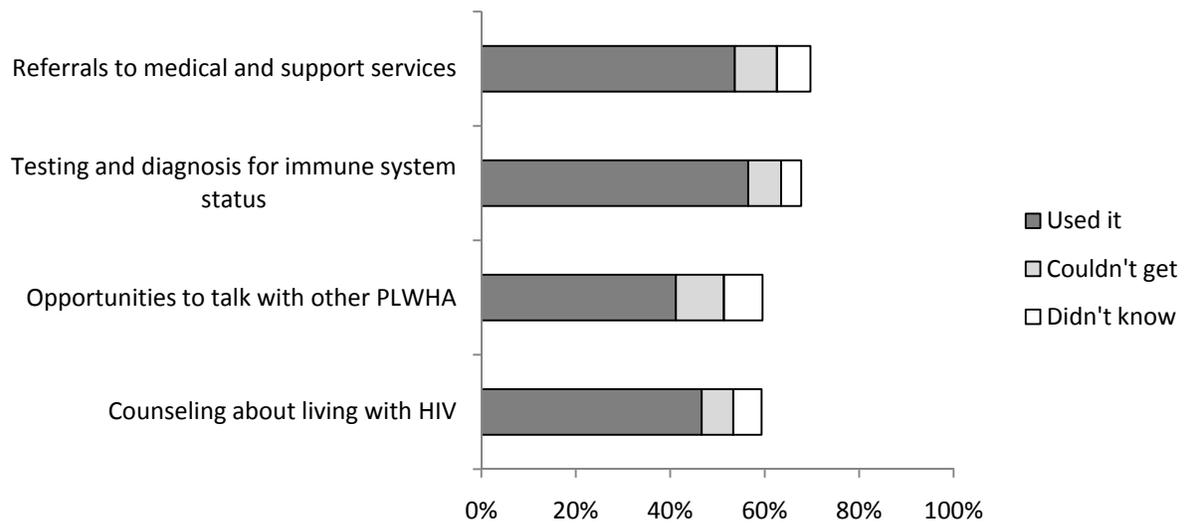


Table 1H.2: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Referrals to medical and support services	54%	9%	7%	30%	406
Testing and diagnosis for immune system status	57%	7%	4%	32%	400
Opportunities to talk with other PLWHA	41%	10%	8%	40%	403
Counseling about living with HIV	47%	7%	6%	41%	418

Figure 1H.2a: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis, African-American Males

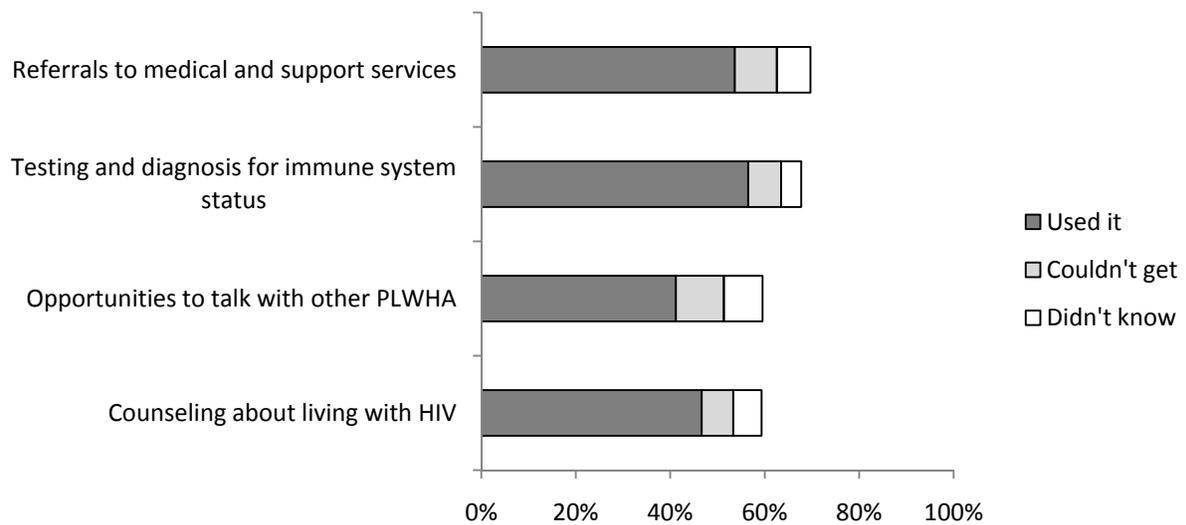


Table 1H.2a: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis, African-American Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Referrals to medical and support services	60%	5%	6%	29%	150
Testing and diagnosis for immune system status	57%	4%	2%	37%	145
Counseling about living with HIV	54%	4%	3%	38%	149
Opportunities to talk with other PLWHA	44%	9%	7%	40%	145

Figure 1H.2b: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis, African-American Females

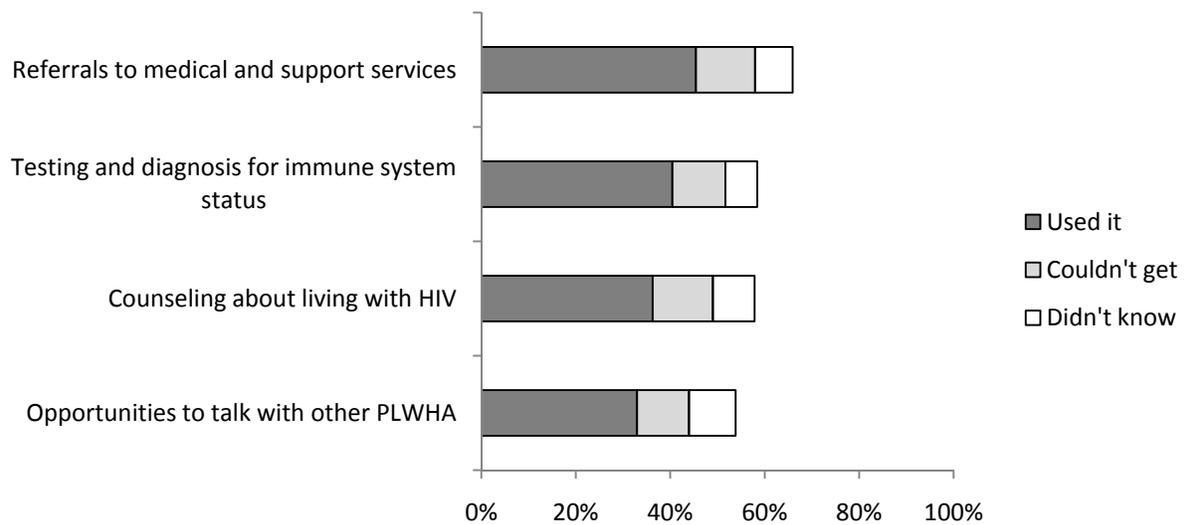


Table 1H.2b: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis, African-American Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Referrals to medical and support services	45%	13%	8%	34%	88
Testing and diagnosis for immune system status	40%	11%	7%	42%	89
Counseling about living with HIV	36%	13%	9%	42%	102
Opportunities to talk with other PLWHA	33%	11%	10%	46%	91

Figure 1H.2c: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis, White Males

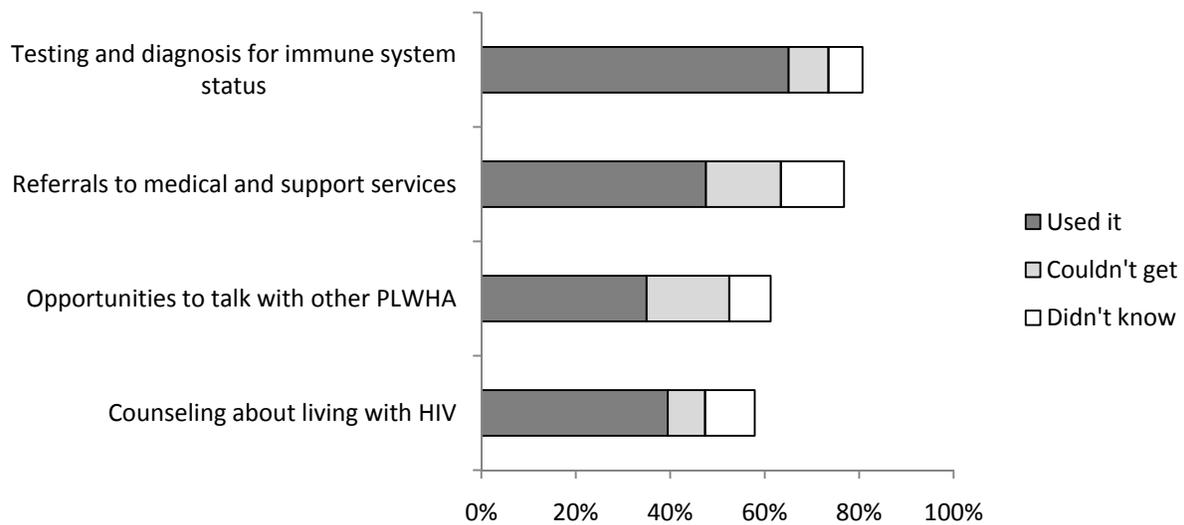


Table 1H.2c: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis, White Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Testing and diagnosis for immune system status	65%	8%	7%	19%	83
Referrals to medical and support services	48%	16%	13%	23%	82
Opportunities to talk with other PLWHA	35%	18%	9%	39%	80
Counseling about living with HIV	39%	8%	11%	42%	76

Figure 1H.2d: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis, White Females

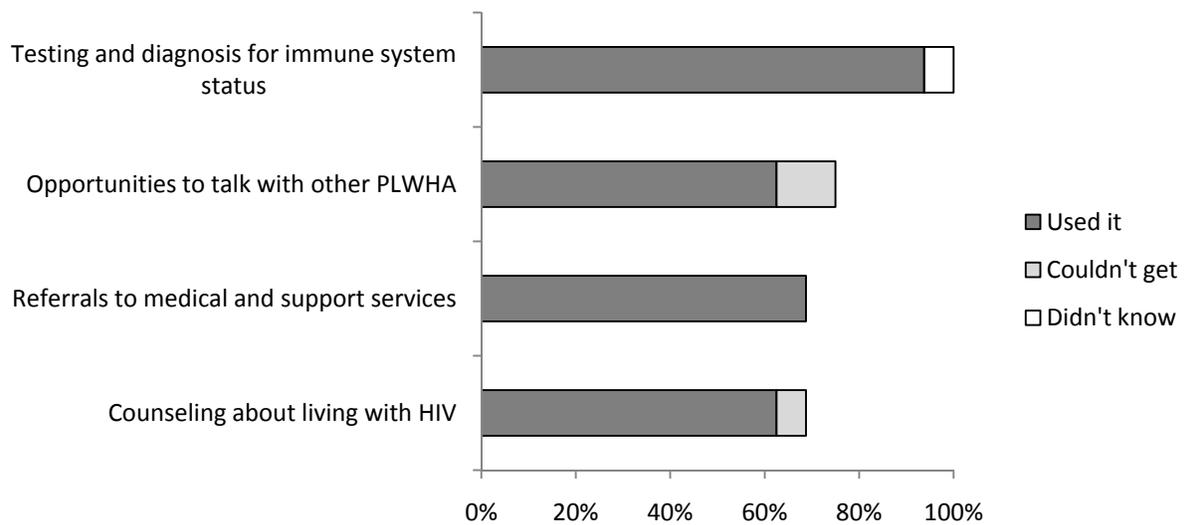
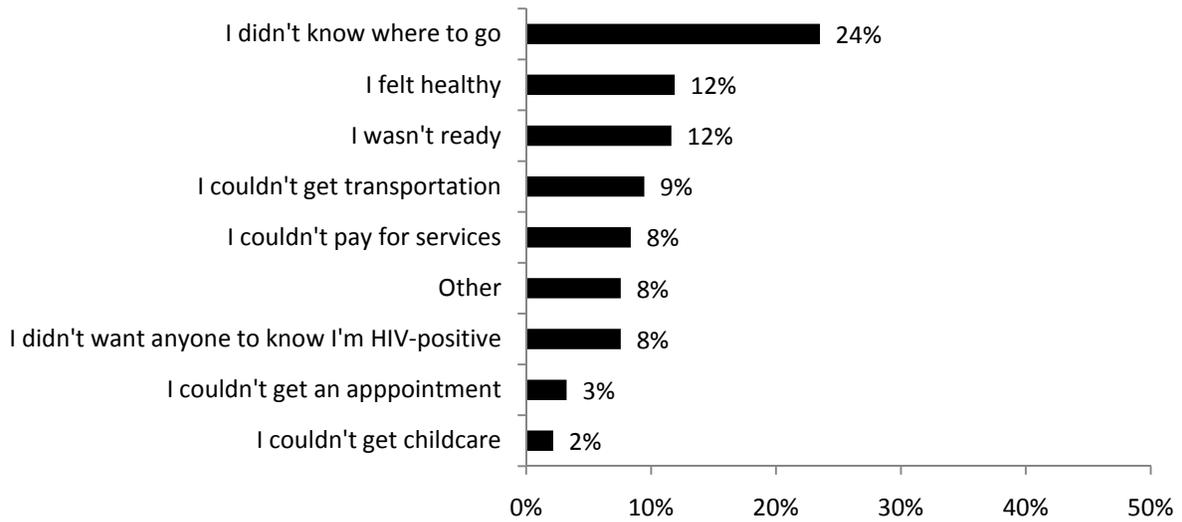


Table 1H.2d: Need and Use of Other HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis, White Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Testing and diagnosis for immune system status	94%	0%	6%	0%	16
Opportunities to talk with other PLWHA	63%	13%	0%	25%	16
Counseling about living with HIV	63%	6%	0%	31%	16
Referrals to medical and support services	69%	0%	0%	31%	16

Figure 1H.3: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Services Early in HIV Diagnosis (N=370)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

I. Support Services

Figure 11.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months

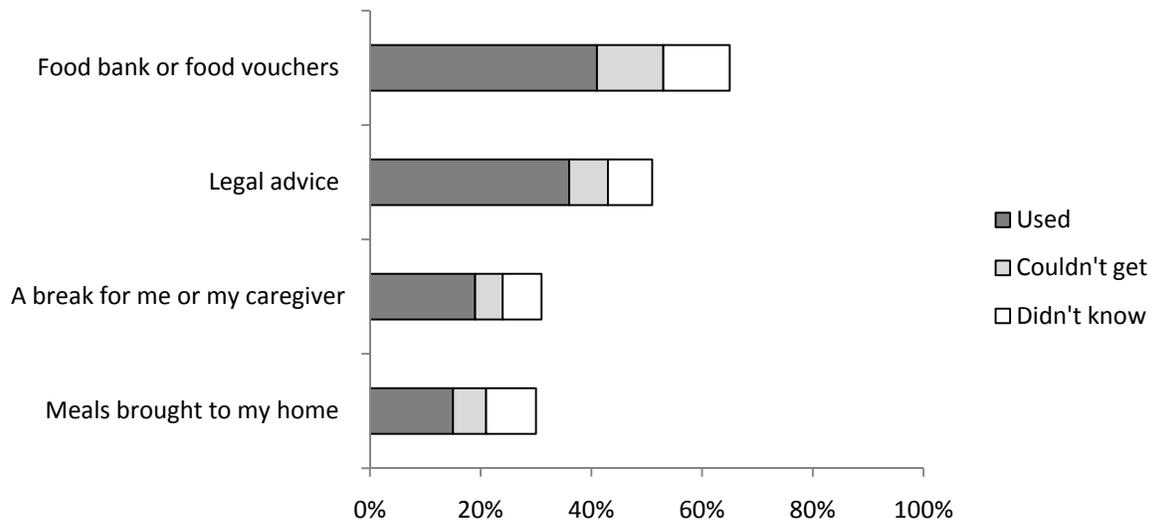


Table 11.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Food bank or food vouchers	41%	12%	12%	36%	443
Legal advice	36%	7%	8%	49%	389
A break for me or my caregiver	19%	5%	7%	69%	362
Meals brought to my home	15%	6%	9%	70%	373

Figure 11.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

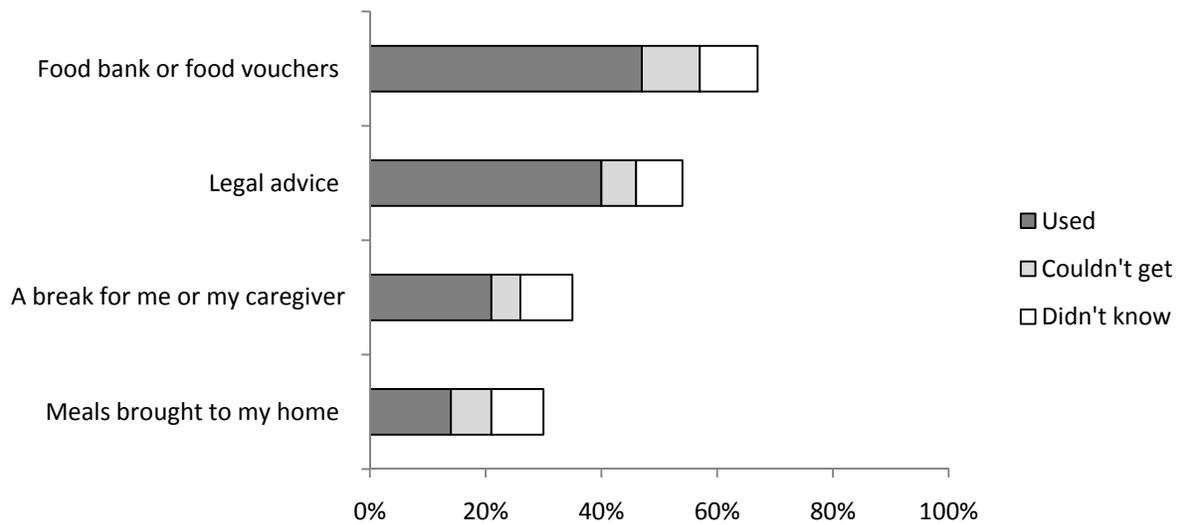


Table 11.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Food bank or food vouchers	47%	10%	10%	33%	163
Legal advice	40%	6%	8%	47%	144
A break for me or my caregiver	21%	5%	9%	65%	132
Meals brought to my home	14%	7%	9%	70%	138

Figure 11.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

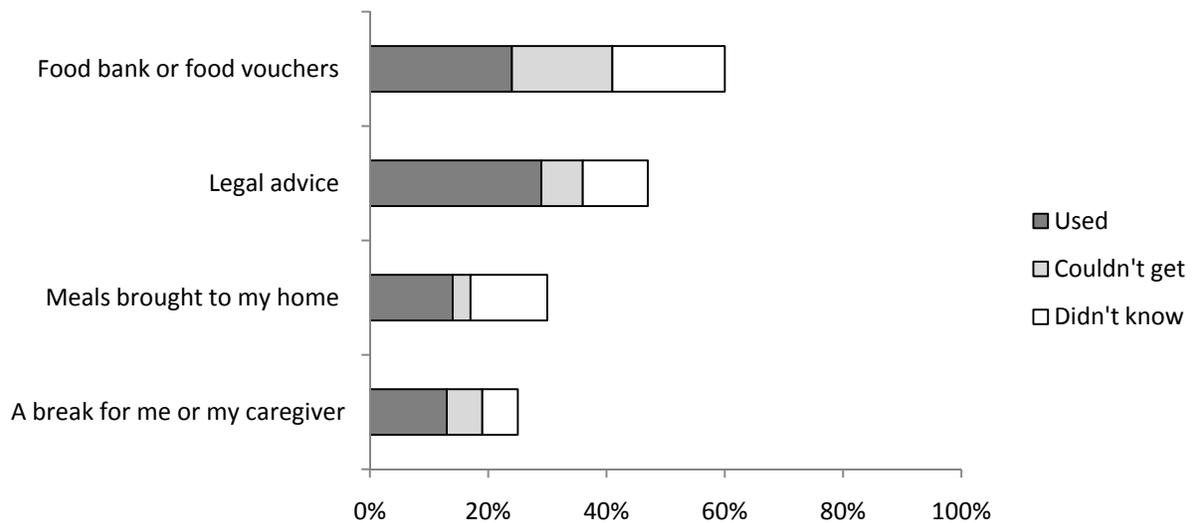


Table 11.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Food bank or food vouchers	24%	17%	19%	40%	108
Legal advice	29%	7%	11%	53%	87
Meals brought to my home	14%	3%	13%	70%	88
A break for me or my caregiver	13%	6%	6%	76%	87

Figure 11.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

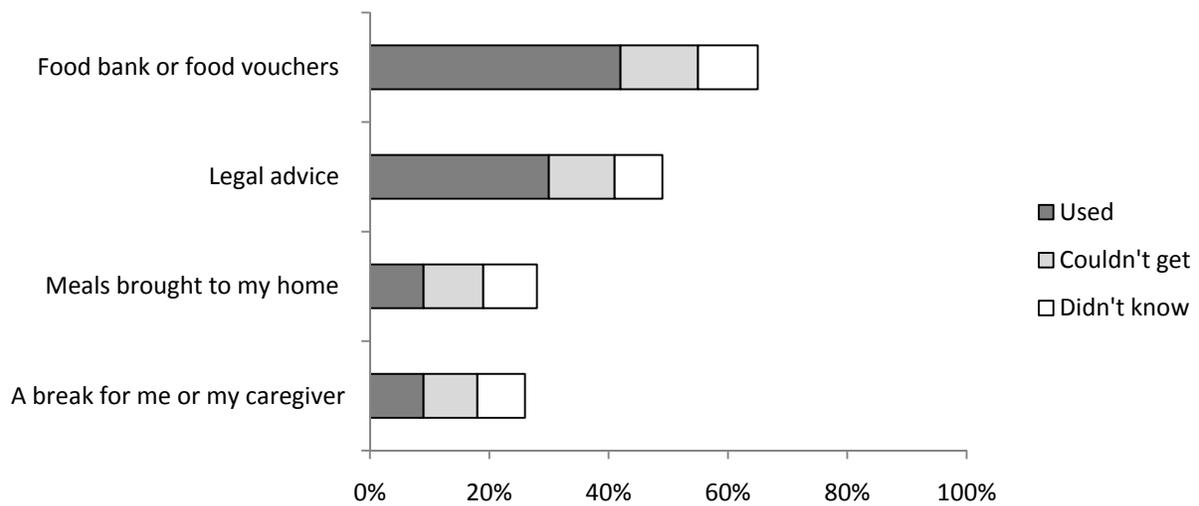


Table 11.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Food bank or food vouchers	42%	13%	10%	35%	80
Legal advice	30%	11%	8%	51%	74
Meals brought to my home	9%	10%	9%	72%	69
A break for me or my caregiver	9%	9%	8%	74%	65

Figure 11.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

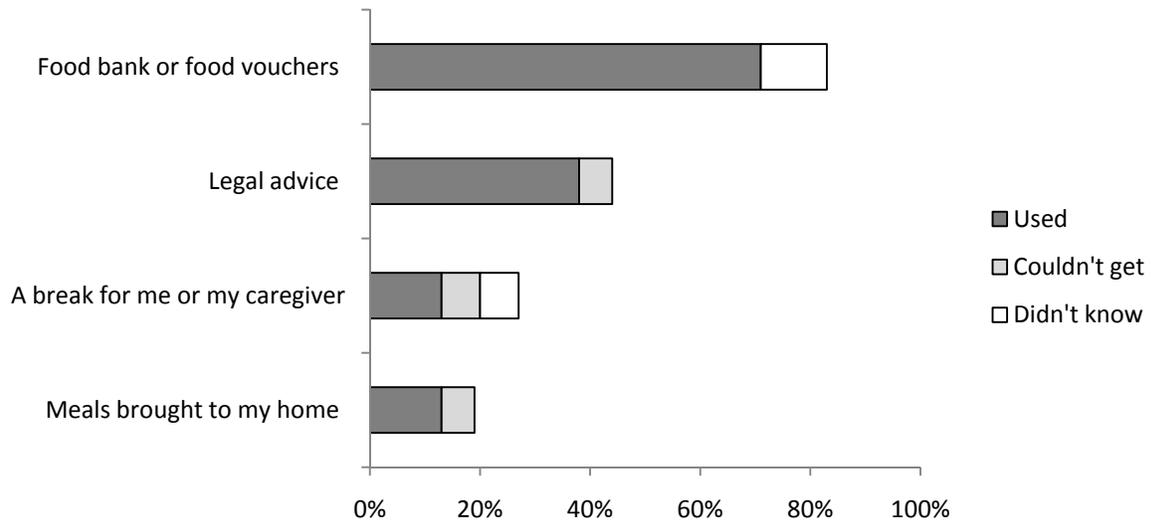
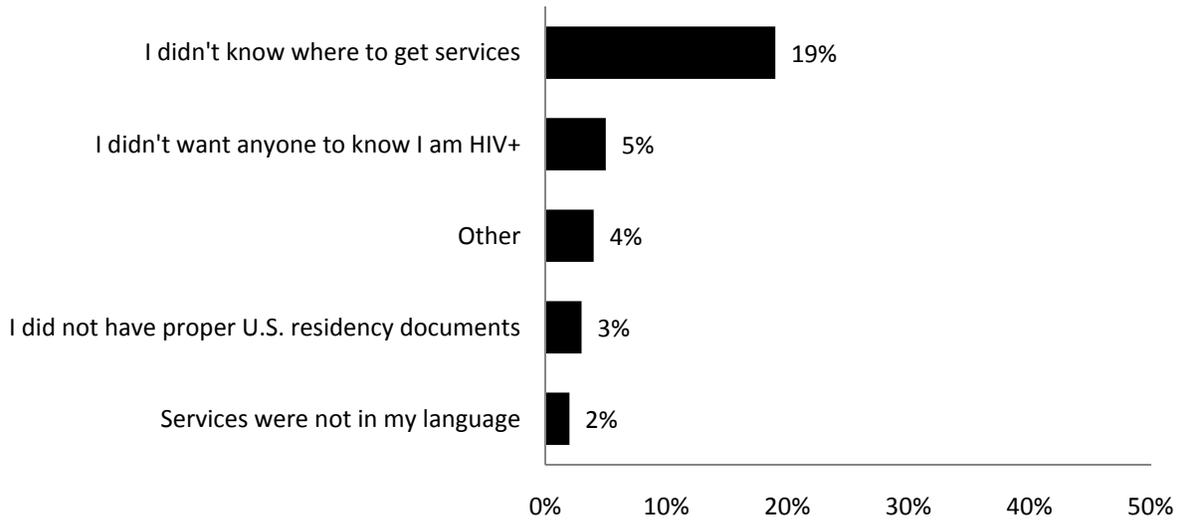


Table 11.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

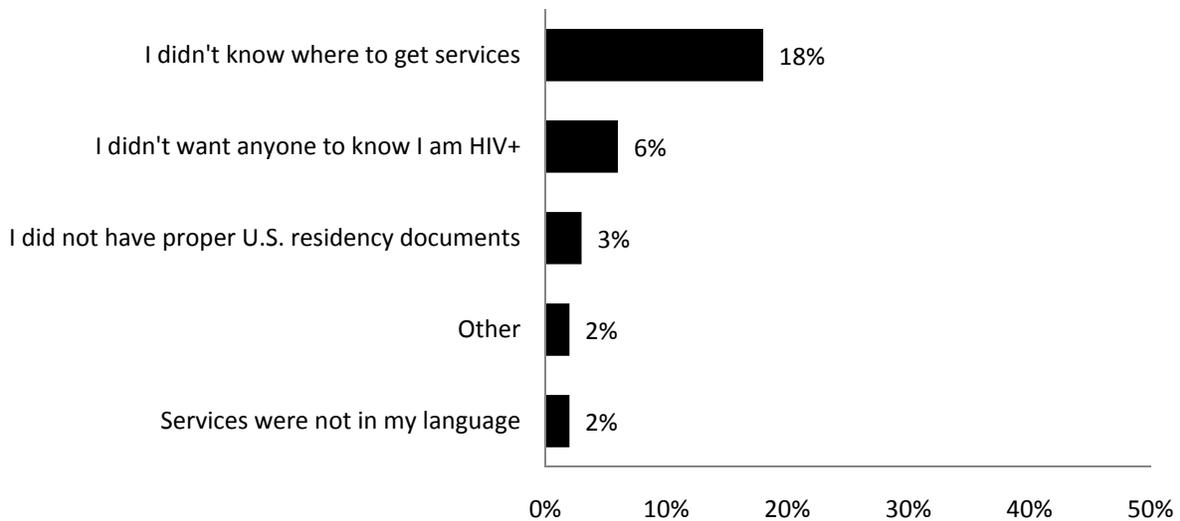
Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Food bank or food vouchers	71%	0%	12%	18%	17
Legal advice	38%	6%	0%	56%	16
A break for me or my caregiver	13%	7%	7%	73%	15
Meals brought to my home	13%	6%	0%	81%	16

Figure 11.2: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months (N=601)



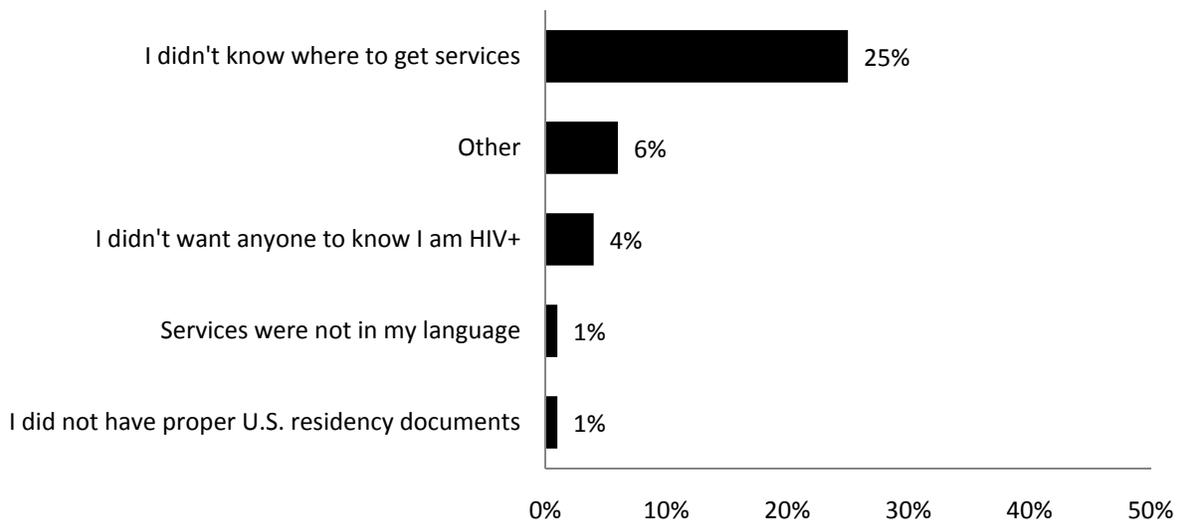
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 11.2a7.1: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males (N=233)



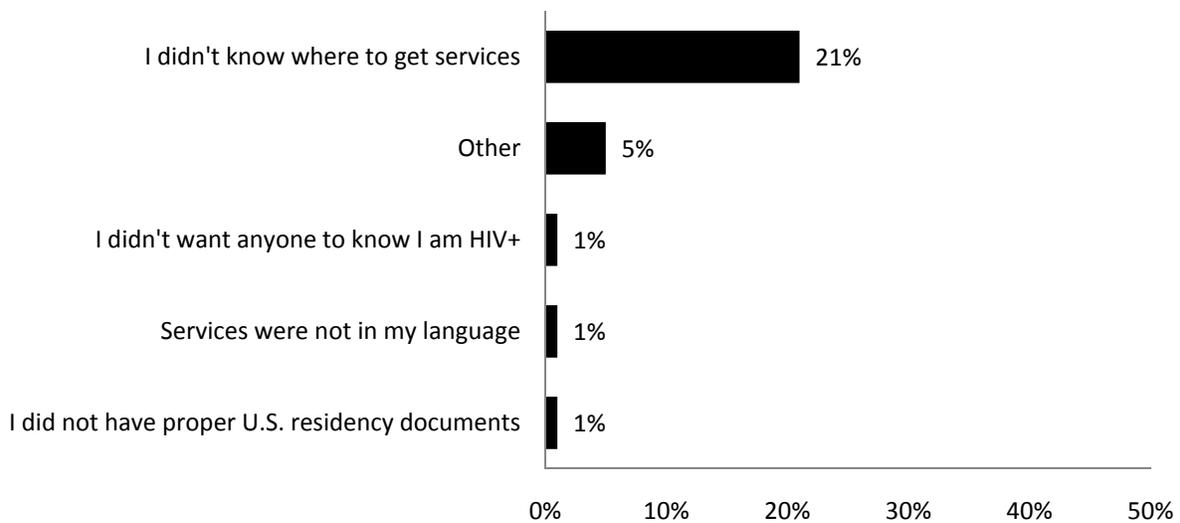
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 11.2b: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females (N=139)



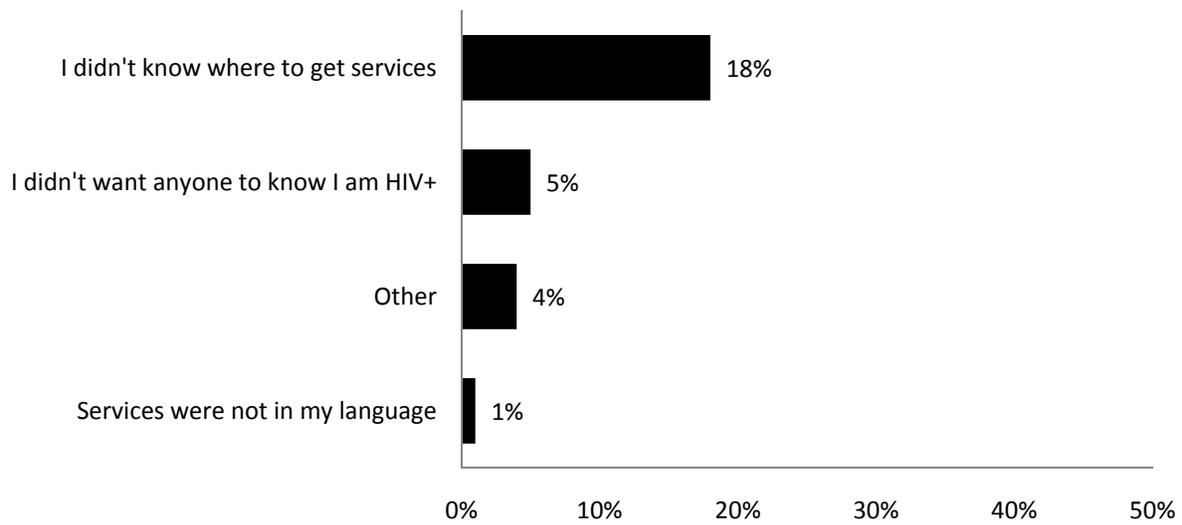
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 11.2c: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, White Males (N=94)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 11.2d: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Support Services in the Last Six Months, White Females (N=105)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%. Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 11.3: Time Between HIV Diagnosis and Disclosure of Status (N=541)

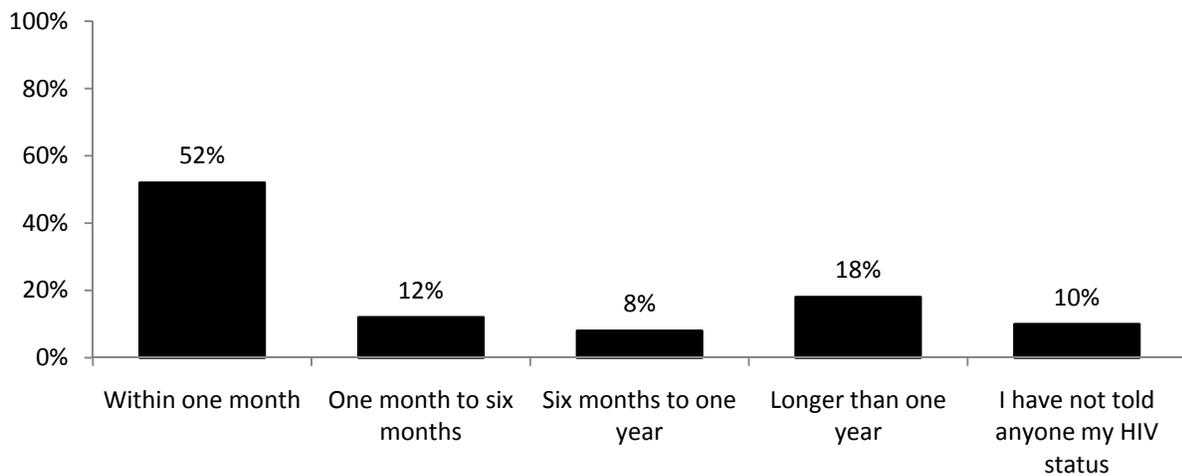
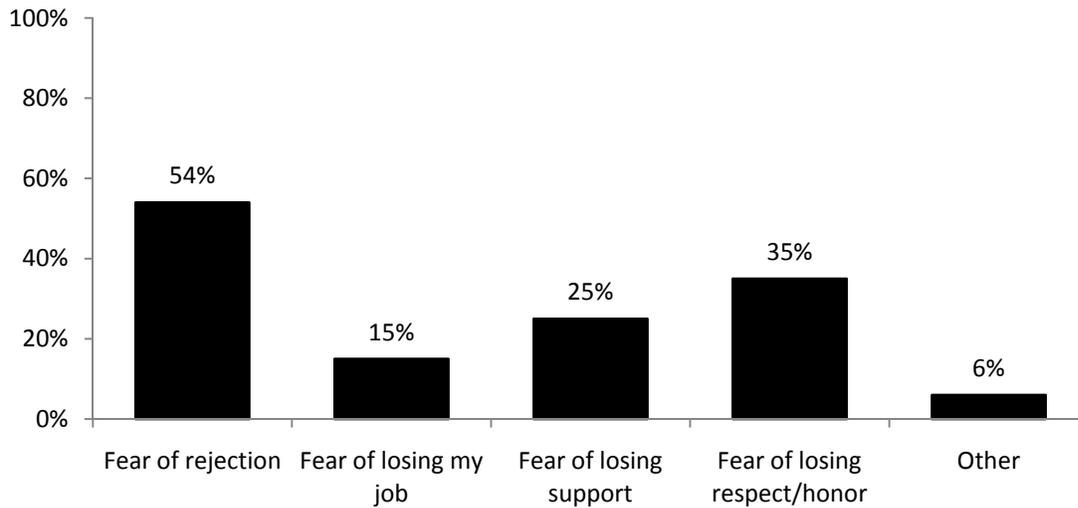
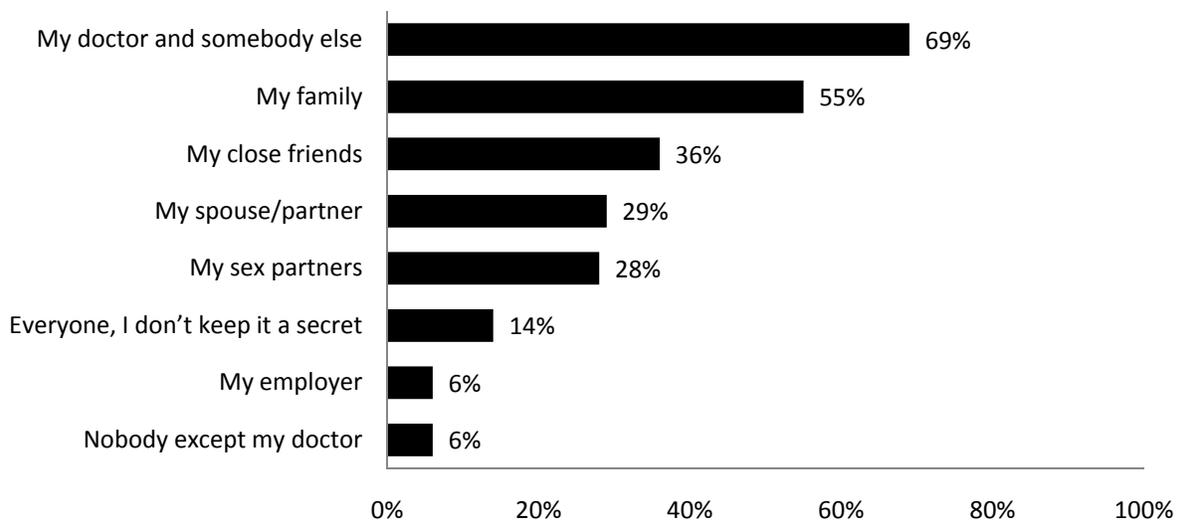


Figure 11.4: Reasons for Not Disclosing HIV Status Earlier (N=434)



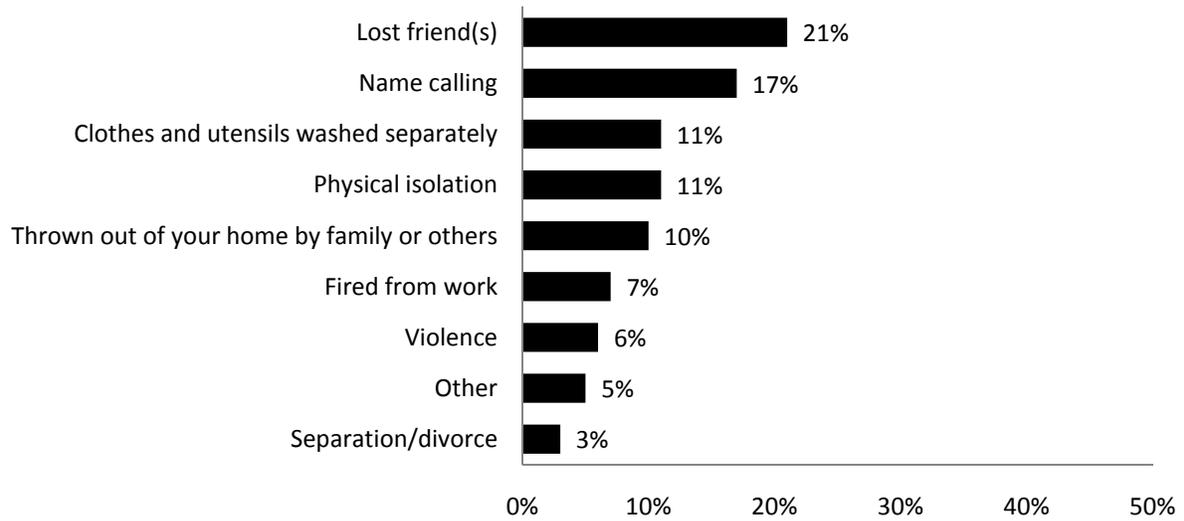
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 11.5: Others Who Know of Respondents' HIV Status (N=601)



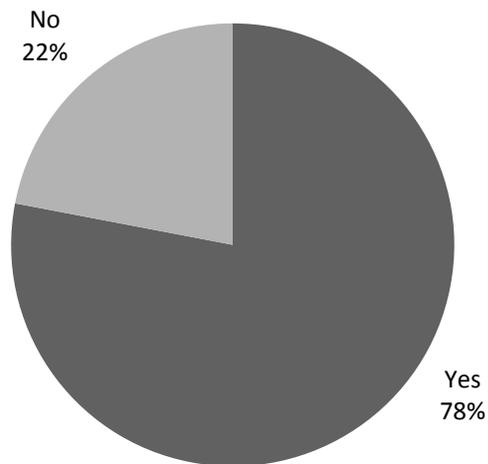
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 11.6: Experienced Negative Reactions After Disclosing HIV Status (N=601)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 11.7: Have Family or Friends for Help (N=529)



J. Positive Prevention

Figure 1J.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months

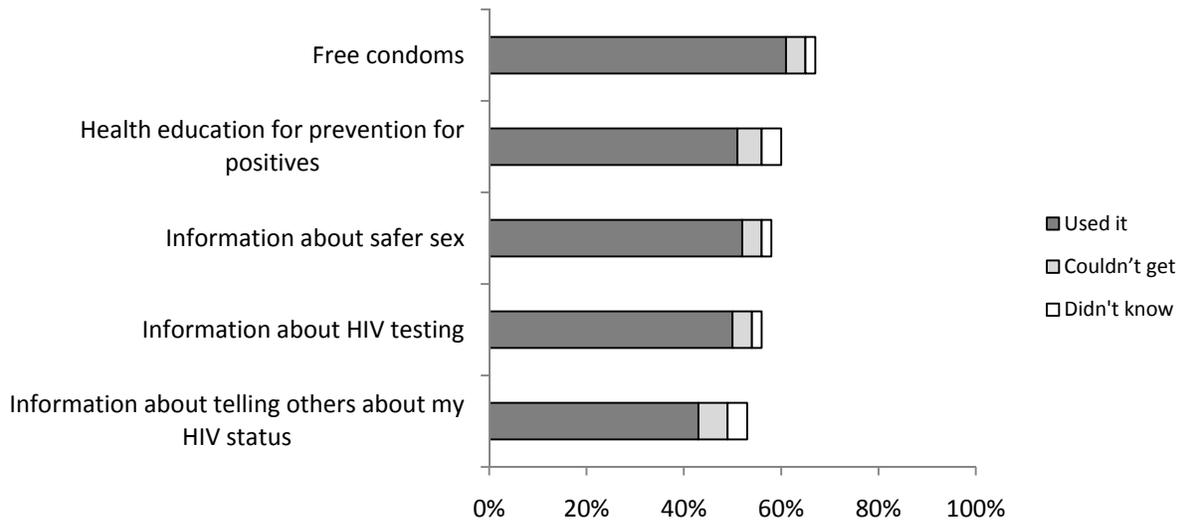


Table 1J.1: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Free condoms	61%	4%	2%	33%	473
Health education for prevention for positives	51%	4%	4%	41%	404
Information about safer sex	52%	4%	2%	42%	421
Information about HIV testing	50%	4%	2%	44%	398
Information about telling others about my HIV status	43%	5%	4%	48%	399

Figure 1J.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

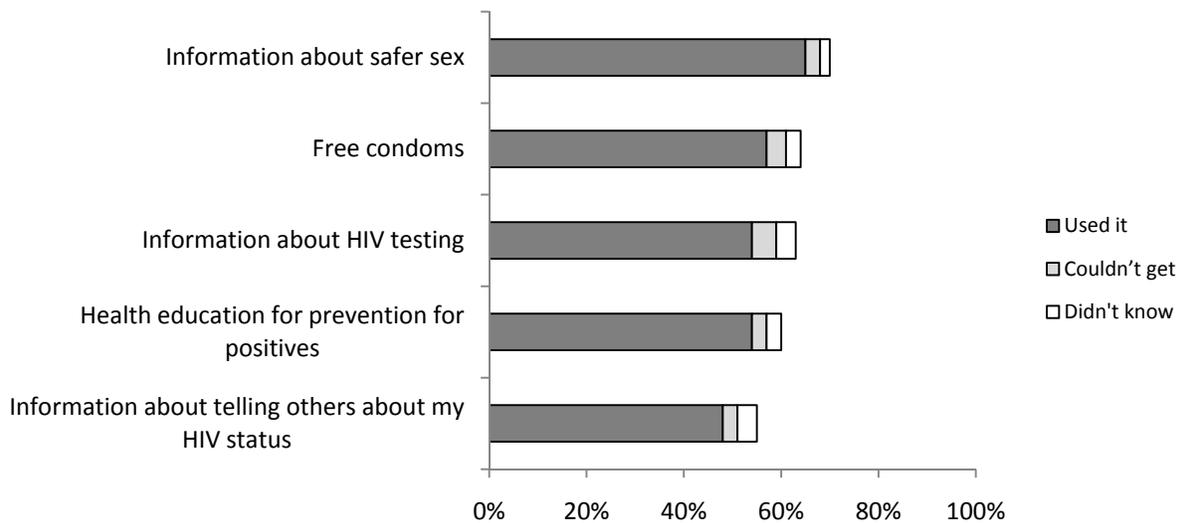


Table 1J.1a: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Free condoms	65%	3%	2%	30%	179
Information about safer sex	57%	4%	3%	37%	156
Information about HIV testing	54%	5%	4%	38%	147
Health education for prevention for positives	54%	3%	3%	40%	149
Information about telling others about my HIV status	48%	3%	4%	44%	145

Figure 1J.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

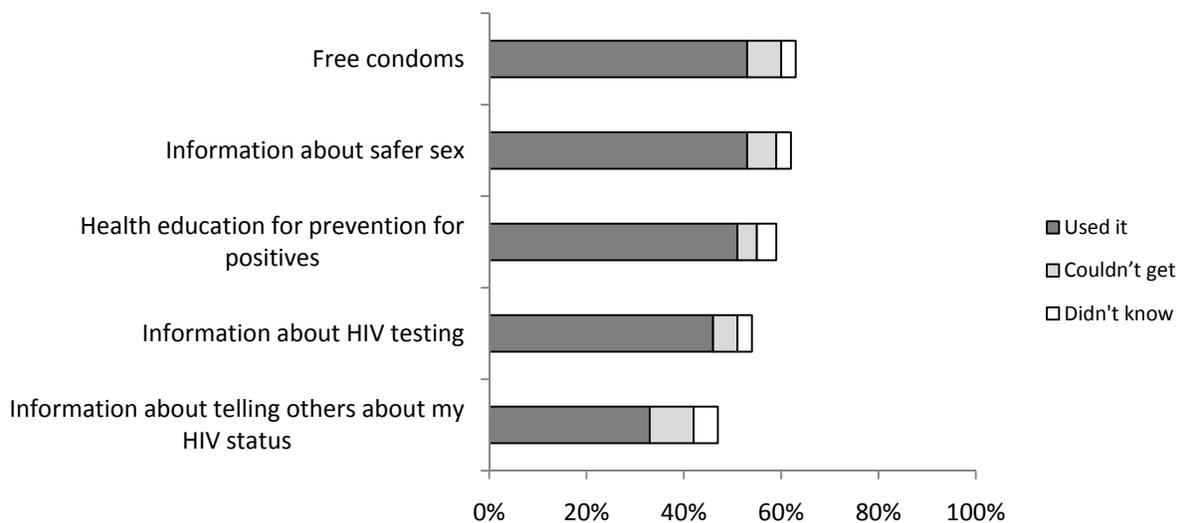


Table 1J.1b: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Free condoms	53%	7%	3%	37%	117
Information about safer sex	53%	6%	3%	38%	100
Health education for prevention for positives	51%	4%	4%	41%	400
Information about HIV testing	46%	5%	3%	45%	91
Information about telling others about my HIV status	33%	9%	5%	53%	93

Figure 1J.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

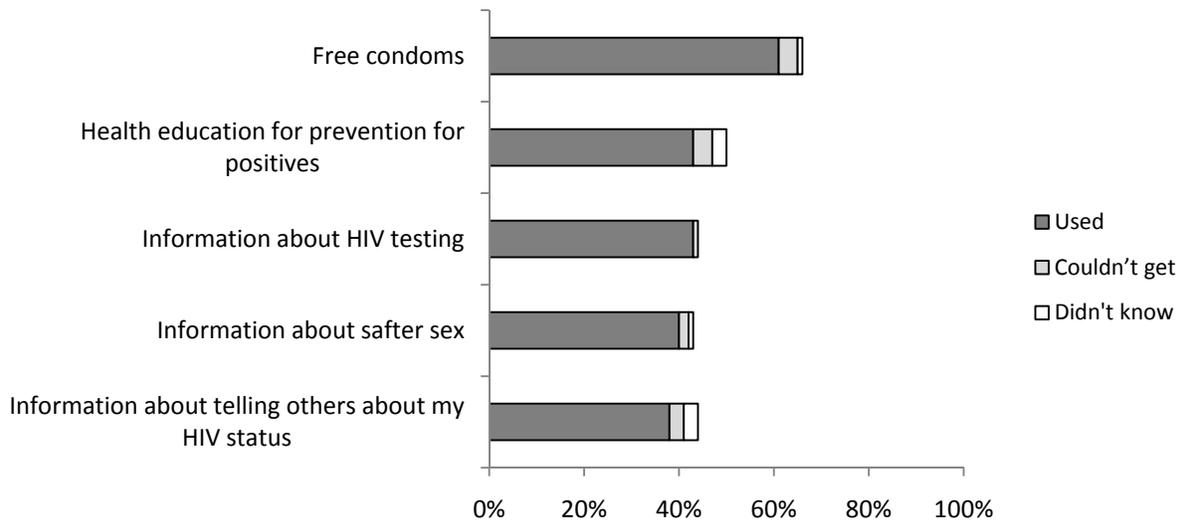


Table 1J.1c: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, White Males

Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Free condoms	61%	4%	1%	35%	84
Health education for prevention for positives	43%	4%	3%	51%	79
Information about HIV testing	43%	1%	0%	56%	77
Information about telling others about my HIV status	38%	3%	3%	57%	79
Information about safer sex	40%	2%	1%	57%	81

Figure 1J.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

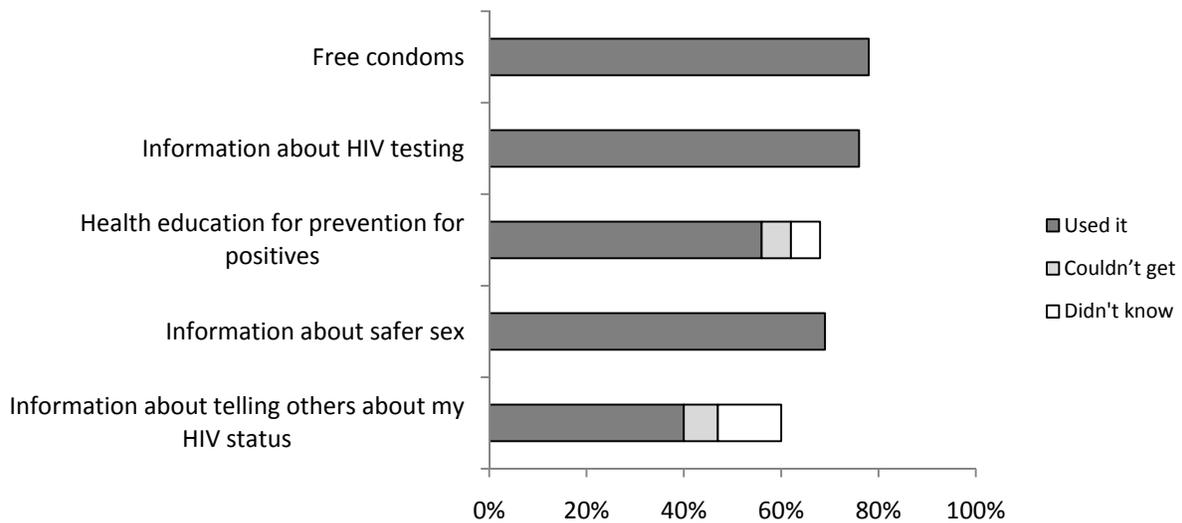
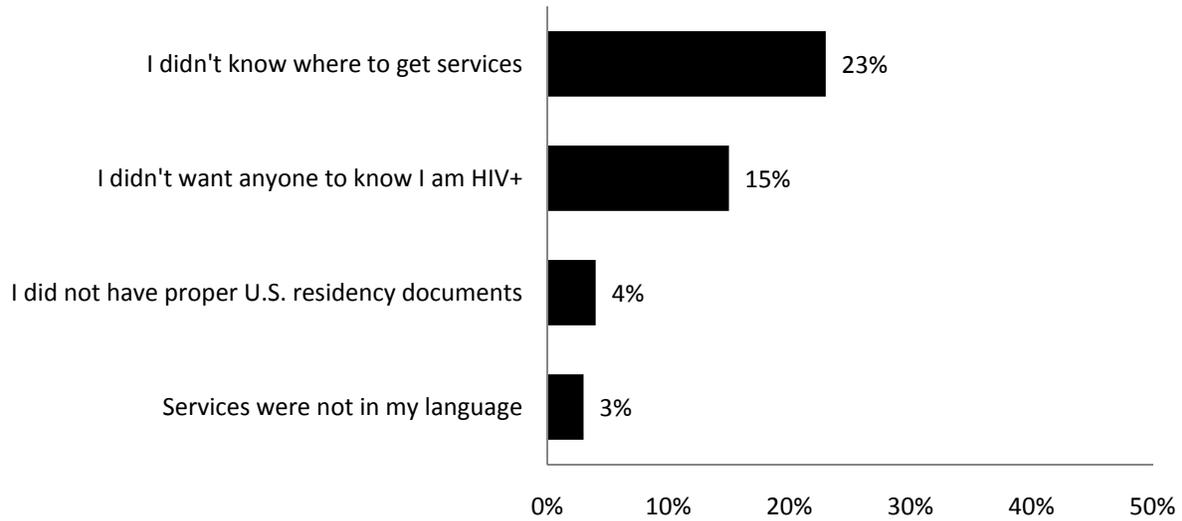


Table 1J.1d: Need and Use of HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, White Females

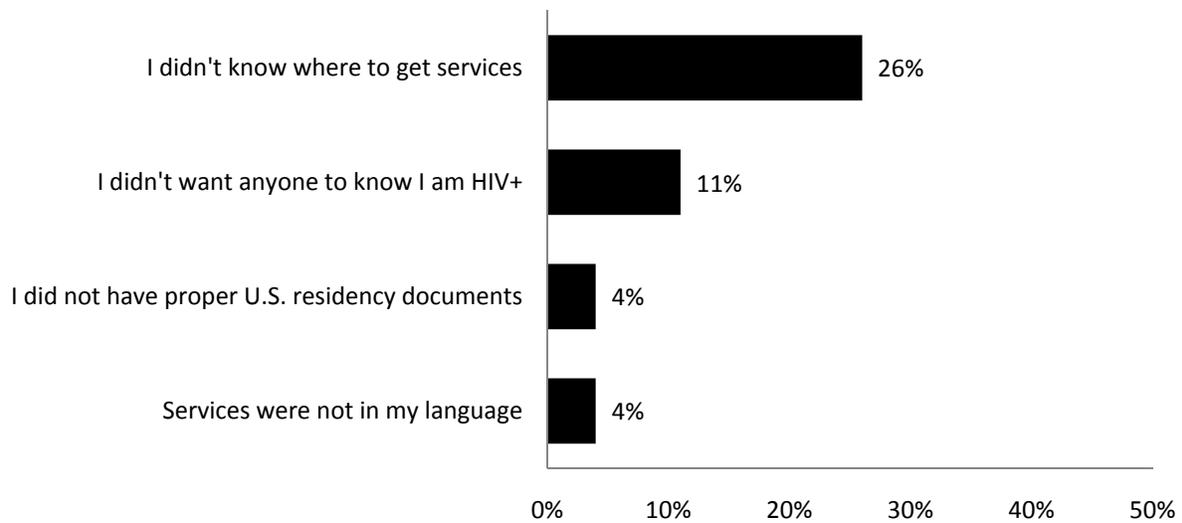
Services	Used service	Couldn't get service	Didn't know about service	Didn't need service	N
Free condoms	78%	0%	0%	22%	18
Information about HIV testing	76%	0%	0%	24%	17
Health education for prevention for positives	56%	6%	6%	31%	16
Information about safer sex	69%	0%	0%	31%	16
Information about telling others about my HIV status	40%	7%	13%	40%	15

Figure 1J.2: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months (N=288)



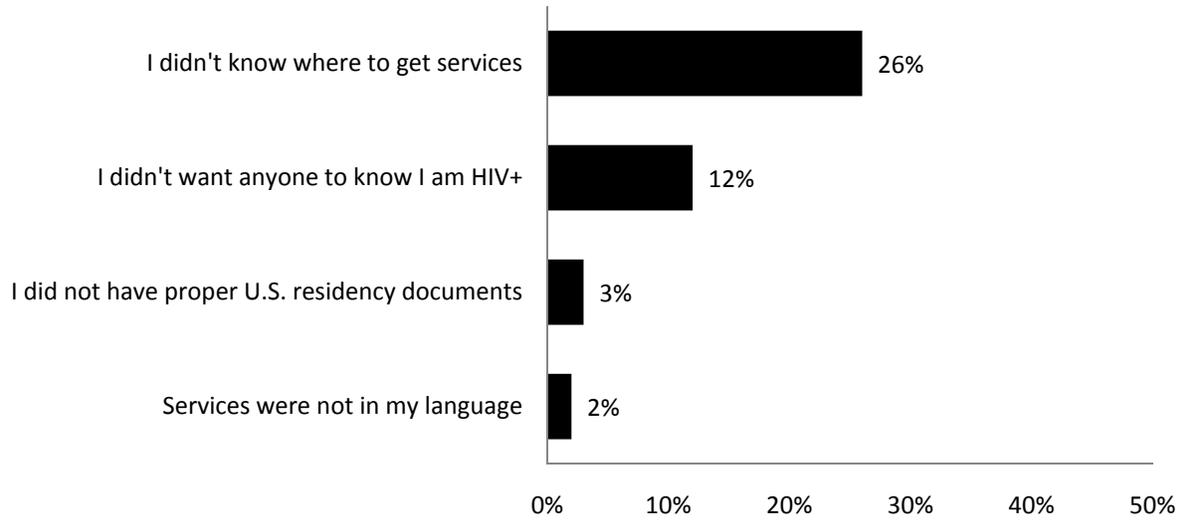
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1J.2a: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Males (N=114)



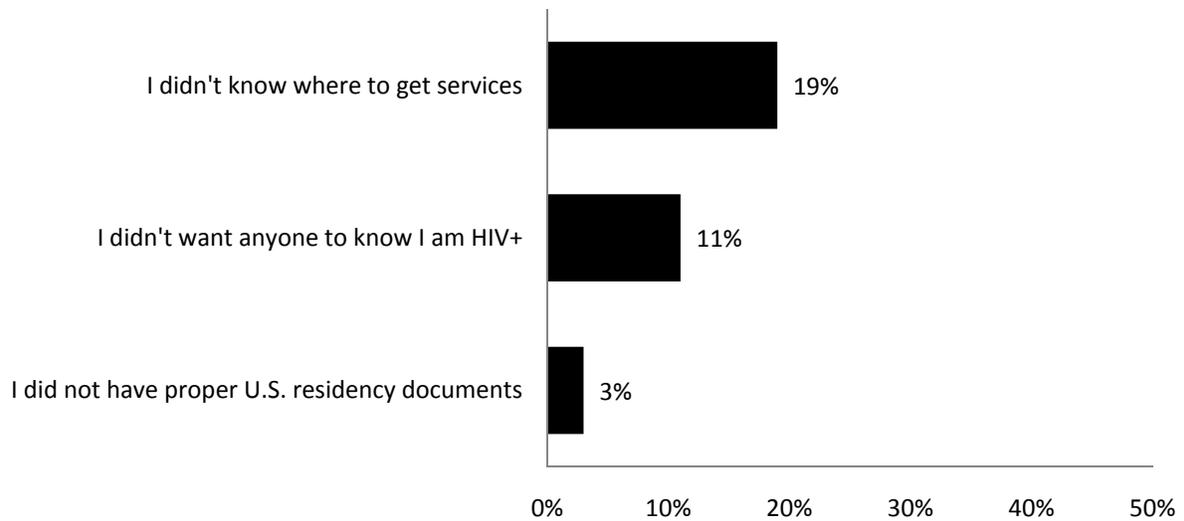
Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1J.2b: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, African-American Females (N=66)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

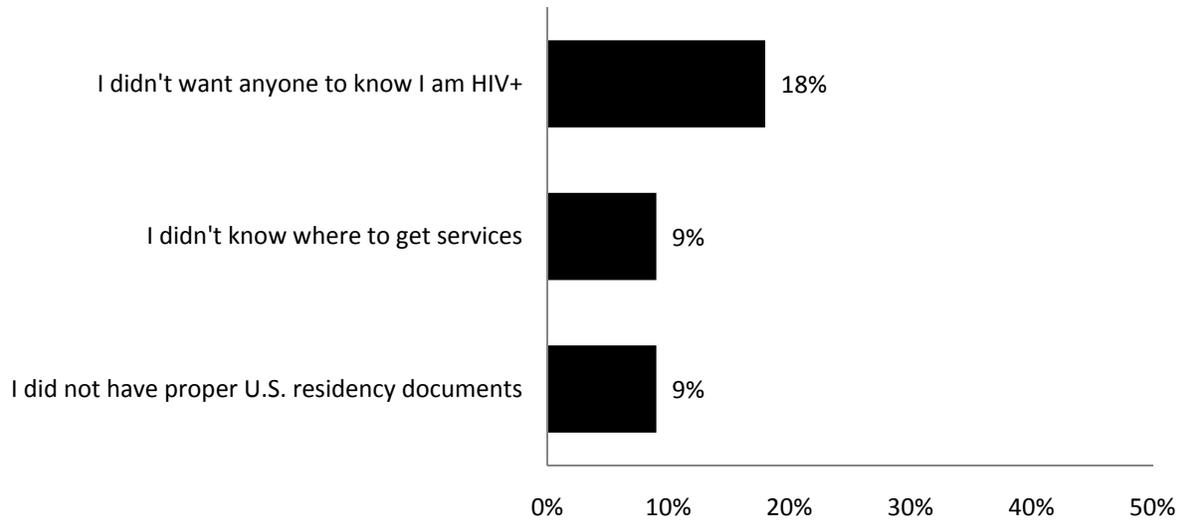
Figure 1J.2c: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, White Males (N=37)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Figure 1J.2d: Barriers to HIV/AIDS-Related Prevention Services in the Last Six Months, White Females (N=11)

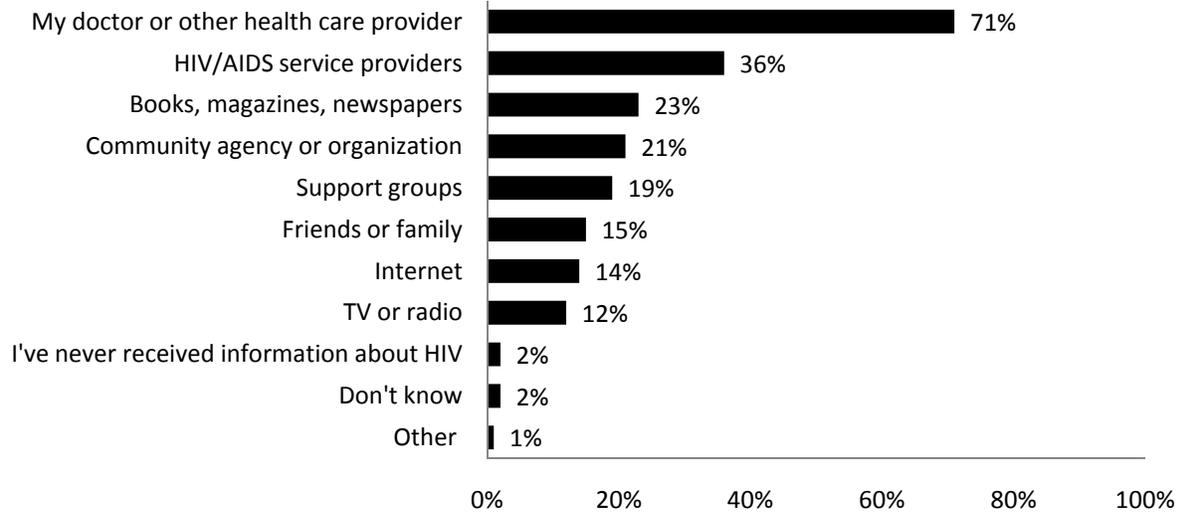


Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Categories reporting 0% response are not included in the figures.

Sources of HIV/AIDS Information

Figure 1J.3: Identified Source of HIV/AIDS information (N=601)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Sexual Behavior in the Last Three Months

Figure 1J.4: Had Sex in Last Three Months (N=520)

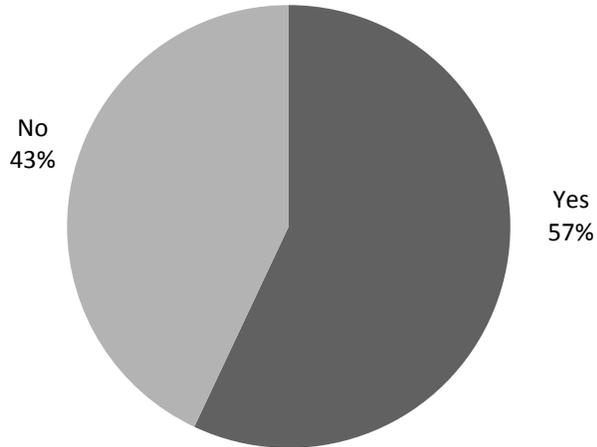


Figure 1J.5: Number of Sex Partners in the Last Three Months (N=285)

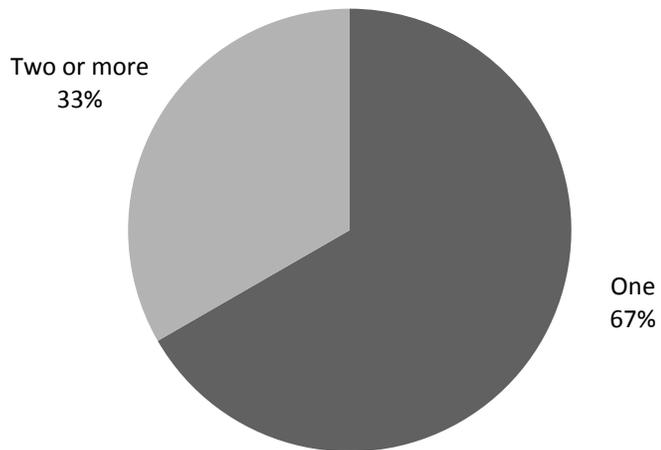


Figure 1J.6: Have Condoms with Them or at Home (N=537)

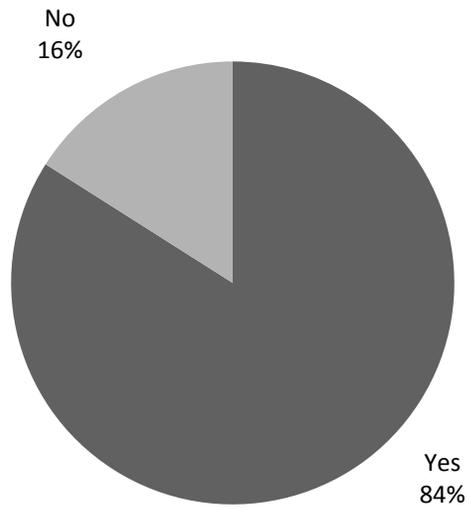


Figure 1J.7: Used Condom Last Time Had Sex in Last Three Months (N=283)

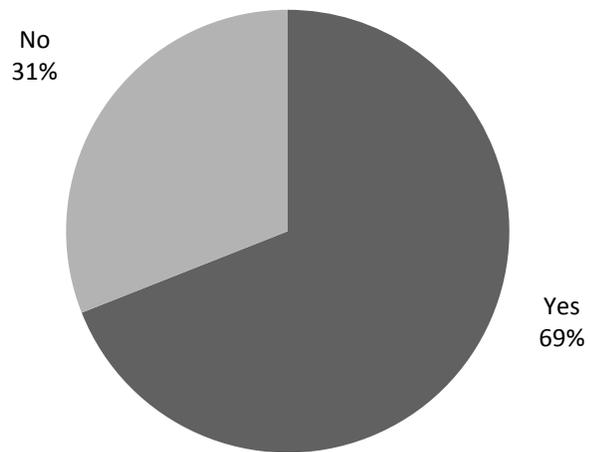


Figure 1J.8a: Condom Use in the Past Three Months with Male Partner (N=192)

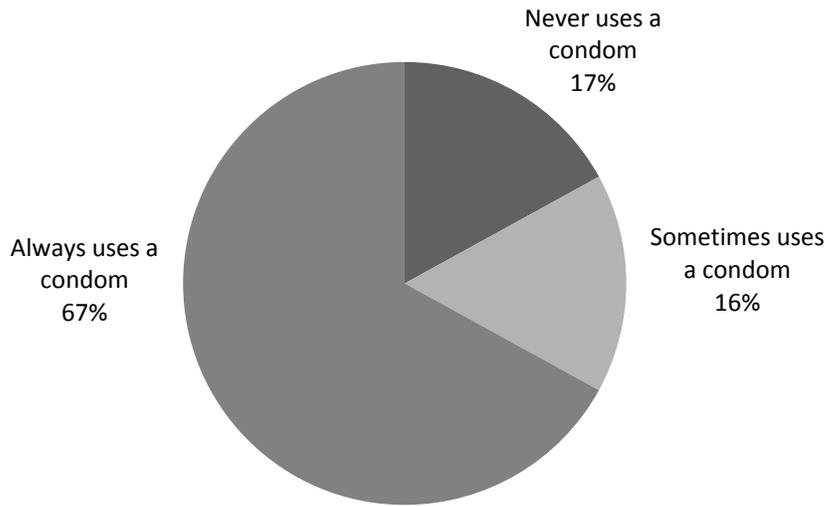


Figure 1J.8b: Condom Use in the Past Three Months with Female Partner (N=70)

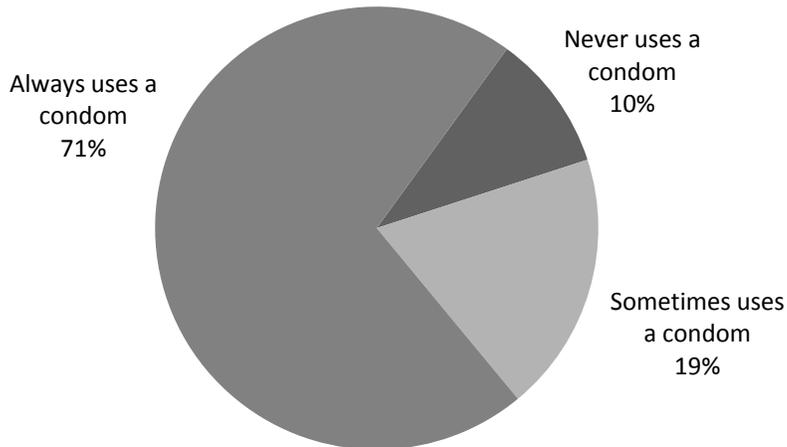


Figure 1J.8c: Condom Use in the Past Three Months with a Partner with Unknown HIV/AIDS Status (N=33)

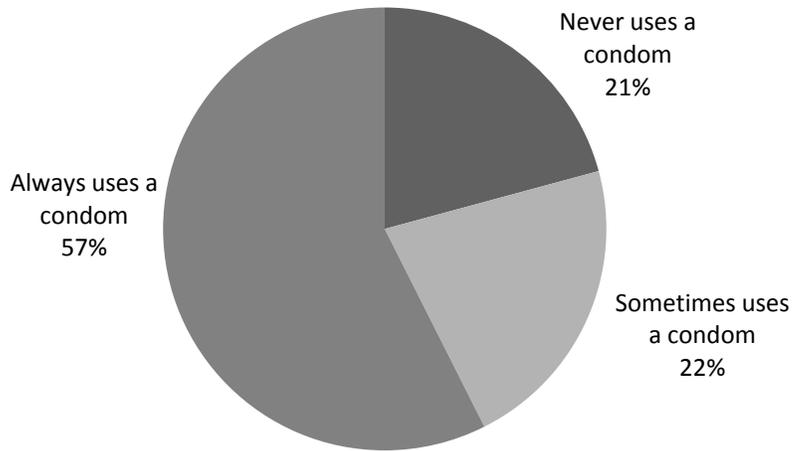


Figure 1J.8d: Condom Use in the Past Three Months with a Partner who Uses Injection Drugs (N=33)

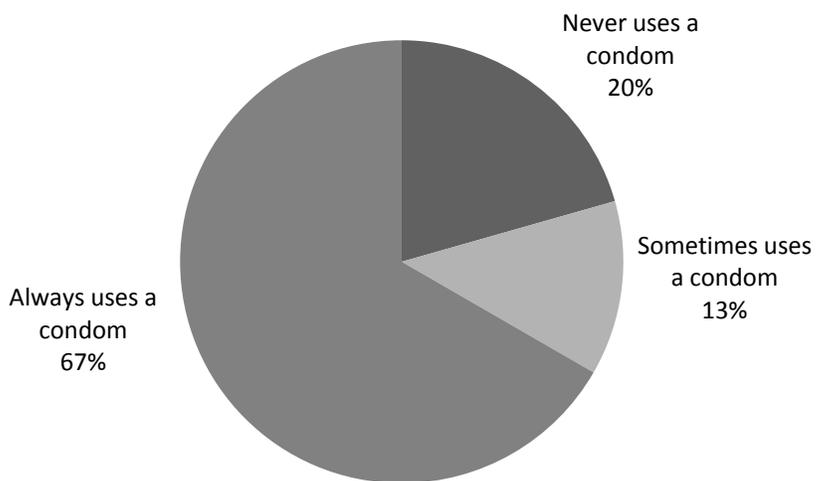


Figure 1J.8e: Condom Use in the Past Three Months When Had Sex in Exchange for Money or Drugs (N=38)

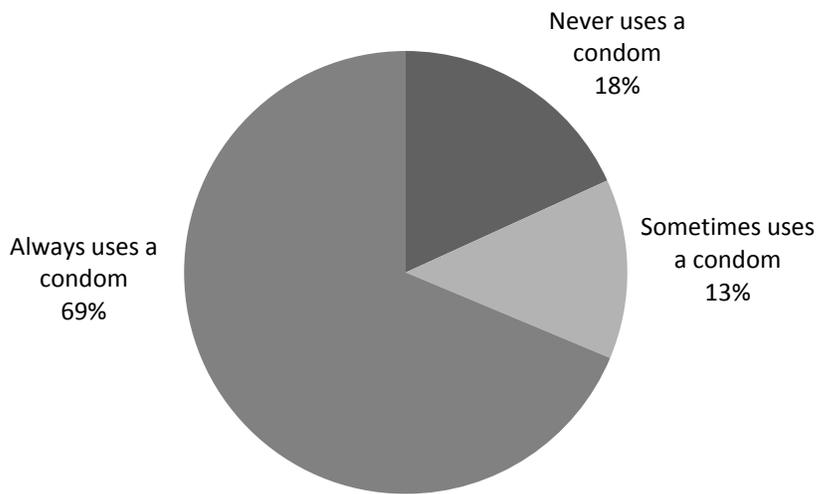


Figure 1J.8f: Condom Use in the Past Three Months While Drunk or High (N=80)

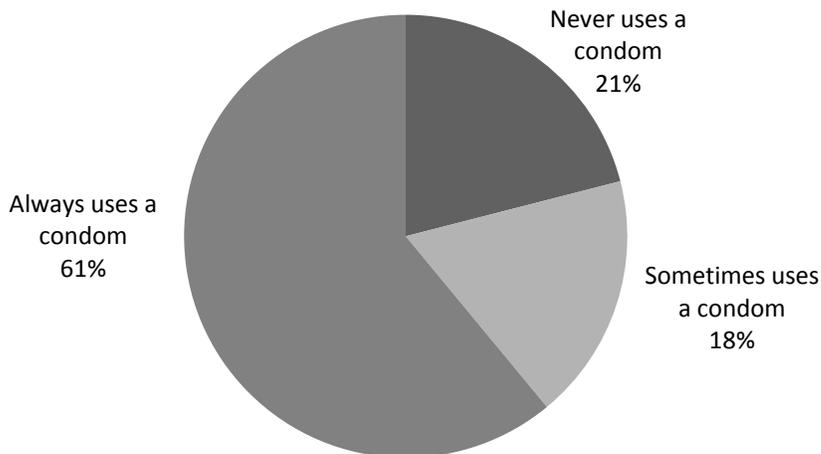
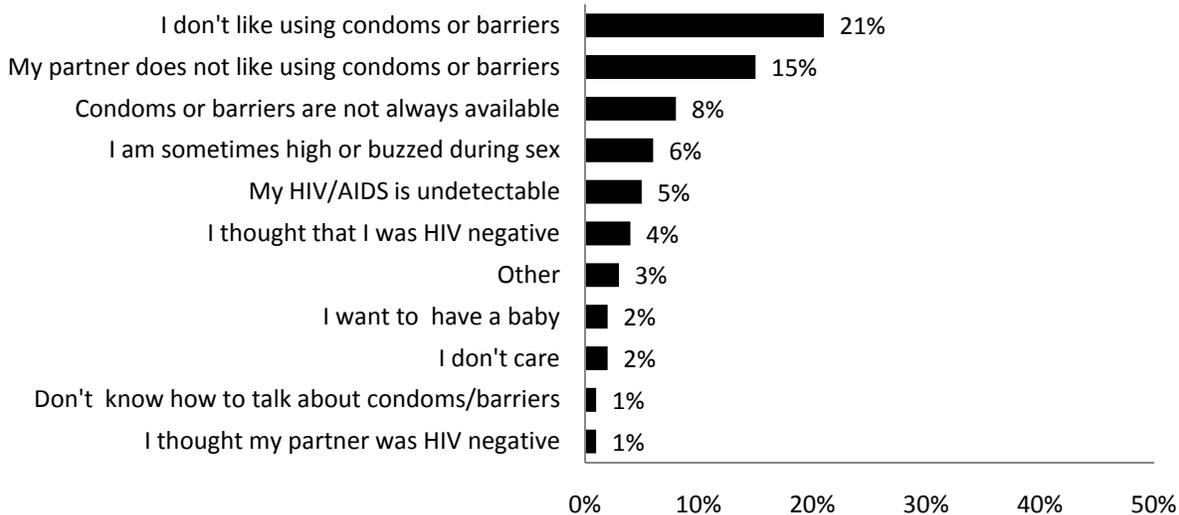


Figure 1J.9: Reasons for Not Using Condoms in the Last Three Months (N=298)



Note: Respondents were permitted to select more than one category, or not answer the question at all; the sum of all categories, therefore, may not meet or may exceed 100%.

Figure 1J.10: Importance That Sexual Partners Have Same HIV/AIDS Status (N=524)

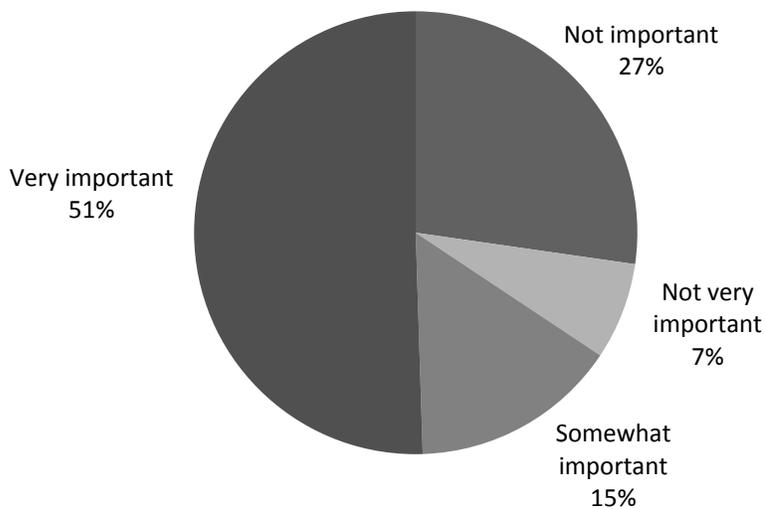
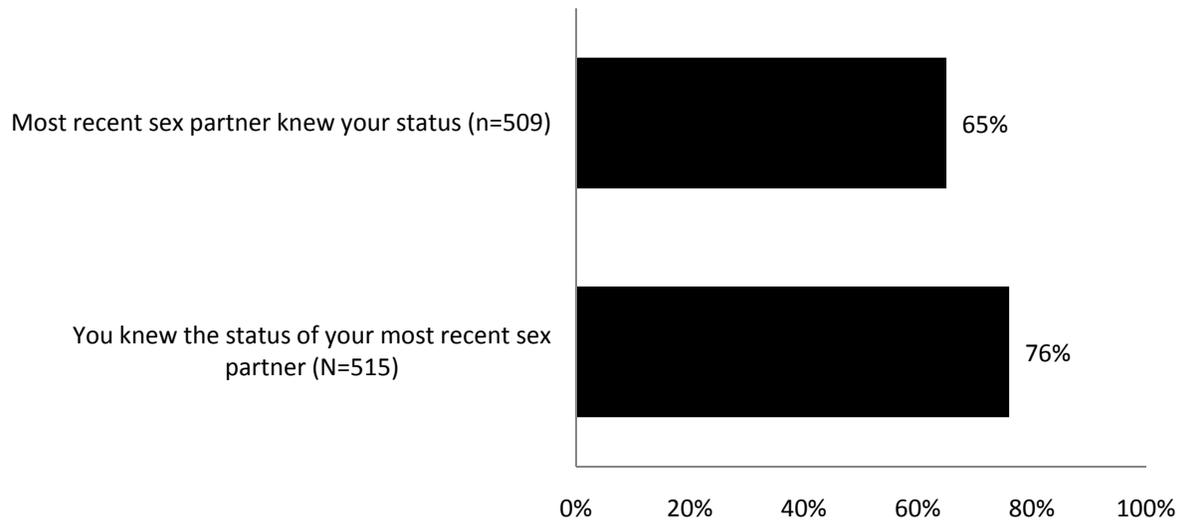


Figure 1J.11: Know HIV Status of My Most Recent Sex Partner



K. Additional Comments

Figure 1K.1: Aware of HIV Planning or Advisory Committee (N=529)

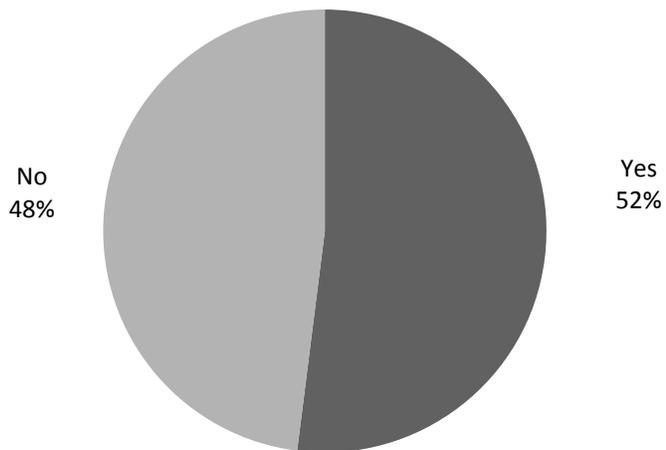


Figure 1K.2: Currently Participate on HIV Planning or Advisory Committee (N=235)

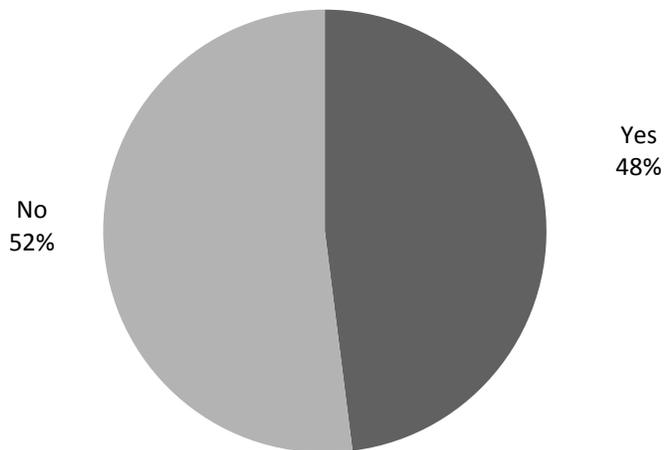
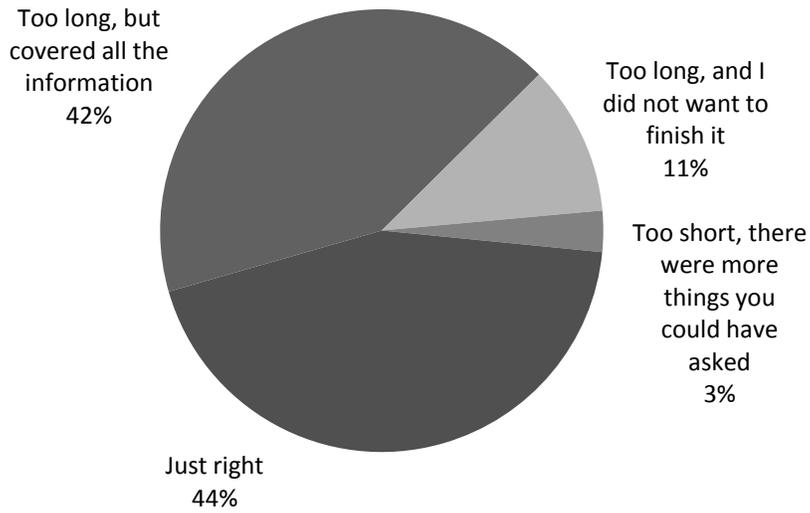


Figure 1K.3: Respondents Opinion on Length of Survey (N=533)



Appendix A – Additional Requested Housing Data

Appendix A. Table 1: Rent Burden by Select Demographic Characteristics

	No rent burden	Rent burden	Severe rent burden	N
All	44%	12%	44%	454
Receiving housing subsidy	21%	14%	15%	434
Race				
African American	46%	14%	40%	296
Caucasian	40%	9%	51%	102
Asian/Pacific Islander	100%	0%	0%	2
Native American	60%	0%	40%	5
Multi-racial	54%	15%	31%	13
Other	22%	6%	72%	18
Hispanic or Latino origin				
Latino	34%	2%	64%	47
Gender				
Male	45%	12%	44%	278
Female	43%	15%	43%	157
Transgender	57%	0%	43%	7
Age groups				
13-19	0%	0%	100%	2
20-24	44%	13%	44%	16
25-29	41%	16%	44%	32
30-34	51%	10%	39%	49
35-39	38%	13%	49%	71
40-44	38%	10%	52%	88
45-49	47%	8%	44%	95
50-54	57%	20%	23%	56
55-59	34%	13%	53%	32
60+	50%	25%	25%	8

Note: As requested and defined by OPH HAP, a rent-burdened individual is any respondent who reports that more than 30%, but less than 51% of their monthly income goes to pay the rent or mortgage. A severely rent-burdened individual is anyone who reports that they pay more than 50% of their monthly income in rent or mortgage payments. A non rent-burdened individual is any responding individual who does not fit into either burdened category. For our purposes here, categories are exclusive. The rent burdened variables are created using average values for each categorical range in question 14 (monthly income) and the continuous value in question 37 (monthly rent).

Appendix A. Table 2: Prevalence of Housing Instability Indicators

Indicator	Percent
At least one night without a place to sleep	41%
Rent burdened	56%
Short tenure	40%
Small rent increase would cause respondent to move	37%

Note: Housing indicators requested and defined by OPH HAP. All indicators are defined as dichotomous variables. Respondents were assigned a value of one if they indicate in question 36 that they had spent at least one night without a place to sleep in the last 12 months and a zero otherwise. The rent burdened variable is created with average values for each categorical range in question 14 (monthly income) and the continuous value in question 37 (monthly rent). Respondents who report that more than 30% of their monthly income goes to their rent are assigned a one and zero otherwise. Short tenure was created using question 32, which asks how long the respondent has been at their recent residence. If the response is six months or less, we assign a value of one and a zero otherwise. The rent increase variable is based on responses provided in question 38. We assign a value of one if a respondent indicates that an increase of \$50 or less would cause them to move, and a zero otherwise. All percentages above report the proportion of positive responses (value of one) within the full responding sample.

Appendix A. Table 3: Number of Housing Instability Indicators

Number of housing instability indicators	N	Percent	Cumulative percent
0	151	25%	25%
1	206	34%	59%
2	151	25%	85%
3	74	12%	97%
4	19	3%	100%
Total	601	100%	

Appendix A. Table 4: Housing Instability by Select Demographic Characteristics

	Housing instability	
	Percent	N
All	75%	601
Race		
African American	75%	397
Caucasian	84%	116
Asian/Pacific Islander	50%	4
Native American	100%	6
Multi-racial	50%	18
Other	68%	25
Hispanic or Latino origin		
Latino	72%	60
Gender		
Male	75%	377
Female	74%	188
Transgender	100%	7
Age groups		
13-19	67%	3
20-24	81%	21
25-29	68%	56
30-34	75%	63
35-39	78%	90
40-44	77%	105
45-49	80%	121
50-54	69%	67
55-59	73%	40
60+	67%	12

Note: As per HAP request, housing instability was defined as any respondent who gave a positive response (value of one) to any one of the indicators identified above in Appendix A. Table 1.